

# Converting Colors

YUV(104.3130, -24.3113,  
97.9495)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(104.3130, -24.3113, 97.9495)  
contains.

|  |    |
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# Color

**YUV(104.3130, -24.3113,  
97.9495)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

| <b>Format</b> | <b>Color</b>               |
|---------------|----------------------------|
| Hex           | D83937                     |
| RGB           | 216, 57, 55                |
| RGB Percent   | 85%, 22%, 22%              |
| CMY           | 0.1529, 0.7765, 0.7843     |
| CMYK          | 0.00, 0.74, 0.75, 0.15     |
| HSL           | 1°, 67%, 53%               |
| HSV           | 1°, 75%, 85%               |
| XYZ           | 30.4716, 17.8010, 5.4443   |
| YIQ           | 104.3130, 95.4060, 33.0860 |

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

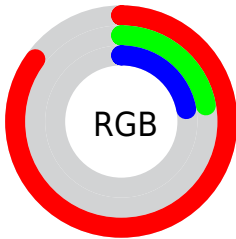
| <b>Format</b>                       | <b>Color</b>                                    |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| <a href="#">RYB</a>                 | <a href="#">216, 57, 55</a>                     |
| Decimal                             | <a href="#">14170423</a>                        |
| CIELab                              | <a href="#">49.25, 60.94, 38.83</a>             |
| CIElCh                              | <a href="#">49, 72.257, 32.501</a>              |
| Yxy                                 | <a href="#">17.8010, 0.5673,<br/>0.3314</a>     |
| Android<br>(android.graphics.Color) | <a href="#">4292360503<br/>(0xFFD83937)</a>     |
| YUV                                 | <a href="#">104.3130, -24.3113,<br/>97.9495</a> |
| Hunter-Lab                          | <a href="#">42.1913, 55.0826,<br/>21.8831</a>   |

# Details

The YUV color **104.3130, -24.3113, 97.9495** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3333**. The color can be described as dark muted red. A complement of this color would be **166.6870, 24.3113, -97.9495**, and the grayscale version is **104.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **155.4920, -25.8786, 87.2685**, and **47.1150, -17.3117, 92.8611** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **89.4780, -27.8437, 110.9598**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **119.1480, -20.7790, 84.9392**.

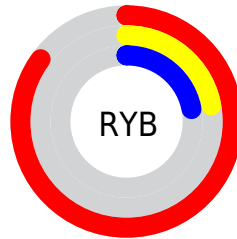
# Distribution



Red (85%)

Green (22%)

Blue (22%)



Red (85%)

Yellow (22%)

Blue (22%)

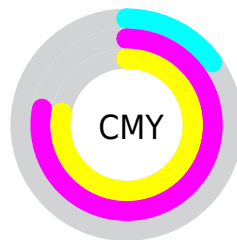


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (74%)

Yellow (75%)

Black (15%)



Cyan (15%)

Magenta (78%)


Yellow (78%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 104.3130, -24.3113, 97.9495 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 104.3130, -24.3113, 97.9495 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 104.3130,  
-24.3113, 97.9495


 104.3130,  
-24.3113, 97.9495


255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 69.9310, -18.2070,  
100.0385


 155.4920,  
-25.8786, 87.2685


 47.1150, -17.3117,  
92.8611


 175.3650,  
-23.3509, 69.8399


 36.4780, -17.9837,  
75.0028


 194.7650,  
-20.0971, 52.8261

 27.2090, -13.4140,  
55.9447

 214.8660,  
-16.6959, 35.1975

 19.1790, -7.9762,  
38.4310

 235.0810,  
-12.8579, 17.4690

 8.4860, -3.6906,  
17.1138

 252.9480, -7.8624,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

1.7996

0.0000

■ 104.3130,  
-24.3113, 97.9495

■ 104.3130,  
-24.3113, 97.9495

■ 89.4780, -27.8437,  
110.9598

■ 119.1480,  
-20.7790, 84.9392

■ 74.1700, -30.6498,  
124.3849

■ 134.4560,  
-17.9728, 71.5141

■ 66.3450, -32.7081,  
131.2474

■ 149.2910,  
-14.4405, 58.5038

■ 164.0120,  
-11.3449, 45.5935

■ 179.4340, -8.1020,  
32.0684

■ 194.2690, -4.5696,  
19.0581

■ 208.9900, -1.4741,  
6.1478

■ 224.4120, 1.7689,  
-7.3773

■ 239.1330, 4.8644,  
-20.2876

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



99.1470, 7.8155, 106.8651



104.3130, -24.3113, 97.9495



108.7320, -53.6049, 66.8870

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



104.3130, -24.3113, 97.9495



88.5640, -16.0541, -77.6706



100.2620, 69.3838, -87.9298

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



104.3130, -24.3113, 97.9495



166.6870, 24.3113, -97.9495

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



106.7700, 58.7804, -93.6373



104.3130, -24.3113, 97.9495



97.7350, 11.4696, -85.7136

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



104.3130, -24.3113, 97.9495



99.6100, -49.1077, -22.4600



104.6890, 38.1143, -91.8123



118.1160, 51.2148, -0.1017



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



104.3130, -24.3113, 97.9495



110.3280, -54.3917, 39.1773



104.6890, 38.1143, -91.8123



103.0830, 67.5001, -90.4038

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



104.3130, -24.3113, 97.9495



216.3310, -8.5442, 33.9127



121.4930, 46.5920, 82.8826



104.7530, -5.3012, 20.3876



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



104.3130, -24.3113, 97.9495



97.6340, -34.3296, 138.0100



150.6860, -47.1732, 57.2804



99.8760, -1.9109, 6.2477



52.3030, -25.7854, 104.0973



13.4440, -6.6279, 25.9206



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



166.6870, 24.3113, -97.9495



185.3660, 34.3296, -138.0100



120.9010, 46.8838, -57.7952



103.7110, 1.6215, -6.7625



118.6970, 25.7854, -104.0973



30.1430, 6.3385, -26.4354



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 104.3130, -24.3113, 97.9495 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 104.3130, -24.3113, 97.9495 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 104.3130, -24.3113, 97.9495

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 104.3130, -24.3113, 97.9495.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 104.3130, -24.3113,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

104.3130, -24.3113, 97.9495

### Protanopia

116.0880, -20.2564, 10.4468

### Deuteranopia

114.7130, -34.8615, 28.3157



## Tritanopia

104.0680, -22.7115, 98.1644

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

104.3130, -24.3113, 97.9495

## Protanomaly

111.9440, -21.6644, 42.1451

## Deuteranomaly

110.9040, -31.0117, 53.5812

## Tritanomaly

103.9540, -23.1483, 98.2643

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

104.3130, -24.3113, 97.9495

## Achromatopsia

104.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

104.2280, -8.9864, 35.7570

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 104.3130, -24.3113, 97.9495 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(216, 57, 55)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(216, 57, 55)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(216, 57, 55) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(216, 57, 55) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 104.3130, -24.3113, 97.9495 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(216, 57, 55) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(216, 57, 55) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(216, 57, 55) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(216, 57, 55); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(216, 57, 55);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(216, 57,  
55) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 104.3130, -24.3113, 97.9495 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(216, 57, 55) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(216, 57,  
55) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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