

Converting Colors

YUV(109.1140, 0.4368, -0.1000)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(109.1140, 0.4368, -0.1000)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(109.1140, 0.4368,
-0.1000)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6D6D6E
RGB	109, 109, 110
RGB Percent	43%, 43%, 43%
CMY	0.5725, 0.5725, 0.5686
CMYK	0.01, 0.01, 0.00, 0.57
HSL	240°, 0%, 43%
HSV	240°, 1%, 43%
XYZ	14.5898, 15.3143, 16.9388
YIQ	109.1140, -0.3210, 0.3110

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R _{YB}	109, 109, 110
Decimal	7171438
CIE Lab	46.06, 0.21, -0.56
CIE LCh	46, 0.600, 290.329
Yxy	15.3143, 0.3115, 0.3269
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285361518 (0xFF6D6D6E)
YUV	109.1140, 0.4368, -0.1000
Hunter-Lab	39.1335, -1.9350, 1.7299

Details

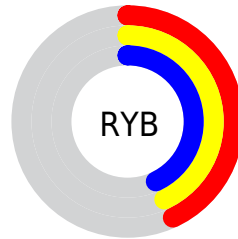
The YUV color $109.1140, 0.4368, -0.1000$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $109.8860, -0.4368, 0.1000$, and the grayscale version is $109.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $160.2280, 0.8736, -0.2000$, and $62.1140, 0.4368, -0.1000$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $99.3680, 5.2416, -1.1997$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $118.8600, -4.3680, 0.9998$.

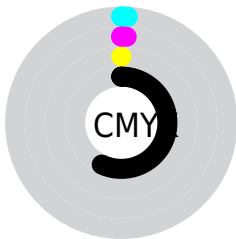
Distribution



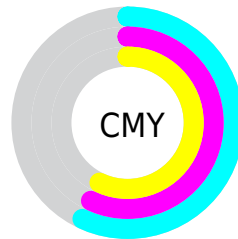
- Red (43%)
- Green (43%)
- Blue (43%)



- Red (43%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Blue (43%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (57%)



- Cyan (57%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (57%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 109.1140, 0.4368, -0.1000 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 109.1140, 0.4368, -0.1000 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 109.1140, 0.4368,
-0.1000

■ 109.1140, 0.4368,
-0.1000

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 85.1140, 0.4368,
-0.1000

■ 160.2280, 0.8736,
-0.2000

■ 62.1140, 0.4368,
-0.1000

■ 187.2280, 0.8736,
-0.2000

■ 40.1140, 0.4368,
-0.1000

■ 215.1140, 0.4368,
-0.1000

■ 19.1140, 0.4368,
-0.1000

■ 244.1140, 0.4368,
-0.1000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 109.1140, 0.4368,

■ 109.1140, 0.4368,

-0.1000

■ 99.3680, 5.2416,
-1.1997

■ 89.6220, 10.0464,
-2.2995

■ 79.8760, 14.8511,
-3.3993

■ 70.1300, 19.6559,
-4.4990

■ 60.3840, 24.4607,
-5.5988

■ 50.6380, 29.2655,
-6.6985

■ 40.8920, 34.0702,
-7.7983

■ 31.1460, 38.8750,
-8.8980

-0.1000

■ 118.8600, -4.3680,
0.9998

■ 128.6060, -9.1728,
2.0995

■ 138.3520,
-13.9775, 3.1993

■ 148.0980,
-18.7823, 4.2991

■ 157.8440,
-23.5871, 5.3988

■ 167.5900,
-28.3919, 6.4986

■ 177.3360,
-33.1966, 7.5983

■ 187.0820,
-38.0014, 8.6981

■ 21.4000, 43.6798,
-9.9978

■ 196.8280,
-42.8062, 9.7978

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



108.8150, 0.5842, -0.7148



109.1140, 0.4368, -0.1000



109.4130, 0.2894, 0.5148

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



109.1140, 0.4368, -0.1000



109.1850, -0.5842, 0.7148



108.7010, 0.1474, -0.6148

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



109.1140, 0.4368, -0.1000



109.8860, -0.4368, 0.1000

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



108.8860, -0.4368, 0.1000



109.1140, 0.4368, -0.1000



109.1850, -0.5842, 0.7148

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



109.1140, 0.4368, -0.1000



109.2990, -0.1474, 0.6148



108.8860, -0.4368, 0.1000



108.7010, 0.1474, -0.6148

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



109.1140, 0.4368, -0.1000



109.2990, -0.1474, 0.6148



108.8860, -0.4368, 0.1000



108.7010, 0.1474, -0.6148

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



109.1140, 0.4368, -0.1000



143.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



109.7010, 0.1474, -0.6148



71.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



199.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



109.1140, 0.4368, -0.1000



141.2280, 0.8736, -0.2000



109.4130, 0.2894, 0.5148



56.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



13.6800, 52.4158, -11.9974



28.1580, 107.8891, -24.6946

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



109.4130, 0.2894, 0.5148



141.8260, 0.5788, 1.0296



109.8860, -0.4368, 0.1000



56.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



49.5600, 34.7269, 61.7759



102.0110, 71.4796, 127.1554

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 109.1140, 0.4368, -0.1000 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

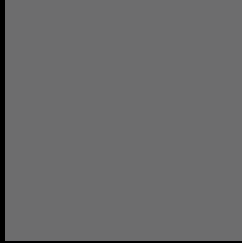
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 109.1140, 0.4368, -0.1000 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

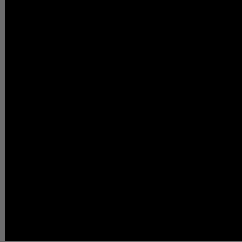
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 109.1140, 0.4368, -0.1000

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 109.1140, 0.4368, -0.1000.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 109.1140, 0.4368,

-0.1000.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

109.1140, 0.4368, -0.1000

Protanopia

109.1250, 0.4314, 1.6444

Deuteranopia

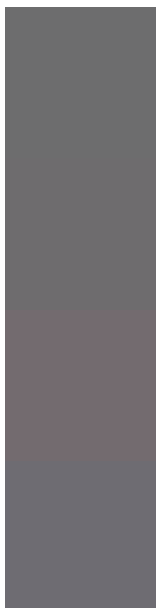
110.4570, 0.2677, 7.4922



Tritanopia

109.6240, 3.6364, 0.3298

Trichromacy



Original Color

109.1140, 0.4368, -0.1000

Protanomaly

108.8260, 0.5788, 1.0296

Deuteranomaly

109.8480, 0.5679, 4.5183

Tritanomaly

109.2820, 2.3260, 0.6297

Monochromacy



Original Color

109.1140, 0.4368, -0.1000

Achromatopsia

109.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

109.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 109.1140, 0.4368, -0.1000 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(109, 109, 110)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(109, 109, 110)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(109, 109, 110) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(109, 109, 110) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 109.1140, 0.4368, -0.1000 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(109, 109, 110) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(109, 109, 110) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(109, 109, 110) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(109, 109, 110); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(109, 109, 110);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(109, 109,  
110) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 109.1140, 0.4368, -0.1000 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(109, 109, 110) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(109,  
109, 110) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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