

# Converting Colors

YUV(108.8420, 33.1089,  
-26.1714)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(108.8420, 33.1089, -26.1714)  
contains.

<b>YUV(108.8420, 33.1089, -26.1714)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YUV(108.8420, 33.1089,  
-26.1714)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	4F6FB0
RGB	79, 111, 176
RGB Percent	31%, 44%, 69%
CMY	0.6902, 0.5647, 0.3098
CMYK	0.55, 0.37, 0.00, 0.31
HSL	220°, 38%, 50%
HSV	220°, 55%, 69%
XYZ	16.7454, 16.1657, 43.3120
YIQ	108.8420, -39.9370, 13.4310

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

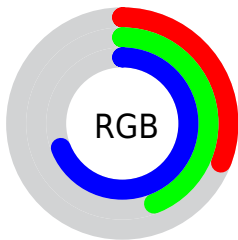
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>Y</sub>B</b>	79, 103, 176
Decimal	5205936
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	47.19, 7.92, -38.14
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	47, 38.953, 281.737
Yxy	16.1657, 0.2197, 0.2121
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283396016 (0xFF4F6FB0)
YUV	108.8420, 33.1089, -26.1714
Hunter-Lab	40.2066, 3.9805, -35.7247

# Details

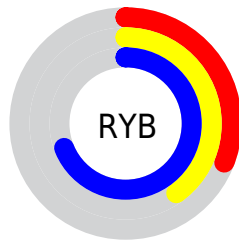
The YUV color **108.8420, 33.1089, -26.1714** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336699**. A complement of this color would be **146.1580, -33.1089, 26.1714**, and the grayscale version is **109.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **161.6080, 34.7033, -24.2122**, and **55.4770, 33.2888, -37.2523** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **96.4160, 39.2349, -31.0598**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **121.2680, 26.9829, -21.2830**.

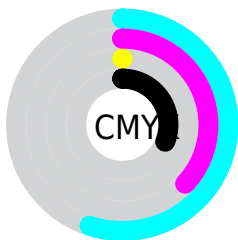
# Distribution



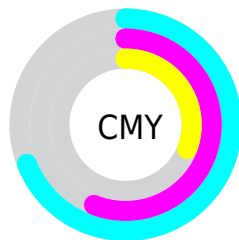
- Red (31%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (69%)



- Red (31%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (69%)



- Cyan (55%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (31%)



- Cyan (69%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (31%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 108.8420, 33.1089, -26.1714 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 108.8420, 33.1089, -26.1714 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 108.8420, 33.1089,  
-26.1714

■ 108.8420, 33.1089,  
-26.1714

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 83.0050, 32.5355,  
-28.9454

■ 161.6080, 34.7033,  
-24.2122

■ 55.4770, 33.2888,  
-37.2523

■ 188.4510, 32.8087,  
-23.1975

■ 35.8260, 30.6518,  
-31.4194

■ 213.5580, 20.4309,  
-19.7834

■ 21.8230, 25.2303,  
-19.1388

■ 238.6650, 8.0532,  
-16.3692

■ 8.0480, 20.6823,  
-7.0581

■ 253.2060, 0.8844,  
-3.6887

■ 4.4800, 12.0884,  
-3.9290

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 108.8420, 33.1089,  
-26.1714

■ 108.8420, 33.1089,  
-26.1714

■ 96.4160, 39.2349,  
-31.0598

■ 121.2680, 26.9829,  
-21.2830

■ 84.2890, 45.2135,  
-35.3335

■ 133.3950, 21.0043,  
-17.0094

■ 72.4500, 51.0502,  
-40.7366

■ 145.2340, 15.1676,  
-11.6062

■ 60.3230, 57.0288,  
-45.0103

■ 157.3610, 9.1890,  
-7.3326

■ 54.1100, 60.0918,  
-47.4545

■ 169.7870, 3.0630,  
-2.4442

■ 182.2130, -3.0630,  
2.4442

■ 194.3400, -9.0416,  
6.7178

■ 206.1790,  
-14.8782, 12.1210

■ 218.3060,  
-20.8569, 16.3946

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



90.8630, 40.9865, -79.6869



108.8420, 33.1089, -26.1714



115.0490, 22.6538, 13.9890

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



108.8420, 33.1089, -26.1714



111.3300, -20.3757, 48.8226



93.1810, -1.5682, -57.1637

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



108.8420, 33.1089, -26.1714



146.1580, -33.1089, 26.1714

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



103.3850, -20.8958, -17.8776



108.8420, 33.1089, -26.1714



110.2990, -30.2204, 33.0638

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



108.8420, 33.1089, -26.1714



112.4350, -6.1305, 53.1155



107.6290, -30.8761, 9.9724



89.2720, 17.1209, -78.2915



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



108.8420, 33.1089, -26.1714



115.1780, 13.7162, 34.0469



107.6290, -30.8761, 9.9724



98.3310, -9.0372, -41.5093

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



108.8420, 33.1089, -26.1714



202.1910, 13.7098, -10.6915



143.3490, 0.3209, -56.4341



98.7310, 8.0206, -5.9031



242.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



115.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



108.8420, 33.1089, -26.1714



124.6780, 51.9237, -40.9366



94.8420, 40.0109, 0.1386



82.7870, 3.0630, -2.4442



46.7920, 52.3605, -41.0366



7.6600, 9.0416, -6.7178



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



111.6510, -0.3209, 56.4341



129.1480, -0.5660, 88.4472



160.1580, -40.0109, -0.1386



83.0330, -0.0163, 5.2331



51.4470, -0.7134, 89.0620

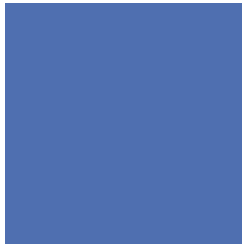


8.6860, -0.3382, 15.1844



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 108.8420, 33.1089, -26.1714 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

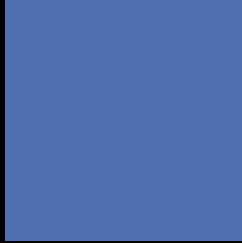
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 108.8420, 33.1089, -26.1714 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

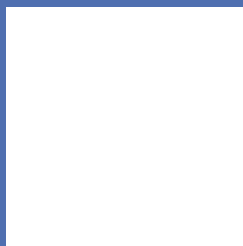
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 108.8420, 33.1089, -26.1714 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 108.8420, 33.1089, -26.1714.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 108.8420, 33.1089, -26.1714.

-26.1714.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

108.8420, 33.1089, -26.1714

### Protanopia

109.9460, 32.0716, -20.1236

### Deuteranopia

108.5320, 33.2617, -28.5306



## Tritanopia

103.7980, 12.9176, -36.6568

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

108.8420, 33.1089, -26.1714

## Protanomaly

109.6360, 32.2245, -22.4828

## Deuteranomaly

108.8310, 33.1143, -27.9158

## Tritanomaly

105.7690, 20.3269, -33.1234

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

108.8420, 33.1089, -26.1714

## Achromatopsia

109.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

109.0340, 11.8152, -9.6768

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 108.8420, 33.1089, -26.1714 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(79, 111, 176)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(79, 111, 176)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(79, 111, 176) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(79, 111, 176) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 108.8420, 33.1089, -26.1714 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(79, 111, 176) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(79, 111, 176) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(79, 111, 176)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(79, 111, 176); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(79, 111, 176);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(79, 111,  
176) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 108.8420, 33.1089, -26.1714 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(79, 111, 176) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(79, 111,  
176) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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