

# Converting Colors

YUV(105.1240, 35.4349,  
-25.5417)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(105.1240, 35.4349, -25.5417)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(105.1240, 35.4349,  
-25.5417)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	4C6AB1
RGB	76, 106, 177
RGB Percent	30%, 42%, 69%
CMY	0.7020, 0.5843, 0.3059
CMYK	0.57, 0.40, 0.00, 0.31
HSL	222°, 40%, 50%
HSV	222°, 57%, 69%
XYZ	16.0703, 15.0189, 43.6469
YIQ	105.1240, -40.6710, 15.7210

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

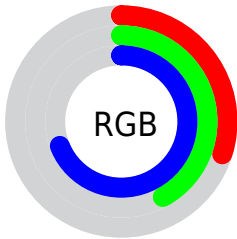
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>YB</sub>	76, 99, 177
Decimal	5008049
CIE Lab	45.66, 10.71, -41.16
CIE LCh	46, 42.526, 284.580
Yxy	15.0189, 0.2150, 0.2010
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283198129 (0xFF4C6AB1)
YUV	105.1240, 35.4349, -25.5417
Hunter-Lab	38.7542, 6.1993, -39.6474

# Details

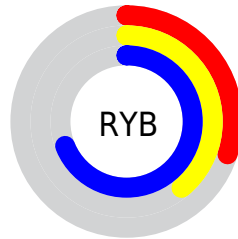
The YUV color **105.1240, 35.4349, -25.5417** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666699**. A complement of this color would be **147.8760, -35.4349, 25.5417**, and the grayscale version is **105.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **158.1890, 36.8818, -22.9678**, and **49.3670, 36.7941, -41.5409** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **92.6980, 41.5609, -30.4301**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **117.5500, 29.3089, -20.6533**.

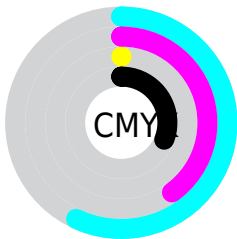
# Distribution



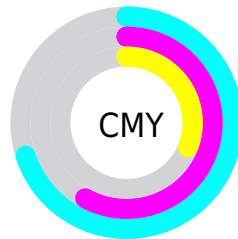
- Red (30%)
- Green (42%)
- Blue (69%)



- Red (30%)
- Yellow (39%)
- Blue (69%)



- Cyan (57%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (31%)



- Cyan (70%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (31%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 105.1240, 35.4349, -25.5417 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 105.1240, 35.4349, -25.5417 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 105.1240, 35.4349,  
-25.5417

■ 105.1240, 35.4349,  
-25.5417

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 78.9880, 35.0089,  
-28.9305

■ 158.1890, 36.8818,  
-22.9678

■ 49.3670, 36.7941,  
-41.5409

■ 184.9180, 34.5504,  
-21.8531

■ 33.5920, 32.2461,  
-29.4602

■ 209.4380, 22.4621,  
-17.9241

■ 19.0020, 27.1140,  
-16.6648

■ 235.1320, 9.7949,  
-15.0248

■ 8.1620, 21.1191,  
-7.1581

■ 252.6080, 1.1793,  
-4.9182

■ 4.4800, 12.0884,  
-3.9290

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 105.1240, 35.4349,  
-25.5417

■ 105.1240, 35.4349,  
-25.5417

■ 92.6980, 41.5609,  
-30.4301

■ 117.5500, 29.3089,  
-20.6533

■ 79.9840, 47.8289,  
-34.1890

■ 130.2640, 23.0408,  
-16.8945

■ 67.5580, 53.9549,  
-39.0774

■ 142.6900, 16.9148,  
-12.0061

■ 54.5450, 60.3703,  
-43.4510

■ 155.7030, 10.4994,  
-7.6325

■ 51.2890, 61.9755,  
-44.9805

■ 168.1290, 4.3734,  
-2.7441

■ 180.8430, -1.8946,  
1.0147

■ 193.2690, -8.0206,  
5.9031

■ 206.2820,  
-14.4360, 10.2767

■ 218.4090,  
-20.4146, 14.5503

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



88.7430, 43.0177, -77.8276



105.1240, 35.4349, -25.5417



111.3100, 23.5112, 19.0221

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



105.1240, 35.4349, -25.5417



106.6570, -23.0019, 51.1668



82.8200, 2.5537, -72.6331

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



105.1240, 35.4349, -25.5417



147.8760, -35.4349, 25.5417

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



97.9390, -21.1689, -23.6255



105.1240, 35.4349, -25.5417



105.6750, -33.8568, 32.7340

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



105.1240, 35.4349, -25.5417



107.7130, -7.7465, 58.1337



102.8090, -33.9228, 7.1835



88.2120, 18.1365, -77.3619



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



105.1240, 35.4349, -25.5417



110.6240, 13.9894, 39.7948



102.8090, -33.9228, 7.1835



89.5360, -6.6732, -53.0901

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



105.1240, 35.4349, -25.5417



201.6040, 13.9992, -10.1767



143.3810, 1.7842, -59.0931



98.7310, 8.0206, -5.9031



242.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



115.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



105.1240, 35.4349, -25.5417



118.4870, 54.9759, -39.8921



93.4940, 41.1685, 2.1978



82.7870, 3.0630, -2.4442



43.8570, 53.8075, -38.4626



7.6600, 9.0416, -6.7178



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



109.6190, -1.7842, 59.0931



125.3010, -2.6134, 91.8210



159.5060, -41.1685, -2.1978



83.0330, -0.0163, 5.2331



50.8770, -2.8974, 89.5619

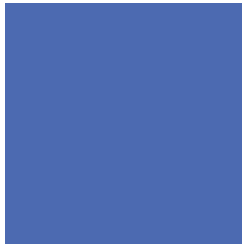


8.6860, -0.3382, 15.1844



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 105.1240, 35.4349, -25.5417 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 105.1240, 35.4349, -25.5417 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

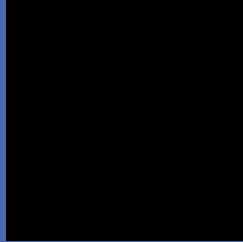
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 105.1240, 35.4349, -25.5417

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 105.1240, 35.4349, -25.5417.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 105.1240, 35.4349, -25.5417.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

105.1240, 35.4349, -25.5417

### Protanopia

105.3200, 34.8452, -23.0826

### Deuteranopia

102.8950, 36.0408, -33.2339



## Tritanopia

99.7870, 12.9230, -38.4012

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

105.1240, 35.4349, -25.5417

## Protanomaly

105.0210, 34.9926, -23.6974

## Deuteranomaly

103.5040, 35.7405, -30.2600

## Tritanomaly

101.6980, 21.3479, -33.9381

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

105.1240, 35.4349, -25.5417

## Achromatopsia

105.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

104.6750, 12.9782, -9.3620

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 105.1240, 35.4349, -25.5417 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(76, 106, 177)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(76, 106, 177)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(76, 106, 177) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(76, 106, 177) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 105.1240, 35.4349, -25.5417 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(76, 106, 177) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(76, 106, 177) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(76, 106, 177)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(76, 106, 177); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(76, 106, 177);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(76, 106,  
177) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 105.1240, 35.4349, -25.5417 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(76, 106, 177) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(76, 106,  
177) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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