

Converting Colors

YUV(104.4990, 40.1800,
-7.4536)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(104.4990, 40.1800, -7.4536)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(104.4990, 40.1800,
-7.4536)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	605DBA
RGB	96, 93, 186
RGB Percent	38%, 36%, 73%
CMY	0.6235, 0.6353, 0.2706
CMYK	0.48, 0.50, 0.00, 0.27
HSL	242°, 40%, 55%
HSV	242°, 50%, 73%
XYZ	17.6011, 13.8607, 48.2021
YIQ	104.4990, -28.0650, 29.5590

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

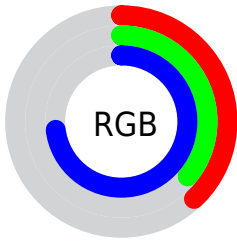
Format	Color
R_{YB}	96, 93, 186
Decimal	6315450
CIE _{Lab}	44.03, 26.23, -48.92
CIE _{LCh}	44, 55.514, 298.202
Yxy	13.8607, 0.2209, 0.1740
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284505530 (0xFF605DBA)
YUV	104.4990, 40.1800, -7.4536
Hunter-Lab	37.2299, 19.2369, -50.7026

Details

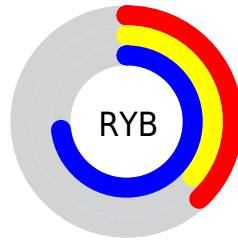
The YUV color $104.4990, 40.1800, -7.4536$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex $6666CC$. A complement of this color would be $174.5010, -40.1800, 7.4536$, and the grayscale version is $104.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $157.0910, 42.3531, -4.4648$, and $53.9990, 38.4545, -14.0311$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $87.9640, 48.3317, -8.7384$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $121.0340, 32.0282, -6.1688$.

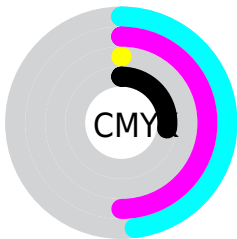
Distribution



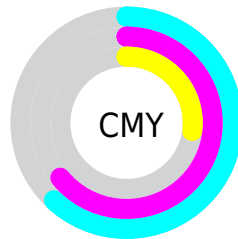
- Red (38%)
- Green (36%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (38%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (48%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (27%)



- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (27%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 104.4990, 40.1800, -7.4536 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 104.4990, 40.1800, -7.4536 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 104.4990, 40.1800,
-7.4536

■ 104.4990, 40.1800,
-7.4536

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 78.9610, 39.4592,
-9.6128

■ 157.0910, 42.3531,
-4.4648

■ 53.9990, 38.4545,
-14.0311

■ 182.6800, 35.6538,
-2.3504

■ 27.3460, 38.7764,
-23.9824

■ 207.2000, 23.5654,
1.5786

■ 11.6960, 34.6599,
-10.2574

■ 232.3070, 11.1876,
4.9928

■ 9.5470, 23.8873,
-8.3727

254.4130, 0.2894,
0.5148

■ 5.1640, 14.7091,
-4.5288

■ 1.1400, 4.3680,

-0.9998

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 104.4990, 40.1800,
-7.4536

■ 104.4990, 40.1800,
-7.4536

■ 87.9640, 48.3317,
-8.7384

■ 121.0340, 32.0282,
-6.1688

■ 72.0160, 56.1941,
-10.5380

■ 136.9820, 24.1659,
-4.3692

■ 55.4810, 64.3459,
-11.8228

■ 153.5170, 16.0141,
-3.0844

■ 39.5330, 72.2082,
-13.6224

■ 169.4650, 8.1518,
-1.2848

■ 22.9980, 80.3600,
-14.9072

■ 186.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 202.5350, -8.1518,
1.2848

■ 218.4830,
-16.0141, 3.0844

■ 235.0180,
-24.1659, 4.3692

■ 247.1340,
-30.1391, 6.8985

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



87.6150, 53.9268, -76.8384



104.4990, 40.1800, -7.4536



105.7630, 23.2878, 44.0578

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



104.4990, 40.1800, -7.4536



98.9660, -38.4372, 55.2808



84.7750, 7.5059, -74.3477

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



104.4990, 40.1800, -7.4536



174.5010, -40.1800, 7.4536

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



76.9550, -12.3028, -67.4895



104.4990, 40.1800, -7.4536



97.5590, -48.0966, 26.6968

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



104.4990, 40.1800, -7.4536



98.2930, -17.3994, 74.2880



91.8490, -44.7886, -7.7606



90.1330, 28.0354, -79.0466

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



104.4990, 40.1800, -7.4536



101.1050, 11.2872, 66.5599



91.8490, -44.7886, -7.7606



82.3640, 0.8065, -72.2332

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



104.4990, 40.1800, -7.4536



210.4030, 15.5773, -2.9844



157.0190, 14.2876, -56.1447



102.8070, 9.4621, -1.5847



250.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



122.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



104.4990, 40.1800, -7.4536



115.0250, 62.5987, -11.4229



117.9540, 33.5467, 20.2113



84.0260, 3.9312, -0.8998



19.2790, 67.4035, -12.5227



3.4910, 12.0829, -2.1846

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



131.0670, 25.6030, 48.1762



156.4290, 40.2145, 75.0458



161.0460, -33.5467, -20.2113



86.7170, 2.6045, 4.6332



63.8580, 42.9610, 80.8085



11.4500, 7.6662, 14.5144

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 104.4990, 40.1800, -7.4536 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 104.4990, 40.1800, -7.4536 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

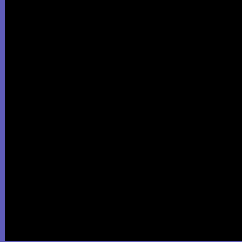
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 104.4990, 40.1800, -7.4536

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 104.4990, 40.1800, -7.4536.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 104.4990, 40.1800, -7.4536.

-7.4536.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

104.4990, 40.1800, -7.4536

Protanopia

97.8480, 47.4029, -37.5777

Deuteranopia

92.9620, 44.3887, -50.8327



Tritanopia

100.1590, 8.7956, -21.1874

Trichromacy



Original Color

104.4990, 40.1800, -7.4536

Protanomaly

100.2300, 44.7496, -26.5117

Deuteranomaly

97.3060, 42.7401, -35.3484

Tritanomaly

101.5800, 20.4201, -16.2947

Monochromacy



Original Color

104.4990, 40.1800, -7.4536

Achromatopsia

104.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

104.1750, 14.7037, -2.7845

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 104.4990, 40.1800, -7.4536 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(96, 93, 186)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(96, 93, 186)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(96, 93, 186) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(96, 93, 186) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 104.4990, 40.1800, -7.4536 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(96, 93, 186) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(96, 93, 186) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(96, 93, 186)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(96, 93, 186); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(96, 93, 186);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(96, 93,  
186) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 104.4990, 40.1800, -7.4536 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(96, 93, 186) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(96, 93,  
186) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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