

Converting Colors

YUV(103.9710, 17.2693,
-32.4236)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(103.9710, 17.2693, -32.4236)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(103.9710, 17.2693,
-32.4236)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	43748B
RGB	67, 116, 139
RGB Percent	26%, 45%, 55%
CMY	0.7373, 0.5451, 0.4549
CMYK	0.52, 0.17, 0.00, 0.45
HSL	199°, 35%, 40%
HSV	199°, 52%, 55%
XYZ	13.2203, 15.5482, 26.7304
YIQ	103.9710, -36.5870, -3.2350

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

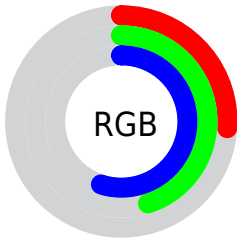
Format	Color
R_{YB}	67, 96, 139
Decimal	4420747
CIE _{Lab}	46.38, -9.80, -17.69
CIE _{LCh}	46, 20.220, 241.010
Yxy	15.5482, 0.2382, 0.2802
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282610827 (0xFF43748B)
YUV	103.9710, 17.2693, -32.4236
Hunter-Lab	39.4311, -9.1577, -12.5909

Details

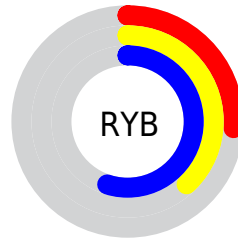
The YUV color **103.9710, 17.2693, -32.4236** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **102.0290, -17.2693, 32.4236**, and the grayscale version is **104.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **156.4980, 17.9955, -32.0087**, and **51.5570, 18.4594, -40.8305** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **97.4370, 20.4906, -38.9712**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **110.5050, 14.0480, -25.8759**.

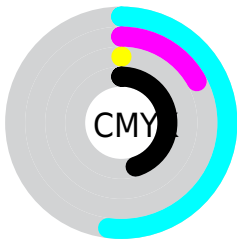
Distribution



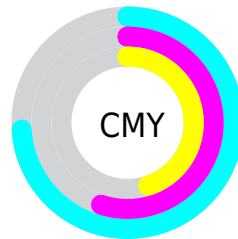
- Red (26%)
- Green (45%)
- Blue (55%)



- Red (26%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (55%)



- Cyan (52%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (45%)



- Cyan (74%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (45%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 103.9710, 17.2693, -32.4236 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 103.9710, 17.2693, -32.4236 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 103.9710, 17.2693,
-32.4236

■ 103.9710, 17.2693,
-32.4236

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 78.2590, 17.1273,
-33.5531

■ 156.4980, 17.9955,
-32.0087

■ 51.5570, 18.4594,
-40.8305

■ 183.4980, 17.9955,
-32.0087

■ 34.4120, 15.0799,
-30.1793

■ 211.3130, 18.5797,
-32.7235

■ 20.1640, 11.2581,
-17.6838

■ 237.6910, 8.5333,
-30.4240

■ 3.2090, 9.7570,
-2.8143

■ 247.8240, 3.5378,
-14.7546

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 103.9710, 17.2693,
-32.4236

■ 103.9710, 17.2693,
-32.4236

■ 97.4370, 20.4906,
-38.9712

■ 110.5050, 14.0480,
-25.8759

■ 90.3160, 24.0012,
-45.0041

■ 117.6260, 10.5374,
-19.8430

■ 83.7820, 27.2225,
-51.5518

■ 124.1600, 7.3161,
-13.2953

■ 76.6610, 30.7331,
-57.5847

■ 131.2810, 3.8055,
-7.2624

■ 71.6110, 33.2228,
-62.8028

■ 137.8150, 0.5842,
-0.7148

■ 144.6370, -2.7790,
4.7034

■ 151.1710, -6.0003,
11.2510

■ 158.2920, -9.5110,

17.2839

■ 164.8260,
-12.7322, 23.8316

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



101.6730, 12.4862, -38.3012



103.9710, 17.2693, -32.4236



108.0700, 17.2205, -16.7244

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



103.9710, 17.2693, -32.4236



112.2360, -1.1023, 26.9800



106.8350, -13.2297, -3.3633

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



103.9710, 17.2693, -32.4236



102.0290, -17.2693, 32.4236

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



108.8260, -16.1832, 10.6766



103.9710, 17.2693, -32.4236



111.4720, -9.1067, 27.6501

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



103.9710, 17.2693, -32.4236



112.6460, 7.0765, 16.9735



110.3590, -14.4740, 22.4872



104.9840, -5.9081, -18.4030

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



103.9710, 17.2693, -32.4236



110.2780, 15.1459, -4.6288



110.3590, -14.4740, 22.4872



108.1130, -14.8457, 1.6549

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



103.9710, 17.2693, -32.4236



167.0460, 6.8793, -13.1953



111.8860, -10.7898, -39.3650



83.0960, 4.3897, -7.9772



219.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



92.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



103.9710, 17.2693, -32.4236



126.3800, 26.9277, -50.3223



82.8390, 27.6874, -13.8908



65.7330, 1.6106, -3.2738



67.9920, 32.0489, -59.6290



2.3310, 1.3158, -2.0443

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



94.1140, 10.7898, 39.3650



111.1520, 16.6871, 61.2567



123.1610, -27.6874, 13.8908



64.6630, 1.1521, 3.8035



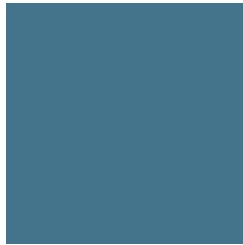
50.0270, 19.7067, 72.7673



1.8370, 0.5734, 2.7740

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 103.9710, 17.2693, -32.4236 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 103.9710, 17.2693, -32.4236 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

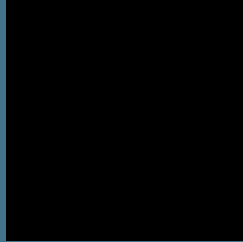
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 103.9710, 17.2693, -32.4236

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 103.9710, 17.2693, -32.4236.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 103.9710, 17.2693, -32.4236.

-32.4236.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

103.9710, 17.2693, -32.4236

Protanopia

109.7680, 11.9464, -5.0585

Deuteranopia

109.6800, 15.4408, -5.8584



Tritanopia

102.6950, 12.4754, -34.8125

Trichromacy



Original Color

103.9710, 17.2693, -32.4236

Protanomaly

107.8700, 13.8681, -14.7950

Deuteranomaly

107.4400, 16.0521, -15.2949

Tritanomaly

102.8630, 14.3645, -34.0829

Monochromacy



Original Color

103.9710, 17.2693, -32.4236

Achromatopsia

104.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

103.9430, 6.4371, -11.3510

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 103.9710, 17.2693, -32.4236 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(67, 116, 139)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(67, 116, 139)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(67, 116, 139) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(67, 116, 139) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 103.9710, 17.2693, -32.4236 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(67, 116, 139) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(67, 116, 139) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(67, 116, 139)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(67, 116, 139); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(67, 116, 139);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(67, 116,  
139) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 103.9710, 17.2693, -32.4236 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(67, 116, 139) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(67, 116,  
139) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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