

# Converting Colors

YUV(109.1600, -9.4459, -3.6483)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(109.1600, -9.4459, -3.6483)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(109.1600, -9.4459,  
-3.6483)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	69735A
RGB	105, 115, 90
RGB Percent	41%, 45%, 35%
CMY	0.5882, 0.5490, 0.6471
CMYK	0.09, 0.00, 0.22, 0.55
HSL	84°, 12%, 40%
HSV	84°, 22%, 45%
XYZ	13.8019, 16.0029, 12.0343
YIQ	109.1600, 2.0650, -9.8950

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

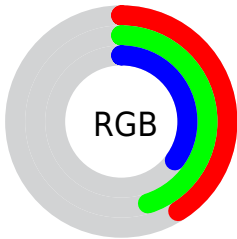
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	90, 115, 100
Decimal	6910810
CIE Lab	46.98, -8.65, 12.60
CIE LCh	47, 15.286, 124.468
Yxy	16.0029, 0.3299, 0.3825
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285100890 (0xFF69735A)
YUV	109.1600, -9.4459, -3.6483
Hunter-Lab	40.0036, -8.4210, 10.1663

# Details

The YUV color **109.1600, -9.4459, -3.6483** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **95.8400, 9.4459, 3.6483**, and the grayscale version is **109.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **160.6330, -10.1721, -4.0631**, and **61.6870, -8.7197, -3.2335** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **106.4110, -13.5136, -5.6224**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **112.0230, -4.9413, -1.7742**.

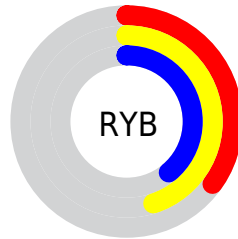
# Distribution



Red (41%)

Green (45%)

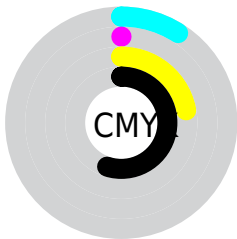
Blue (35%)



Red (35%)

Yellow (45%)

Blue (39%)

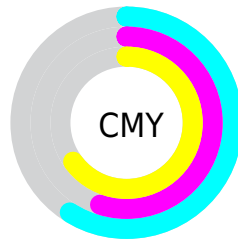


Cyan (9%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (22%)

Black (55%)



Cyan (59%)

Magenta (55%)

Yellow (65%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 109.1600, -9.4459, -3.6483 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 109.1600, -9.4459, -3.6483 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 109.1600, -9.4459,  
-3.6483

■ 109.1600, -9.4459,  
-3.6483

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 84.5730, -9.1565,  
-3.1335

■ 160.6330,  
-10.1721, -4.0631

■ 61.6870, -8.7197,  
-3.2335

■ 187.6330,  
-10.1721, -4.0631

■ 39.8010, -8.2829,  
-3.3335

■ 215.5190,  
-10.6089, -3.9632

■ 18.8720, -9.3039,  
-2.5187

■ 244.1060,  
-10.8983, -4.4780

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 254.4300, -2.1840,  
0.4999

■ 109.1600, -9.4459,  
-3.6483

■ 109.1600, -9.4459,  
-3.6483

■ 106.4110,  
-13.5136, -5.6224

■ 112.0230, -4.9413,  
-1.7742

■ 103.8470,  
-18.1656, -6.8818

■ 114.4730, -0.7262,  
-0.4148

■ 101.0980,  
-22.2333, -8.8559

■ 117.3360, 3.7784,  
1.4593

■ 98.5340, -26.8853,  
-10.1153

■ 119.7860, 7.9935,  
2.8187

■ 95.7850, -30.9530,  
-12.0894

■ 122.5350, 12.0612,  
4.7928

■ 92.9220, -35.4575,  
-13.9636

■ 125.3980, 16.5658,  
6.6670

■ 90.3580, -40.1095,  
-15.2230

■ 127.9620, 21.2177,  
7.9263

■ 88.1360, -43.4510,

■ 130.7110, 25.2855,

-16.7823

9.9005

■ 133.2750, 29.9374,  
11.1598

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



110.5420, -12.0992, 7.4177



109.1600, -9.4459, -3.6483



107.8750, -3.8824, -14.7994

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



109.1600, -9.4459, -3.6483



108.1850, 12.7268, -22.0872



113.3770, -1.6649, 20.7174

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



109.1600, -9.4459, -3.6483



95.8400, 9.4459, 3.6483

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



113.9400, 4.4666, 14.0846



109.1600, -9.4459, -3.6483



110.9630, 12.8362, -10.4916

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



109.1600, -9.4459, -3.6483



106.2400, 9.2487, -26.5205



112.6550, 10.0301, 2.9336



112.4820, -7.6326, 21.5023



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



109.1600, -9.4459, -3.6483



106.6830, 0.6493, -21.6470



112.6550, 10.0301, 2.9336



113.2350, 0.3771, 19.0879

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



109.1600, -9.4459, -3.6483



147.6640, -3.7784, -1.4593



103.3450, -6.5791, 10.2214



75.3050, -2.6154, -1.1445



204.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



77.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



109.1600, -9.4459, -3.6483



141.0690, -14.8240, -5.3225



105.5720, -7.6770, -11.0256



57.4190, -2.1786, -1.2445



93.4410, -46.0664, -17.9268



191.6000, -94.4588, -36.4832



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



95.8400, 9.4459, 3.6483



120.2300, 14.6766, 5.9373



99.7270, 7.5296, 11.6404



54.2820, 2.3260, 0.6297



28.5590, 46.0664, 17.9268



58.4000, 94.4588, 36.4832



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 109.1600, -9.4459, -3.6483 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 109.1600, -9.4459, -3.6483 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

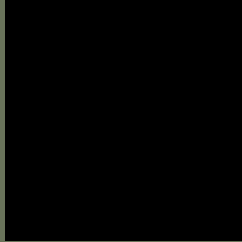
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

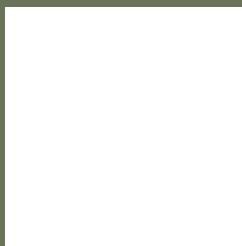
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 109.1600, -9.4459, -3.6483

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 109.1600, -9.4459, -3.6483.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 109.1600, -9.4459, -3.6483.

-3.6483.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

109.1600, -9.4459, -3.6483

### Protanopia

110.4710, -11.0782, 6.6029

### Deuteranopia

111.8680, -9.7949, 15.0248



## Tritanopia

111.4280, 4.2260, -2.1294

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

109.1600, -9.4459, -3.6483

## Protanomaly

109.6770, -10.1938, 2.9143

## Deuteranomaly

110.8240, -9.7732, 8.0474

## Tritanomaly

110.4620, -0.7208, -2.1592

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

109.1600, -9.4459, -3.6483

## Achromatopsia

109.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

109.0770, -3.4890, -0.9445

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 109.1600, -9.4459, -3.6483 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(105, 115, 90)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(105, 115, 90)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(105, 115, 90) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(105, 115, 90) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 109.1600, -9.4459, -3.6483 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(105, 115, 90) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(105, 115, 90) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(105, 115, 90) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(105, 115, 90); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(105, 115, 90);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(105, 115,  
90) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 109.1600, -9.4459, -3.6483 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(105, 115, 90) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(105,  
115, 90) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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