

# Converting Colors

YUV(107.4500, -52.9728,  
3.9904)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(107.4500, -52.9728, 3.9904)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(107.4500, -52.9728,  
3.9904)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	707E00
RGB	112, 126, 0
RGB Percent	44%, 49%, 0%
CMY	0.5608, 0.5059, 1.0000
CMYK	0.11, 0.00, 1.00, 0.51
HSL	67°, 100%, 25%
HSV	67°, 100%, 49%
XYZ	14.1429, 18.3665, 2.7997
YIQ	107.4500, 32.1020, -42.1540

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

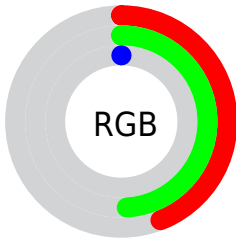
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 126, 14
Decimal	7372288
CIELab	49.94, -19.26, 54.65
CIELCh	50, 57.949, 109.412
Yxy	18.3665, 0.4005, 0.5202
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285562368 (0xFF707E00)
YUV	107.4500, -52.9728, 3.9904
Hunter-Lab	42.8561, -16.0914, 26.1260

# Details

The YUV color **107.4500, -52.9728, 3.9904** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666600**. A complement of this color would be **18.5500, 52.9729, -3.9904**, and the grayscale version is **108.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **162.4160, -48.0261, 4.0202**, and **63.1390, -31.1275, -2.7529** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **107.4500, -52.9728, 3.9904**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **109.2310, -47.4419, 3.3054**.

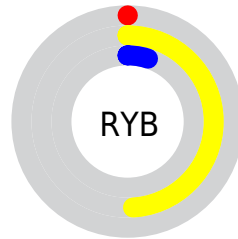
# Distribution



Red (44%)

Green (49%)

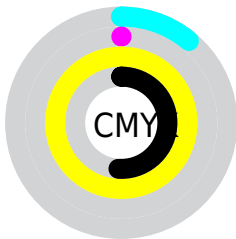
Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (49%)

Blue (5%)

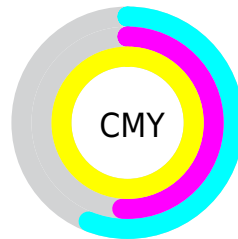


Cyan (11%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (51%)



Cyan (56%)

Magenta (51%)

Yellow (100%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 107.4500, -52.9728, 3.9904 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 107.4500, -52.9728, 3.9904 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 107.4500,  
-52.9728, 3.9904

■ 107.4500,  
-52.9728, 3.9904

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 84.7020, -41.7581,  
0.2613

■ 162.4160,  
-48.0261, 4.0202

■ 63.1390, -31.1275,  
-2.7529

■ 189.7150,  
-48.1735, 4.6349

■ 41.8640, -20.6390,  
-6.8967

■ 217.7860,  
-49.1945, 5.4497

■ 20.8660, -10.2869,  
-13.9145


■ 242.1610,  
-47.9004, 10.3828


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


■ 245.6520,  
-35.8174, 8.1982


■ 248.8440,


-23.5871, 5.3988


 252.1500,  
-10.9200, 2.4994


 107.4500,  
-52.9728, 3.9904

 109.2310,  
-47.4419, 3.3054

 111.1970,  
-42.4951, 3.3352

 112.9780,  
-36.9642, 2.6503

 114.9440,  
-32.0174, 2.6801

 116.7250,  
-26.4864, 1.9952

■ 118.5060,  
-20.9555, 1.3102

■ 120.4720,  
-16.0087, 1.3401

■ 122.2530,  
-10.4777, 0.6551

■ 124.2190, -5.5310,  
0.6849

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



111.5130, -54.9759, 39.8921



107.4500, -52.9728, 3.9904



99.8840, -24.5928, -45.5023

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



107.4500, -52.9728, 3.9904



103.5950, 44.0767, -90.8528



116.6110, 10.5448, 71.3782

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



107.4500, -52.9728, 3.9904



18.5500, 52.9729, -3.9904

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



122.2330, 30.4511, 33.1217



107.4500, -52.9728, 3.9904



100.9340, 56.7275, -88.5191

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



107.4500, -52.9728, 3.9904



100.4540, 24.4262, -88.0982



114.7180, 47.9600, -29.5707



113.4170, -12.0376, 81.1953



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



107.4500, -52.9728, 3.9904



90.9410, -4.4079, -79.7553



114.7180, 47.9600, -29.5707



118.7930, 17.8501, 61.5715

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



107.4500, -52.9728, 3.9904



155.9190, -20.6661, 1.8250



45.3050, -22.3354, 70.7695



77.3840, -12.5143, 0.5402



209.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



82.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



107.4500, -52.9728, 3.9904



139.0360, -68.5447, 5.2304



88.9120, -43.8336, -34.1258



62.9030, -2.9102, 0.0851



108.9230, -53.6990, 3.5755



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18.5500, 52.9729, -3.9904



23.9640, 68.5447, -5.2304



37.0880, 43.8336, 34.1258



58.0970, 2.9102, -0.0851



18.7780, 53.8464, -4.1903



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 107.4500, -52.9728, 3.9904 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 107.4500, -52.9728, 3.9904 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 107.4500, -52.9728, 3.9904

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 107.4500, -52.9728, 3.9904.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 107.4500, -52.9728, 3.9904.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

107.4500, -52.9728, 3.9904

### Protanopia

109.9190, -54.1901, 21.1190

### Deuteranopia

113.5750, -45.6395, 31.9447



## Tritanopia

119.2220, 3.3416, 1.5593

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

107.4500, -52.9728, 3.9904

## Protanomaly

109.2880, -53.8790, 14.6564

## Deuteranomaly

111.4120, -48.5171, 21.5637

## Tritanomaly

114.8420, -17.1771, 2.7696

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

107.4500, -52.9728, 3.9904

## Achromatopsia

107.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

107.2610, -19.3557, 1.5251

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 107.4500, -52.9728, 3.9904 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(112, 126, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(112, 126, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(112, 126, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(112, 126, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 107.4500, -52.9728, 3.9904 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(112, 126, 0) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(112, 126, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(112, 126, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(112, 126, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 126, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 126,  
0) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 107.4500, -52.9728, 3.9904 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(112, 126, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(112,  
126, 0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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