

Converting Colors

YUV(102.5230, -13.5688,
-34.6617)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(102.5230, -13.5688, -34.6617)
contains.

YUV(102.5230, -13.5688, -34.6617)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YUV(102.5230, -13.5688,
-34.6617)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3F804B
RGB	63, 128, 75
RGB Percent	25%, 50%, 29%
CMY	0.7529, 0.4980, 0.7059
CMYK	0.51, 0.00, 0.41, 0.50
HSL	131°, 34%, 37%
HSV	131°, 51%, 50%
XYZ	11.0391, 17.0031, 9.3567
YIQ	102.5230, -21.7270, -30.2630

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

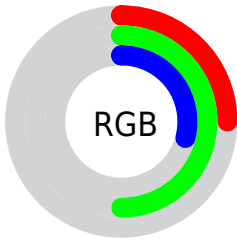
Format	Color
RYB	63, 118, 128
Decimal	4161611
CIELab	48.26, -33.05, 22.54
CIElCh	48, 40.005, 145.703
Yxy	17.0031, 0.2952, 0.4546
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282351691 (0xFF3F804B)
YUV	102.5230, -13.5688, -34.6617
Hunter-Lab	41.2348, -24.3743, 15.4107

Details

The YUV color **102.5230, -13.5688, -34.6617** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336633**. A complement of this color would be **88.4770, 13.5688, 34.6617**, and the grayscale version is **103.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **154.7680, -15.1686, -34.8765**, and **49.8040, -9.7634, -41.9241** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **97.4960, -16.0205, -41.6540**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **107.5500, -11.1171, -27.6693**.

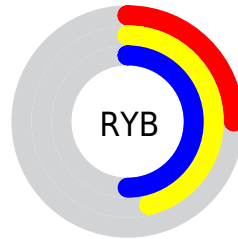
Distribution



Red (25%)

Green (50%)

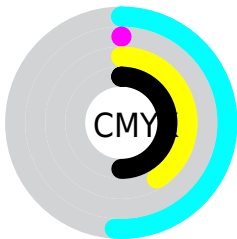
Blue (29%)



Red (25%)

Yellow (46%)

Blue (50%)

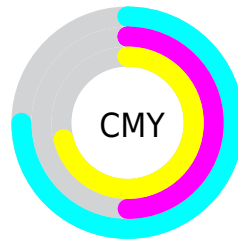


Cyan (51%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (41%)

Black (50%)



Cyan (75%)

Magenta (50%)

Yellow (71%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 102.5230, -13.5688, -34.6617 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 102.5230, -13.5688, -34.6617 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 102.5230,
-13.5688, -34.6617

■ 102.5230,
-13.5688, -34.6617

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 77.1530, -12.4004,
-36.0912

■ 154.7680,
-15.1686, -34.8765

■ 49.8040, -9.7634,
-41.9241

■ 182.2410,
-15.8948, -35.2914

■ 32.4960, -12.5695,
-28.4990

■ 210.4150,
-16.4736, -36.3210

■ 20.5450, -10.1287,
-18.0180

■ 231.9580,
-13.2903, -30.6582

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 243.8210, -5.3348,
-15.6290

■ 102.5230,
-13.5688, -34.6617

■ 102.5230,
-13.5688, -34.6617

■ 97.4960, -16.0205,
-41.6540

■ 107.5500,
-11.1171, -27.6693

■ 92.3550, -18.9090,
-48.5463

■ 112.6910, -8.2287,
-20.7770

■ 87.6270, -21.5081,
-54.9239

■ 117.4190, -5.6296,
-14.3995

■ 82.4860, -24.3966,
-61.8162

■ 122.5600, -2.7411,
-7.5071

■ 77.8720, -26.5589,
-68.2937

■ 127.5870, -0.2894,
-0.5148

■ 132.7280, 2.5991,
6.3775

■ 137.7550, 5.0508,
13.3699

■ 142.4830, 7.6499,

19.7474

■ 147.6240, 10.5384,
26.6398

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



108.2360, -28.2173, -2.8380



102.5230, -13.5688, -34.6617



89.2090, 9.2640, -78.2363

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



102.5230, -13.5688, -34.6617



100.1580, 40.3481, -61.5286



114.4970, -13.5560, 54.8151

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



102.5230, -13.5688, -34.6617



88.4770, 13.5688, 34.6617

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



116.3020, 2.3161, 50.6011



102.5230, -13.5688, -34.6617



116.0510, 29.5549, -6.1837

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



102.5230, -13.5688, -34.6617



94.5160, 37.2136, -82.8905



118.0680, 17.2215, 29.7584



113.8750, -27.0534, 43.9596

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



102.5230, -13.5688, -34.6617



92.5320, 19.4577, -81.1506



118.0680, 17.2215, 29.7584



114.8760, -8.3199, 55.3597

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



102.5230, -13.5688, -34.6617



156.1310, -5.4876, -13.2699



117.0020, -26.6230, -0.8788



78.1470, -3.0305, -8.0219



212.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



84.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



102.5230, -13.5688, -34.6617



126.3390, -21.3661, -53.7943



106.1710, 0.4087, -37.8610



61.3370, -1.1521, -3.8035



77.8720, -26.5589, -68.2937



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



88.4770, 13.5688, 34.6617



104.5470, 20.9293, 53.8943



84.8290, -0.4087, 37.8610



59.7770, 1.5889, 3.7036



50.1280, 26.5589, 68.2937



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 102.5230, -13.5688, -34.6617 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 102.5230, -13.5688, -34.6617 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

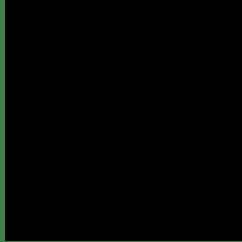
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 102.5230, -13.5688, -34.6617 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 102.5230, -13.5688, -34.6617.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 102.5230, -13.5688, -34.6617.

-34.6617.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

102.5230, -13.5688, -34.6617

Protanopia

112.2730, -20.8406, 11.1616

Deuteranopia

113.6530, -17.0839, 19.5983



Tritanopia

108.6850, 11.0013, -28.6647

Trichromacy



Original Color

102.5230, -13.5688, -34.6617

Protanomaly

108.5590, -18.0236, -5.7522

Deuteranomaly

109.5750, -15.5665, -0.5043

Tritanomaly

106.6710, 2.1342, -31.2835

Monochromacy



Original Color

102.5230, -13.5688, -34.6617

Achromatopsia

103.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

102.6580, -4.7614, -12.8551

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 102.5230, -13.5688, -34.6617 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(63, 128, 75)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(63, 128, 75)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(63, 128, 75) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(63, 128, 75) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 102.5230, -13.5688, -34.6617 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(63, 128, 75) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(63, 128, 75) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(63, 128, 75)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(63, 128, 75); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(63, 128, 75);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(63, 128,  
75) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 102.5230, -13.5688, -34.6617 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(63, 128, 75) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(63, 128,  
75) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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