

# Converting Colors

YUV(108.3900, -1.6713,  
-24.0210)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(108.3900, -1.6713, -24.0210)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(108.3900, -1.6713,  
-24.0210)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	517B69
RGB	81, 123, 105
RGB Percent	32%, 48%, 41%
CMY	0.6824, 0.5176, 0.5882
CMYK	0.34, 0.00, 0.15, 0.52
HSL	154°, 21%, 40%
HSV	154°, 34%, 48%
XYZ	13.0261, 16.9352, 15.9469
YIQ	108.3900, -19.2540, -14.5020

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

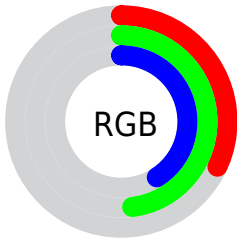
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	81, 108, 123
Decimal	5340009
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	48.18, -18.84, 5.23
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	48, 19.555, 164.490
Yxy	16.9352, 0.2837, 0.3689
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283530089 (0xFF517B69)
YUV	108.3900, -1.6713, -24.0210
Hunter-Lab	41.1524, -15.5154, 5.8313

# Details

The YUV color **108.3900, -1.6713, -24.0210** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **95.6100, 1.6713, 24.0210**, and the grayscale version is **108.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **160.5640, -2.2501, -25.0506**, and **59.9170, -0.9451, -23.6062** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **104.2320, -2.0864, -30.8985**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **112.5480, -1.2562, -17.1436**.

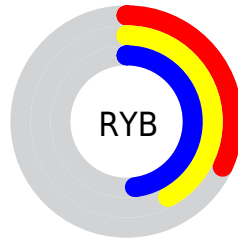
# Distribution



Red (32%)

Green (48%)

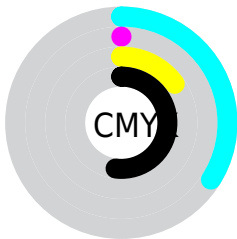
Blue (41%)



Red (32%)

Yellow (42%)

Blue (48%)

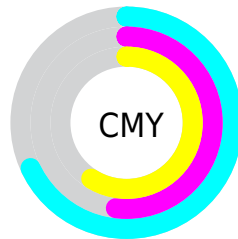


Cyan (34%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (15%)

Black (52%)



Cyan (68%)

Magenta (52%)

Yellow (59%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 108.3900, -1.6713, -24.0210 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 108.3900, -1.6713, -24.0210 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 108.3900, -1.6713,  
-24.0210

■ 108.3900, -1.6713,  
-24.0210

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 83.8030, -1.3819,  
-23.5062

■ 160.5640, -2.2501,  
-25.0506

■ 59.9170, -0.9451,  
-23.6062

■ 187.2650, -2.1026,  
-25.6654

■ 36.4330, -0.2135,  
-24.9357

■ 215.2650, -2.1026,  
-25.6654

■ 19.9070, -2.4192,  
-17.4584

■ 240.9170, -0.9451,  
-23.6062

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 251.1130, 1.9163,  
-7.9921

■ 108.3900, -1.6713,  
-24.0210

■ 108.3900, -1.6713,  
-24.0210

■ 104.2320, -2.0864,  
-30.8985

■ 112.5480, -1.2562,  
-17.1436

■ 99.6610, -2.7909,  
-38.2907

■ 117.1190, -0.5517,  
-9.7514

■ 95.5030, -3.2060,  
-45.1681

■ 121.2770, -0.1366,  
-2.8739

■ 91.3450, -3.6211,  
-52.0456

■ 125.4350, 0.2785,  
4.0035

■ 86.8880, -3.8888,  
-59.5378

■ 129.8920, 0.5462,  
11.4957

■ 82.6160, -4.7407,  
-66.3152

■ 134.1640, 1.3981,  
18.2732

■ 80.1810, -5.0192,  
-70.3187

■ 138.3220, 1.8133,  
25.1506

■ 142.4800, 2.2284,

32.0280

■ 146.9370, 2.4961,  
39.5203

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



110.6000, -10.1558, -9.2962



108.3900, -1.6713, -24.0210



106.7290, 7.5286, -34.8423

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



108.3900, -1.6713, -24.0210



114.3700, 15.5936, -8.2175



115.4780, -11.5747, 25.8908

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



108.3900, -1.6713, -24.0210



95.6100, 1.6713, 24.0210

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



116.3240, -4.5967, 27.7799



108.3900, -1.6713, -24.0210



116.5140, 10.5926, 9.1962

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



108.3900, -1.6713, -24.0210



110.4280, 17.5370, -24.9314



117.0550, 3.4239, 21.8768



114.0980, -15.3313, 17.4541



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



108.3900, -1.6713, -24.0210



106.6840, 12.4808, -36.5569



117.0550, 3.4239, 21.8768



115.9450, -9.8329, 27.2352

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



108.3900, -1.6713, -24.0210



155.4180, -0.6991, -9.1366



111.0360, -14.8077, -10.5556



78.4400, -0.7099, -5.6479



209.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



82.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



108.3900, -1.6713, -24.0210



137.9600, -2.9383, -37.6759



108.6810, 7.0593, -24.2762



58.9780, 0.0108, -3.4887



81.4690, -5.1612, -71.4483



164.3400, -10.0276, -144.1262



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



95.6100, 1.6713, 24.0210



117.9260, 2.5015, 37.7759



95.3190, -7.0593, 24.2762



57.1360, 0.4260, 3.3887



43.5310, 5.1612, 71.4483



87.6600, 10.0276, 144.1262



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 108.3900, -1.6713, -24.0210 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 108.3900, -1.6713, -24.0210 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

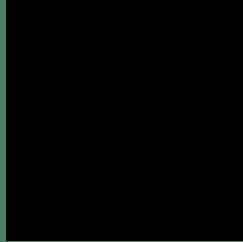
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 108.3900, -1.6713, -24.0210 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 108.3900, -1.6713, -24.0210.



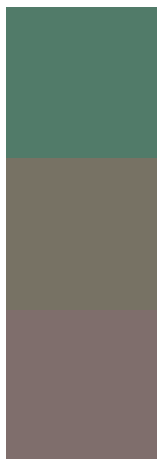
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 108.3900, -1.6713, -24.0210.

-24.0210.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

108.3900, -1.6713, -24.0210

### Protanopia

113.8990, -6.8522, 4.4736

### Deuteranopia

114.8550, -3.3795, 10.6512



## Tritanopia

110.8600, 8.9430, -21.8022

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

108.3900, -1.6713, -24.0210

## Protanomaly

111.7020, -4.7831, -5.8777

## Deuteranomaly

112.5930, -2.7573, -2.2741

## Tritanomaly

109.8230, 5.0173, -22.6468

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

108.3900, -1.6713, -24.0210

## Achromatopsia

108.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

107.8310, -0.4097, -8.6218

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 108.3900, -1.6713, -24.0210 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(81, 123, 105)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(81, 123, 105)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(81, 123, 105) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(81, 123, 105) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 108.3900, -1.6713, -24.0210 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(81, 123, 105) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(81, 123, 105) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(81, 123, 105)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(81, 123, 105); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(81, 123, 105);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(81, 123,  
105) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 108.3900, -1.6713, -24.0210 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(81, 123, 105) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(81, 123,  
105) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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