

Converting Colors

YUV(108.9520, -3.9203, -2.5889)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(108.9520, -3.9203, -2.5889)
contains.

YUV(108.9520, -3.9203, -2.5889)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YUV(108.9520, -3.9203,
-2.5889)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6A7065
RGB	106, 112, 101
RGB Percent	42%, 44%, 40%
CMY	0.5843, 0.5608, 0.6039
CMYK	0.05, 0.00, 0.10, 0.56
HSL	93°, 5%, 42%
HSV	93°, 10%, 44%
XYZ	14.0870, 15.5921, 14.5790
YIQ	108.9520, -0.0450, -4.6930

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

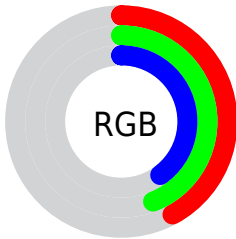
Format	Color
R_{YB}	101, 112, 107
Decimal	6975589
CIE Lab	46.43, -4.51, 5.33
CIE LCh	46, 6.981, 130.254
Yxy	15.5921, 0.3183, 0.3523
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285165669 (0xFF6A7065)
YUV	108.9520, -3.9203, -2.5889
Hunter-Lab	39.4868, -5.4218, 5.7502

Details

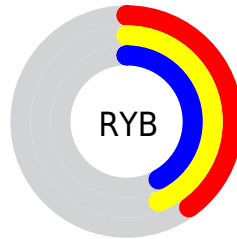
The YUV color **108.9520, -3.9203, -2.5889** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **104.0480, 3.9203, 2.5889**, and the grayscale version is **109.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **160.5390, -4.2097, -3.1037**, and **61.3650, -3.6309, -2.0741** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **105.9040, -7.8407, -5.1778**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **112.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

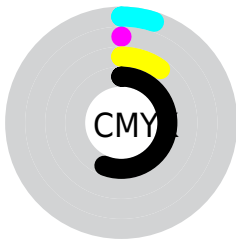
Distribution



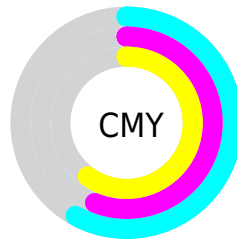
- Red (42%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (40%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (42%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Black (56%)



- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 108.9520, -3.9203, -2.5889 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 108.9520, -3.9203, -2.5889 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 108.9520, -3.9203,
-2.5889

■ 108.9520, -3.9203,
-2.5889

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 84.9520, -3.9203,
-2.5889

■ 160.5390, -4.2097,
-3.1037

■ 61.3650, -3.6309,
-2.0741

■ 187.5390, -4.2097,
-3.1037

■ 39.4790, -3.1941,
-2.1741

■ 215.4250, -4.6465,
-3.0037

■ 19.1370, -4.5045,
-1.8741

■ 243.4250, -4.6465,
-3.0037

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 108.9520, -3.9203,

■ 108.9520, -3.9203,

-2.5889

-2.5889

■ 105.9040, -7.8407,
-5.1778

■ 112.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 102.8560,
-11.7610, -7.7667

■ 115.0480, 3.9203,
2.5889

■ 99.6940, -16.1181,
-10.2556

■ 118.2100, 8.2775,
5.0778

■ 96.6460, -20.0385,
-12.8445

■ 121.2580, 12.1978,
7.6667

■ 93.2990, -23.8114,
-16.0482

■ 124.6050, 15.9707,
10.8704

■ 90.2510, -27.7317,
-18.6371

■ 127.6530, 19.8911,
13.4593

■ 87.2030, -31.6521,
-21.2260

■ 130.7010, 23.8114,
16.0482

■ 84.0410, -36.0092,
-23.7150

■ 133.8630, 28.1685,
18.5371

■ 80.9930, -39.9295,
-26.3039

■ 136.9110, 32.0889,
21.1261

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



109.6430, -5.2470, 2.9441



108.9520, -3.9203, -2.5889



108.3150, -1.1413, -7.2923

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



108.9520, -3.9203, -2.5889



109.4380, 5.7001, -8.2771



111.3110, -1.6323, 10.2513

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



108.9520, -3.9203, -2.5889



104.0480, 3.9203, 2.5889

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



111.6850, 1.1413, 7.2923



108.9520, -3.9203, -2.5889



110.0580, 5.3944, -3.5589

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



108.9520, -3.9203, -2.5889



108.3730, 4.2531, -10.8511



111.0480, 3.9203, 2.5889



111.0290, -3.9583, 9.6216

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



108.9520, -3.9203, -2.5889



108.4610, 0.7587, -10.0513



111.0480, 3.9203, 2.5889



111.2400, -0.6113, 9.4365

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



108.9520, -3.9203, -2.5889



143.9460, -1.4524, -0.8296



107.8110, -3.3578, 3.6738



73.0600, -1.0156, -0.9296



201.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



74.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



108.9520, -3.9203, -2.5889



140.3710, -6.0989, -3.8334



107.4570, -3.1833, -5.6628



54.4190, -2.1786, -1.2445



86.5860, -42.6869, -28.5779



178.4770, -87.9892, -58.3003

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



104.0480, 3.9203, 2.5889



132.6290, 6.0989, 3.8334



105.5430, 3.1833, 5.6628



51.8800, 2.0312, 1.8592



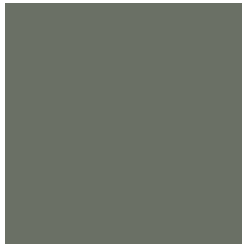
33.1150, 42.8343, 27.9631



68.5230, 87.9892, 58.3003

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 108.9520, -3.9203, -2.5889 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

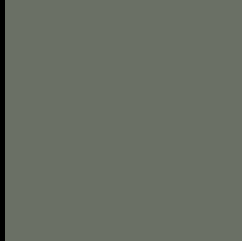
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 108.9520, -3.9203, -2.5889 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

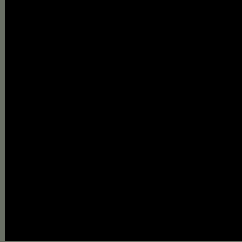
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 108.9520, -3.9203, -2.5889

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 108.9520, -3.9203, -2.5889.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 108.9520, -3.9203, -2.5889.

-2.5889.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

108.9520, -3.9203, -2.5889

Protanopia

110.0560, -4.9576, 3.4589

Deuteranopia

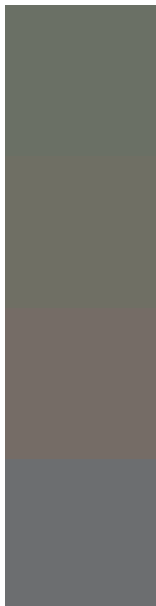
110.6270, -4.2531, 10.8511



Tritanopia

110.0260, 3.9312, -0.8998

Trichromacy



Original Color

108.9520, -3.9203, -2.5889

Protanomaly

109.7460, -4.8048, 1.0998

Deuteranomaly

110.0070, -3.9475, 6.1329

Tritanomaly

109.6300, 1.1684, -1.4295

Monochromacy



Original Color

108.9520, -3.9203, -2.5889

Achromatopsia

109.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

108.9460, -1.4524, -0.8296

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 108.9520, -3.9203, -2.5889 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(106, 112, 101)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(106, 112, 101)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(106, 112, 101) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(106, 112, 101) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 108.9520, -3.9203, -2.5889 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(106, 112, 101) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(106, 112, 101) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(106, 112, 101)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(106, 112, 101); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(106, 112, 101);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(106, 112,  
101) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 108.9520, -3.9203, -2.5889 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(106, 112, 101) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(106,  
112, 101) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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