

# Converting Colors

YUV(103.1740, -4.0298,  
-14.1846)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(103.1740, -4.0298, -14.1846)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(103.1740, -4.0298,  
-14.1846)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	57715F
RGB	87, 113, 95
RGB Percent	34%, 44%, 37%
CMY	0.6588, 0.5569, 0.6275
CMYK	0.23, 0.00, 0.16, 0.56
HSL	138°, 13%, 39%
HSV	138°, 23%, 44%
XYZ	11.9012, 14.6627, 13.0294
YIQ	103.1740, -9.7180, -11.1100

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

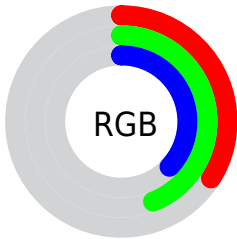
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	87, 107, 113
Decimal	5730655
CIE Lab	45.17, -13.52, 6.91
CIE LCh	45, 15.179, 152.932
Yxy	14.6627, 0.3006, 0.3703
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283920735 (0xFF57715F)
YUV	103.1740, -4.0298, -14.1846
Hunter-Lab	38.2919, -11.5329, 6.6300

# Details

The YUV color **103.1740, -4.0298, -14.1846** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **96.8260, 4.0298, 14.1846**, and the grayscale version is **103.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **154.3480, -4.6086, -15.2142**, and **56.0000, -3.4510, -13.1550** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **98.9730, -5.9027, -20.1473**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **107.3750, -2.1569, -8.2219**.

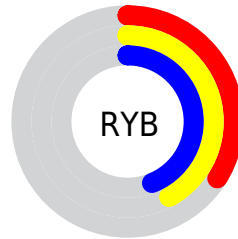
# Distribution



Red (34%)

Green (44%)

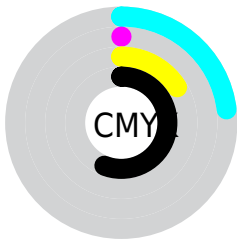
Blue (37%)



Red (34%)

Yellow (42%)

Blue (44%)

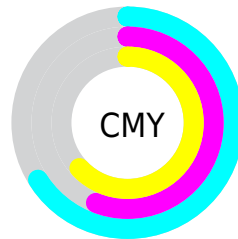


Cyan (23%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (16%)

Black (56%)



Cyan (66%)

Magenta (56%)

Yellow (63%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 103.1740, -4.0298, -14.1846 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 103.1740, -4.0298, -14.1846 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 103.1740, -4.0298,  
-14.1846

■ 103.1740, -4.0298,  
-14.1846

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 78.5870, -3.7404,  
-13.6698

■ 154.3480, -4.6086,  
-15.2142

■ 56.0000, -3.4510,  
-13.1550

■ 181.3480, -4.6086,  
-15.2142

■ 34.1140, -3.0142,  
-13.2550

■ 208.9350, -4.8980,  
-15.7290

■ 13.6150, -6.2192,  
-11.9404

■ 236.9350, -4.8980,  
-15.7290

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 252.6080, 1.1793,  
-4.9182

■ 103.1740, -4.0298,  
-14.1846

■ 103.1740, -4.0298,  
-14.1846

■ 98.9730, -5.9027,  
-20.1473

■ 107.3750, -2.1569,  
-8.2219

■ 94.4730, -7.6282,  
-26.7248

■ 111.8750, -0.4314,  
-1.6444

■ 90.3860, -9.0643,  
-32.7875

■ 115.9620, 1.0047,  
4.4183

■ 86.1850, -10.9372,  
-38.7502

■ 120.1630, 2.8776,  
10.3810

■ 81.6850, -12.6627,  
-45.3277

■ 124.6630, 4.6031,  
16.9585

■ 77.4840, -14.5356,  
-51.2905

■ 128.8640, 6.4760,  
22.9213

■ 73.2830, -16.4085,  
-57.2532

■ 133.0650, 8.3490,  
28.8840

■ 70.3210, -17.4133,

■ 137.2660, 10.2219,

-61.6715

34.8467

■ 141.6520, 11.5106,  
41.5242

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



104.4590, -9.5933, -3.0335



103.1740, -4.0298, -14.1846



101.9540, 2.9807, -22.7617

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



103.1740, -4.0298, -14.1846



106.5500, 12.5469, -11.0063



108.2970, -7.0484, 20.7875

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



103.1740, -4.0298, -14.1846



96.8260, 4.0298, 14.1846

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



109.0780, -1.5175, 20.1026



103.1740, -4.0298, -14.1846



108.2420, 9.7407, 2.4188

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



103.1740, -4.0298, -14.1846



103.4840, 12.5794, -21.4725



109.3420, 4.7614, 12.8551



107.2380, -10.9633, 16.4543



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



103.1740, -4.0298, -14.1846



101.6700, 7.0647, -26.0206



109.3420, 4.7614, 12.8551



108.4650, -5.1592, 21.5172

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



103.1740, -4.0298, -14.1846



144.2120, -1.5835, -5.4479



107.6440, -10.1775, -2.3188



71.7500, -0.8628, -3.2887



201.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



74.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



103.1740, -4.0298, -14.1846



132.1360, -6.4760, -22.9213



104.6560, 1.6486, -15.4843



53.7500, -0.8628, -3.2887



74.6580, -18.5654, -65.4751



153.6530, -38.2829, -134.7537



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



96.8260, 4.0298, 14.1846



121.8640, 6.4760, 22.9213



95.3440, -1.6486, 15.4843



52.2500, 0.8628, 3.2888



45.3420, 18.5654, 65.4751



93.3470, 38.2829, 134.7537



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 103.1740, -4.0298, -14.1846 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 103.1740, -4.0298, -14.1846 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

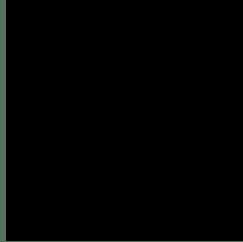
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 103.1740, -4.0298, -14.1846

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 103.1740, -4.0298, -14.1846.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 103.1740, -4.0298, -14.1846.

-14.1846.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

103.1740, -4.0298, -14.1846

### Protanopia

106.1980, -6.9996, 5.0884

### Deuteranopia

107.3990, -5.1267, 11.0511



## Tritanopia

105.2310, 6.2951, -12.4806

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

103.1740, -4.0298, -14.1846

## Protanomaly

105.3820, -6.1043, -2.0890

## Deuteranomaly

106.0450, -4.9522, 1.7145

## Tritanomaly

104.6070, 2.6587, -12.8103

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

103.1740, -4.0298, -14.1846

## Achromatopsia

103.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

103.2120, -1.5835, -5.4479

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 103.1740, -4.0298, -14.1846 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(87, 113, 95)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(87, 113, 95)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(87, 113, 95) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(87, 113, 95) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 103.1740, -4.0298, -14.1846 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(87, 113, 95) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(87, 113, 95) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(87, 113, 95)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(87, 113, 95); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 113, 95);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 113,  
95) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 103.1740, -4.0298, -14.1846 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(87, 113, 95) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(87, 113,  
95) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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