

Converting Colors

YUV(105.5220, 38.1967,
-71.4948)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(105.5220, 38.1967, -71.4948)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(105.5220, 38.1967,
-71.4948)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1884B7
RGB	24, 132, 183
RGB Percent	9%, 52%, 72%
CMY	0.9059, 0.4824, 0.2824
CMYK	0.87, 0.28, 0.00, 0.28
HSL	199°, 77%, 41%
HSV	199°, 87%, 72%
XYZ	17.1752, 20.1156, 47.7772
YIQ	105.5220, -80.7390, -7.0350

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

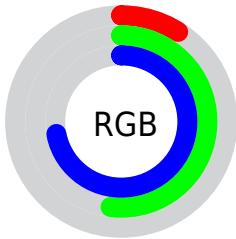
Format	Color
R_{YB}	24, 88, 183
Decimal	1606839
CIE _{Lab}	51.97, -10.29, -34.79
CIE _{LCh}	52, 36.282, 253.530
Yxy	20.1156, 0.2019, 0.2365
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279796919 (0xFF1884B7)
YUV	105.5220, 38.1967, -71.4948
Hunter-Lab	44.8504, -10.1328, -31.7638

Details

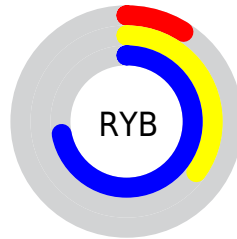
The YUV color **105.5220, 38.1967, -71.4948** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3399CC**. A complement of this color would be **101.4780, -38.1967, 71.4948**, and the grayscale version is **105.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **165.7410, 36.1167, -57.6549**, and **63.5410, 32.7643, -55.7255** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **96.6180, 42.5863, -79.4720**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **114.4260, 33.8070, -63.5176**.

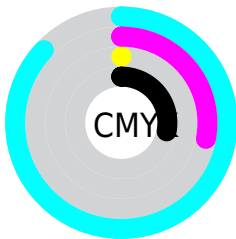
Distribution



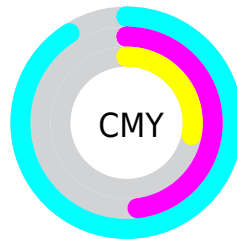
- Red (9%)
- Green (52%)
- Blue (72%)



- Red (9%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Blue (72%)



- Cyan (87%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (28%)



- Cyan (91%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (28%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 105.5220, 38.1967, -71.4948 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 105.5220, 38.1967, -71.4948 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 105.5220, 38.1967,
-71.4948

■ 105.5220, 38.1967,
-71.4948

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 80.5930, 37.1757,
-70.6801

■ 165.7410, 36.1167,
-57.6549

■ 63.5410, 32.7643,
-55.7255

■ 192.9710, 30.5803,
-55.2256

■ 47.0760, 28.0635,
-41.2857

■ 218.3770, 18.0551,
-51.1966

■ 31.4260, 23.9470,
-27.5606

■ 235.5650, 9.5815,
-39.9605

■ 16.4770, 19.9778,
-14.4503

■ 244.5350, 5.1592,
-21.5172

■ 5.1640, 14.7091,
-4.5288

■ 253.5050, 0.7370,

■ 1.0260, 3.9312,

-3.0739

-0.8998

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 105.5220, 38.1967,
-71.4948

■ 105.5220, 38.1967,
-71.4948

■ 96.6180, 42.5863,
-79.4720

■ 114.4260, 33.8070,
-63.5176

■ 93.6500, 44.0495,
-82.1311

■ 123.6290, 29.2699,
-54.9256

■ 132.5330, 24.8802,
-46.9484

■ 140.8500, 20.7800,
-38.4564

■ 150.0530, 16.2429,
-29.8645

■ 158.9570, 11.8532,
-21.8873

■ 167.8610, 7.4635,
-13.9101

■ 176.7650, 3.0739,
-5.9329

■ 185.9680, -1.4632,
2.6591

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



99.9300, 32.5725, -87.6386



105.5220, 38.1967, -71.4948



122.1910, 30.4718, -20.3385

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



105.5220, 38.1967, -71.4948



125.4840, -7.1406, 50.4415



115.8410, -19.1486, -18.2776

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



105.5220, 38.1967, -71.4948



101.4780, -38.1967, 71.4948

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



120.1880, -28.6867, 7.7281



105.5220, 38.1967, -71.4948



124.0200, -20.2229, 46.4635

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



105.5220, 38.1967, -71.4948



127.2020, 7.2954, 40.1648



122.6300, -28.9046, 31.0195



108.5130, -1.7319, -51.3159

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



105.5220, 38.1967, -71.4948



126.4500, 24.4282, 4.8674



122.6300, -28.9046, 31.0195



117.4570, -23.3963, -9.1708

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



105.5220, 38.1967, -71.4948



206.7220, 14.9271, -27.8202



123.0330, -24.1733, -86.8519



101.8930, 8.9268, -16.5692



247.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



120.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



105.5220, 38.1967, -71.4948



121.5250, 56.9292, -106.5774



59.1490, 61.0585, -30.8257



87.5480, 2.1948, -3.9886



80.0060, 37.4650, -70.1653



14.3450, 6.7319, -12.5806

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



83.8530, 23.7365, 86.9519



89.2170, 35.3890, 129.6057



147.8510, -61.0585, 30.8257



86.3750, 1.2941, 4.9331



58.7280, 23.3051, 85.3075



10.5380, 4.1718, 15.3142

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 105.5220, 38.1967, -71.4948 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 105.5220, 38.1967, -71.4948 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

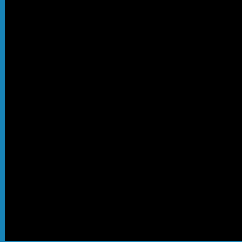
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 105.5220, 38.1967, -71.4948

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 105.5220, 38.1967, -71.4948.

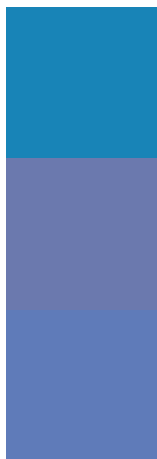


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 105.5220, 38.1967, -71.4948.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

105.5220, 38.1967, -71.4948

Protanopia

122.8560, 25.2140, -13.9057

Deuteranopia

121.6960, 31.2089, -23.4124



Tritanopia

97.1770, 24.5627, -85.2242

Trichromacy



Original Color

105.5220, 38.1967, -71.4948

Protanomaly

116.5760, 29.7890, -34.7082

Deuteranomaly

115.5690, 33.7365, -40.8410

Tritanomaly

100.1760, 29.4932, -79.9614

Monochromacy



Original Color

105.5220, 38.1967, -71.4948

Achromatopsia

106.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

105.5050, 14.0480, -25.8759

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 105.5220, 38.1967, -71.4948 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(24, 132, 183)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(24, 132, 183)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(24, 132, 183) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(24, 132, 183) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 105.5220, 38.1967, -71.4948 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(24, 132, 183) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(24, 132, 183) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(24, 132, 183)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(24, 132, 183); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(24, 132, 183);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(24, 132,  
183) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 105.5220, 38.1967, -71.4948 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(24, 132, 183) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(24, 132,  
183) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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