

# Converting Colors

YUV(107.3130, -14.9443,  
-13.4295)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(107.3130, -14.9443, -13.4295)  
contains.

<b>YUV(107.3130, -14.9443, -13.4295)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YUV(107.3130, -14.9443,  
-13.4295)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5C794D
RGB	92, 121, 77
RGB Percent	36%, 47%, 30%
CMY	0.6392, 0.5255, 0.6980
CMYK	0.24, 0.00, 0.36, 0.53
HSL	100°, 22%, 39%
HSV	100°, 36%, 47%
XYZ	12.5906, 16.4859, 9.5397
YIQ	107.3130, -3.1600, -19.8320

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

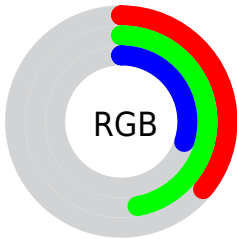
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">77, 121, 106</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">6060365</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">47.61, -19.28, 20.84</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">48, 28.388, 132.779</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">16.4859, 0.3260, 0.4269</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4284250445 (0xFF5C794D)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">107.3130, -14.9443, -13.4295</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">40.6028, -15.7037, 14.4917</a>

# Details

The YUV color **107.3130, -14.9443, -13.4295** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336633**. A complement of this color would be **90.6870, 14.9443, 13.4295**, and the grayscale version is **107.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **158.6720, -16.1073, -13.7443**, and **59.0680, -13.3445, -13.2146** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **103.5530, -19.0066, -17.1480**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **111.0730, -10.8820, -9.7110**.

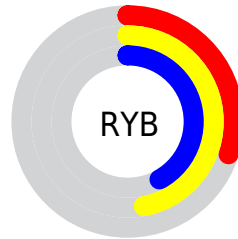
# Distribution



Red (36%)

Green (47%)

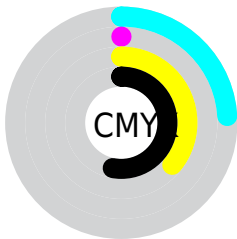
Blue (30%)



Red (30%)

Yellow (47%)

Blue (42%)

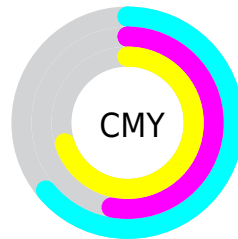


Cyan (24%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (36%)

Black (53%)



Cyan (64%)

Magenta (53%)

Yellow (70%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 107.3130, -14.9443, -13.4295 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 107.3130, -14.9443, -13.4295 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 107.3130,  
-14.9443, -13.4295

■ 107.3130,  
-14.9443, -13.4295

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 82.8400, -14.2181,  
-13.0147

■ 158.6720,  
-16.1073, -13.7443

■ 59.0680, -13.3445,  
-13.2146

■ 186.2590,  
-16.3967, -14.2591

■ 36.4810, -13.0551,  
-12.6998

■ 213.7320,  
-17.1229, -14.6740

■ 17.0230, -8.3923,  
-14.9292

■ 240.8570,  
-16.6915, -13.0296

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 252.4210, -8.5886,  
1.3848

■ 107.3130,  
-14.9443, -13.4295

■ 107.3130,  
-14.9443, -13.4295

■ 103.5530,  
-19.0066, -17.1480

■ 111.0730,  
-10.8820, -9.7110

■ 99.7930, -23.0689,  
-20.8665

■ 114.8330, -6.8197,  
-5.9925

■ 96.0330, -27.1313,  
-24.5849

■ 118.5930, -2.7573,  
-2.2741

■ 92.2730, -31.1936,  
-28.3034

■ 122.3530, 1.3050,  
1.4444

■ 88.3990, -35.6927,  
-31.9219

■ 126.1130, 5.3673,  
5.1629

■ 84.6390, -39.7550,  
-35.6404

■ 129.9870, 9.8664,  
8.7814

■ 83.2860, -41.0600,  
-37.0848

■ 133.7470, 13.9287,  
12.4999

■ 137.5070, 17.9910,

16.2184

■ 141.2670, 22.0534,  
19.9368

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



110.6100, -21.9927, 7.3580



107.3130, -14.9443, -13.4295



103.0850, -2.5069, -36.0315

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



107.3130, -14.9443, -13.4295



103.7120, 26.7640, -44.4744



114.7600, -5.7977, 39.6755

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



107.3130, -14.9443, -13.4295



90.6870, 14.9443, 13.4295

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



116.0930, 5.8702, 30.6134



107.3130, -14.9443, -13.4295



112.2750, 23.0354, -15.1502

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



107.3130, -14.9443, -13.4295



91.1120, 26.5668, -74.6432



115.9040, 15.8233, 11.4852



113.8060, -15.6804, 36.1271



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



107.3130, -14.9443, -13.4295



98.3200, 7.7302, -52.9006



115.9040, 15.8233, 11.4852



115.1880, -1.5717, 37.5461

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



107.3130, -14.9443, -13.4295



152.7730, -5.8041, -5.0629



107.1790, -14.8782, 12.1210



75.7670, -3.3361, -3.3037



207.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



79.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



107.3130, -14.9443, -13.4295



136.3800, -23.3583, -21.3813



103.6260, -9.6756, -23.3510



59.1200, -2.0312, -1.8592



86.2320, -42.5124, -37.9145



173.6380, -85.6035, -76.8585



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



90.6870, 14.9443, 13.4295



110.3210, 23.5057, 20.7665



94.3740, 9.6756, 23.3510



56.8800, 2.0312, 1.8592



38.7680, 42.5124, 37.9145



78.3620, 85.6035, 76.8585



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 107.3130, -14.9443, -13.4295 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 107.3130, -14.9443, -13.4295 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

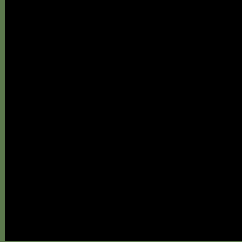
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 107.3130, -14.9443, -13.4295 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 107.3130, -14.9443, -13.4295.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 107.3130, -14.9443, -13.4295.

-13.4295.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

107.3130, -14.9443, -13.4295

### Protanopia

111.2450, -18.3618, 9.4321

### Deuteranopia

112.5820, -16.0629, 18.7836



## Tritanopia

111.2420, 6.2897, -10.7362

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

107.3130, -14.9443, -13.4295

## Protanomaly

109.8310, -17.1717, 1.0252

## Deuteranomaly

110.9180, -15.7356, 7.0879

## Tritanomaly

109.5810, -1.2724, -11.9105

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

107.3130, -14.9443, -13.4295

## Achromatopsia

107.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

107.1860, -5.5147, -4.5481

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 107.3130, -14.9443, -13.4295 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(92, 121, 77)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(92, 121, 77)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(92, 121, 77) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(92, 121, 77) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 107.3130, -14.9443, -13.4295 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(92, 121, 77) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(92, 121, 77) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(92, 121, 77) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(92, 121, 77); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 121, 77);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 121,  
77) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 107.3130, -14.9443, -13.4295 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(92, 121, 77) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(92, 121,  
77) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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