

Converting Colors

YUV(102.1880, -14.8827,
60.3481)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(102.1880, -14.8827, 60.3481)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(102.1880, -14.8827,
60.3481)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AB4948
RGB	171, 73, 72
RGB Percent	67%, 29%, 28%
CMY	0.3294, 0.7137, 0.7176
CMYK	0.00, 0.57, 0.58, 0.33
HSL	1°, 41%, 48%
HSV	1°, 58%, 67%
XYZ	20.3468, 13.8909, 7.7397
YIQ	102.1880, 58.7290, 20.4650

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

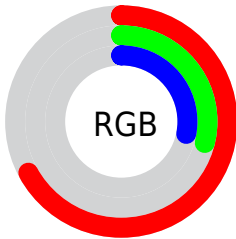
Format	Color
RYB	171, 73, 72
Decimal	11225416
CIELab	44.08, 40.16, 20.73
CIElCh	44, 45.191, 27.305
Yxy	13.8909, 0.4847, 0.3309
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289415496 (0xFFAB4948)
YUV	102.1880, -14.8827, 60.3481
Hunter-Lab	37.2705, 32.2240, 13.7770

Details

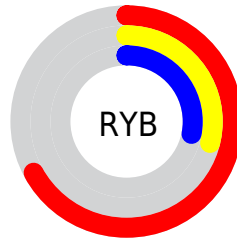
The YUV color **102.1880, -14.8827, 60.3481** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993333**. A complement of this color would be **140.8120, 14.8827, -60.3481**, and the grayscale version is **102.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **155.8250, -17.6617, 65.0515**, and **49.1320, -9.9251, 56.8892** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **90.2710, -17.3886, 70.7993**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **114.1050, -12.3768, 49.8969**.

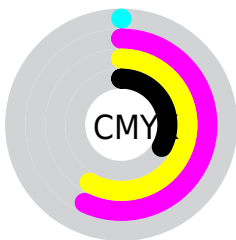
Distribution



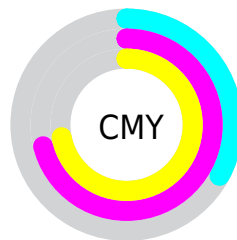
- Red (67%)
- Green (29%)
- Blue (28%)



- Red (67%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Blue (28%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Black (33%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (71%)
- Yellow (72%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 102.1880, -14.8827, 60.3481 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 102.1880, -14.8827, 60.3481 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 102.1880,
-14.8827, 60.3481

■ 102.1880,
-14.8827, 60.3481

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 75.7470, -12.6933,
58.1039

■ 155.8250,
-17.6617, 65.0515

■ 49.1320, -9.9251,
56.8892

■ 182.1130,
-17.8037, 63.9219

■ 26.1700, -10.9298,
52.4709

■ 201.0400,
-13.8237, 47.3229

■ 17.6410, -8.6970,
36.2718

■ 220.5540,
-10.1331, 30.2091

■ 8.4860, -3.6906,
17.1138

■ 240.7690, -6.2951,
12.4806

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 102.1880,
-14.8827, 60.3481

■ 102.1880,
-14.8827, 60.3481

■ 90.2710, -17.3886,
70.7993

■ 114.1050,
-12.3768, 49.8969

■ 78.3540, -19.8945,
81.2505

■ 126.0220, -9.8708,
39.4457

■ 66.4370, -22.4004,
91.7018

■ 137.9390, -7.3649,
28.9945

■ 54.5200, -24.9064,
102.1530

■ 149.8560, -4.8590,
18.5433

■ 52.3030, -25.7854,
104.0973

■ 161.7730, -2.3531,
8.0921

■ 173.8040, 0.5896,
-2.4591

■ 185.1340, 3.3849,
-12.3955

■ 197.0510, 5.8909,

-22.8467

■ 208.9680, 8.3968,
-33.2979

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



103.4600, 2.7312, 57.4786



102.1880, -14.8827, 60.3481



102.0880, -30.1164, 46.4038

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



102.1880, -14.8827, 60.3481



87.9840, -12.8101, -44.7130



84.3890, 46.6432, -74.0092

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



102.1880, -14.8827, 60.3481



140.8120, 14.8827, -60.3481

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



88.3040, 38.7971, -77.4426



102.1880, -14.8827, 60.3481



82.9000, 7.9373, -72.7033

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



102.1880, -14.8827, 60.3481



96.3020, -31.7009, -5.5269



87.3460, 24.9724, -76.6024



105.4470, 32.3176, -5.6540

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



102.1880, -14.8827, 60.3481



100.8660, -36.9089, 31.6895



87.3460, 24.9724, -76.6024



86.5090, 44.6121, -75.8684

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



102.1880, -14.8827, 60.3481



195.9490, -5.8909, 22.8467



112.8870, 28.6497, 50.9651



96.5780, -3.2430, 13.5251



240.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



112.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



102.1880, -14.8827, 60.3481



115.3340, -22.8427, 93.5461



130.3640, -28.7735, 35.6378



80.6910, -1.3267, 5.5330



46.0240, -22.6898, 91.1870



6.8770, -3.3904, 14.1399

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



140.8120, 14.8827, -60.3481



175.0790, 23.1321, -93.0313



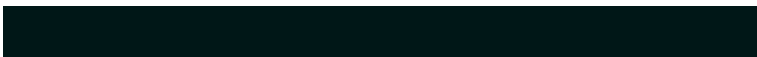
112.0490, 29.0628, -35.1230



84.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330



104.5630, 22.4004, -91.7018



16.1230, 3.3904, -14.1399

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 102.1880, -14.8827, 60.3481 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 102.1880, -14.8827, 60.3481 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 102.1880, -14.8827, 60.3481

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 102.1880, -14.8827, 60.3481.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 102.1880, -14.8827, 60.3481.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

102.1880, -14.8827, 60.3481

Protanopia

104.6280, -9.1836, 5.5882

Deuteranopia

104.0120, -18.2469, 19.2835



Tritanopia

102.1710, -12.4093, 60.3630

Trichromacy



Original Color

102.1880, -14.8827, 60.3481

Protanomaly

103.5920, -11.1379, 25.7908

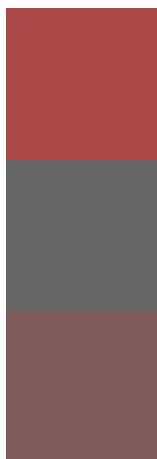
Deuteranomaly

103.1540, -16.8379, 34.0679

Tritanomaly

101.9430, -13.2829, 60.5630

Monochromacy



Original Color

102.1880, -14.8827, 60.3481

Achromatopsia

102.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

101.7640, -5.3067, 22.1320

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 102.1880, -14.8827, 60.3481 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(171, 73, 72)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(171, 73, 72)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(171, 73, 72) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(171, 73, 72) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 102.1880, -14.8827, 60.3481 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(171, 73, 72) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(171, 73, 72) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(171, 73, 72) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(171, 73, 72); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 73, 72);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 73,  
72) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 102.1880, -14.8827, 60.3481 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(171, 73, 72) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(171, 73,  
72) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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