

# Converting Colors

YUV(104.9360, 3.9756, 31.6281)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(104.9360, 3.9756, 31.6281)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(104.9360, 3.9756,  
31.6281)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	8D5571
RGB	141, 85, 113
RGB Percent	55%, 33%, 44%
CMY	0.4471, 0.6667, 0.5569
CMYK	0.00, 0.40, 0.20, 0.45
HSL	330°, 25%, 44%
HSV	330°, 40%, 55%
XYZ	17.2136, 13.3520, 17.2927
YIQ	104.9360, 24.3880, 20.5800

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

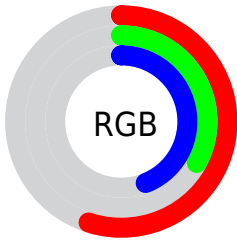
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	141, 85, 113
Decimal	9262449
CIE Lab	43.29, 27.33, -6.09
CIE LCh	43, 28.002, 347.446
Yxy	13.3520, 0.3597, 0.2790
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287452529 (0xFF8D5571)
YUV	104.9360, 3.9756, 31.6281
Hunter-Lab	36.5404, 20.1432, -2.4807

# Details

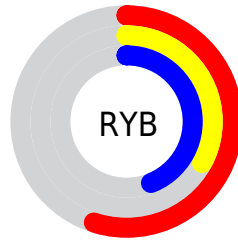
The YUV color **104.9360, 3.9756, 31.6281** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996699**. A complement of this color would be **121.0640, -3.9756, -31.6281**, and the grayscale version is **105.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **157.2460, 3.8227, 33.9873**, and **56.3270, 4.2758, 28.6542** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **95.9200, 4.9694, 39.5352**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **113.9520, 2.9817, 23.7211**.

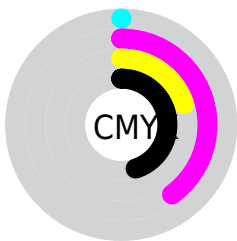
# Distribution



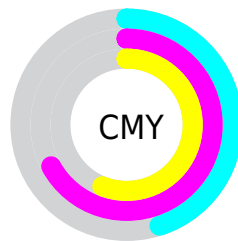
- Red (55%)
- Green (33%)
- Blue (44%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Blue (44%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Black (45%)



- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (67%)
- Yellow (56%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 104.9360, 3.9756, 31.6281 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 104.9360, 3.9756, 31.6281 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 104.9360, 3.9756,  
31.6281

■ 104.9360, 3.9756,  
31.6281

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 80.3380, 4.2704,  
30.3986

■ 157.2460, 3.8227,  
33.9873

■ 56.3270, 4.2758,  
28.6542

■ 183.9580, 3.9647,  
35.1168

■ 32.5550, 5.1494,  
28.4543

■ 212.2570, 3.8173,  
35.7316

■ 15.1800, 3.8553,  
23.5211

■ 232.4830, 7.6499,  
19.7474

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 249.7170, 2.6045,  
4.6332

104.9360, 3.9756,  
31.6281

104.9360, 3.9756,  
31.6281

95.9200, 4.9694,  
39.5352

113.9520, 2.9817,  
23.7211

86.9040, 5.9633,  
47.4422

122.9680, 1.9878,  
15.8141

77.8880, 6.9572,  
55.3492

131.9840, 0.9939,  
7.9070

68.8720, 7.9511,  
63.2563

141.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

59.2690, 9.2344,  
71.6781

150.0160, -0.9939,  
-7.9070

50.2530, 10.2283,  
79.5851

159.6190, -2.2772,  
-16.3289

168.6350, -3.2711,  
-24.2359

177.6510, -4.2649,

-32.1429

■ 186.6670, -5.2588,  
-40.0500

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



105.1710, 14.2127, 14.7590



104.9360, 3.9756, 31.6281



103.5210, -6.6659, 38.1311

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



104.9360, 3.9756, 31.6281



99.2290, -20.8189, 4.1842



81.2480, 26.9927, -71.2545

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



104.9360, 3.9756, 31.6281



121.0640, -3.9756, -31.6281

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



80.0280, 17.2412, -70.1846



104.9360, 3.9756, 31.6281



96.1600, -12.8969, -16.8033

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



104.9360, 3.9756, 31.6281



101.6980, -22.0361, 21.3129



91.0460, -0.0227, -39.5053



93.9190, 26.1689, -40.2710



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



104.9360, 3.9756, 31.6281



102.6750, -13.6438, 36.2420



91.0460, -0.0227, -39.5053



81.1510, 24.0826, -71.1694

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



104.9360, 3.9756, 31.6281



169.8320, 1.5618, 12.4253



99.7560, 20.3333, 11.6150



83.5710, 0.7045, 7.3922



219.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



92.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



104.9360, 3.9756, 31.6281



126.7410, 6.5367, 50.2161



101.7440, -8.2548, 34.4275



66.5490, 0.7153, 3.9035



48.1170, 9.8023, 76.1964



2.8480, 0.5679, 4.5183



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



104.9360, 3.9756, 31.6281



126.7410, 6.5367, 50.2161



124.2560, 8.2548, -34.4275



66.5490, 0.7153, 3.9035



48.1170, 9.8023, 76.1964

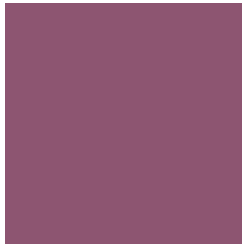


2.8480, 0.5679, 4.5183



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 104.9360, 3.9756, 31.6281 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

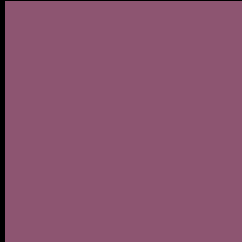
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 104.9360, 3.9756, 31.6281 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

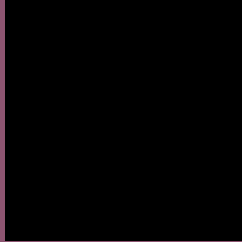
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 104.9360, 3.9756, 31.6281

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 104.9360, 3.9756, 31.6281.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 104.9360, 3.9756,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

104.9360, 3.9756, 31.6281

### Protanopia

103.3120, 10.1992, -4.6586

### Deuteranopia

103.8310, 3.0413, 4.5332



## Tritanopia

104.0470, -4.4602, 30.6538

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

104.9360, 3.9756, 31.6281

## Protanomaly

104.1180, 7.8298, 8.6665

## Deuteranomaly

104.5980, 3.1562, 14.3846

## Tritanomaly

104.5570, -1.2606, 31.0835

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

104.9360, 3.9756, 31.6281

## Achromatopsia

105.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

105.1200, 1.4198, 11.2958

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 104.9360, 3.9756, 31.6281 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(141, 85, 113)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(141, 85, 113)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(141, 85, 113) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(141, 85, 113) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 104.9360, 3.9756, 31.6281 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(141, 85, 113) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(141, 85, 113) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(141, 85, 113)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(141, 85, 113); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 85, 113);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 85,  
113) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 104.9360, 3.9756, 31.6281 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(141, 85, 113) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(141, 85,  
113) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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