

Converting Colors

YUV(106.6010, -14.5933,
60.8629)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(106.6010, -14.5933, 60.8629)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(106.6010, -14.5933,
60.8629)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B04D4D
RGB	176, 77, 77
RGB Percent	69%, 30%, 30%
CMY	0.3098, 0.6980, 0.6980
CMYK	0.00, 0.56, 0.56, 0.31
HSL	0°, 39%, 50%
HSV	0°, 56%, 69%
XYZ	21.8979, 15.0737, 8.7765
YIQ	106.6010, 59.0040, 20.9880

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

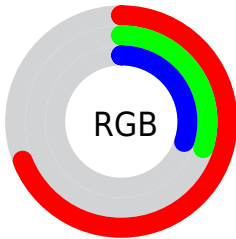
Format	Color
R_{YB}	176, 77, 77
Decimal	11554125
CIE Lab	45.73, 40.42, 20.05
CIE LCh	46, 45.118, 26.378
Yxy	15.0737, 0.4787, 0.3295
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289744205 (0xFFB04D4D)
YUV	106.6010, -14.5933, 60.8629
Hunter-Lab	38.8248, 32.7338, 13.7746

Details

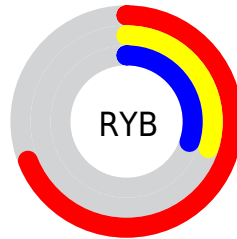
The YUV color **106.6010, -14.5933, 60.8629** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6666**. A complement of this color would be **146.3990, 14.5933, -60.8629**, and the grayscale version is **107.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **160.6510, -17.0829, 66.0811**, and **53.1320, -9.9251, 56.8892** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **93.9830, -17.2466, 71.9289**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **119.2190, -11.9400, 49.7969**.

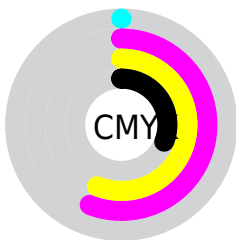
Distribution



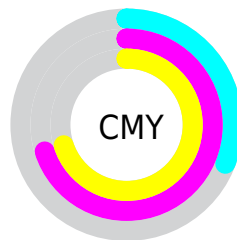
- Red (69%)
- Green (30%)
- Blue (30%)



- Red (69%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Blue (30%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Black (31%)



- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (70%)
- Yellow (70%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 106.6010, -14.5933, 60.8629 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 106.6010, -14.5933, 60.8629 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 106.6010,
-14.5933, 60.8629

■ 106.6010,
-14.5933, 60.8629

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 80.0460, -12.8407,
58.7187

■ 160.6510,
-17.0829, 66.0811

■ 53.1320, -9.9251,
56.8892

■ 185.1450,
-16.3405, 61.2628

■ 28.1640, -8.4619,
54.2302

■ 204.6590,
-12.6499, 44.1491

■ 18.8370, -9.2866,
38.7310

■ 224.1730, -8.9593,
27.0353

■ 10.8780, -4.8699,
22.0320

■ 244.3880, -5.1213,
9.3067

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 106.6010,
-14.5933, 60.8629

■ 106.6010,
-14.5933, 60.8629

■ 93.9830, -17.2466,
71.9289

■ 119.2190,
-11.9400, 49.7969

■ 82.0660, -19.7525,
82.3801

■ 131.1360, -9.4340,
39.3457

■ 69.4480, -22.4059,
93.4461

■ 143.7540, -6.7807,
28.2797

■ 57.5310, -24.9118,
103.8973

■ 155.6710, -4.2748,
17.8285

■ 52.6240, -25.9436,
108.2008

■ 168.2890, -1.6215,
6.7625

■ 180.9070, 1.0318,
-4.3034

■ 192.8240, 3.5378,
-14.7546

■ 205.4420, 6.1911,

-25.8206

■ 217.3590, 8.6970,
-36.2718

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



108.4600, 2.7312, 57.4786



106.6010, -14.5933, 60.8629



105.8000, -29.9744, 47.5334

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



106.6010, -14.5933, 60.8629



92.6530, -14.1259, -42.6687



87.8940, 47.3803, -77.0830

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



106.6010, -14.5933, 60.8629



146.3990, 14.5933, -60.8629

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



91.6950, 39.0974, -80.4165



106.6010, -14.5933, 60.8629



85.5900, 8.0901, -75.0624

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



106.6010, -14.5933, 60.8629



100.7860, -32.4325, -4.1973



90.0360, 25.1253, -78.9616



108.9630, 33.0492, -6.9836

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



106.6010, -14.5933, 60.8629



104.9910, -36.4776, 33.3339



90.0360, 25.1253, -78.9616



89.3130, 45.2017, -78.3275

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



106.6010, -14.5933, 60.8629



201.9600, -5.8963, 24.5911



117.8870, 28.6497, 50.9651



98.8770, -3.3904, 14.1399



242.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



115.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



106.6010, -14.5933, 60.8629



119.9430, -23.1429, 96.5200



135.9510, -29.0628, 35.1230



82.6910, -1.3267, 5.5330



45.7470, -22.5533, 94.0609



7.7740, -3.8326, 15.9842

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



146.3990, 14.5933, -60.8629



183.0570, 23.1429, -96.5200



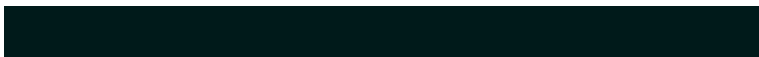
117.6360, 28.7735, -35.6378



86.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330



107.2530, 22.5533, -94.0609



18.2260, 3.8326, -15.9842

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 106.6010, -14.5933, 60.8629 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

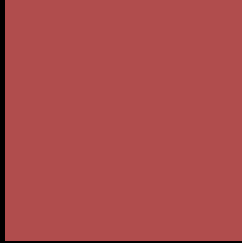
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 106.6010, -14.5933, 60.8629 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 106.6010, -14.5933, 60.8629

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 106.6010, -14.5933, 60.8629.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 106.6010, -14.5933, 60.8629.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

106.6010, -14.5933, 60.8629

Protanopia

108.7420, -8.7468, 5.4883

Deuteranopia

108.4250, -17.9575, 19.7983



Tritanopia

106.4700, -12.5567, 60.9778

Trichromacy



Original Color

106.6010, -14.5933, 60.8629

Protanomaly

107.7060, -10.7011, 25.6908

Deuteranomaly

107.5670, -16.5485, 34.5827

Tritanomaly

106.3560, -12.9935, 61.0778

Monochromacy



Original Color

106.6010, -14.5933, 60.8629

Achromatopsia

107.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

106.7640, -5.3067, 22.1320

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 106.6010, -14.5933, 60.8629 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(176, 77, 77)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(176, 77, 77)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(176, 77, 77) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(176, 77, 77) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 106.6010, -14.5933, 60.8629 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(176, 77, 77) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(176, 77, 77) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(176, 77, 77) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(176, 77, 77); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(176, 77, 77);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(176, 77,  
77) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 106.6010, -14.5933, 60.8629 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(176, 77, 77) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(176, 77,  
77) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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