

# Converting Colors

YUV(109.5260, -30.8253,  
87.2387)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(109.5260, -30.8253, 87.2387)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(109.5260, -30.8253,  
87.2387)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	D1472F
RGB	209, 71, 47
RGB Percent	82%, 28%, 18%
CMY	0.1804, 0.7216, 0.8157
CMYK	0.00, 0.66, 0.78, 0.18
HSL	9°, 64%, 50%
HSV	9°, 78%, 82%
XYZ	29.0608, 18.2670, 4.6835
YIQ	109.5260, 89.9520, 21.7920

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

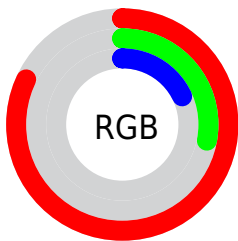
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	209, 75, 47
Decimal	13715247
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	49.82, 53.14, 43.40
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	50, 68.615, 39.240
Yxy	18.2670, 0.5587, 0.3512
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291905327 (0xFFD1472F)
YUV	109.5260, -30.8253, 87.2387
Hunter-Lab	42.7399, 46.5754, 23.4208

# Details

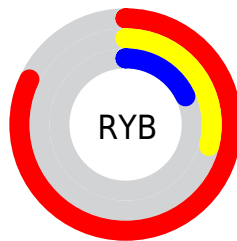
The YUV color **109.5260, -30.8253, 87.2387** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3333**. The color can be described as dark washed red. A complement of this color would be **146.4740, 30.8253, -87.2387**, and the grayscale version is **110.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **161.0370, -32.5562, 82.4056**, and **43.9530, -21.6688, 90.3722** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **96.5660, -34.7890, 98.6046**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **122.4860, -26.8616, 75.8728**.

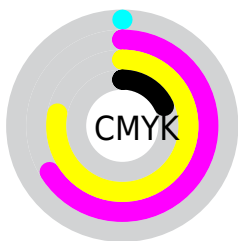
# Distribution



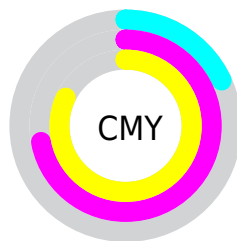
- Red (82%)
- Green (28%)
- Blue (18%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Blue (18%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (66%)
- Yellow (78%)
- Black (18%)




- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (72%)
- Yellow (82%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 109.5260, -30.8253, 87.2387 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 109.5260, -30.8253, 87.2387 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 109.5260,  
-30.8253, 87.2387


 109.5260,  
-30.8253, 87.2387


255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 80.6120, -27.9097,  
85.4093


 161.0370,  
-32.5562, 82.4056


 43.9530, -21.6688,  
90.3722


 180.3230,  
-29.7392, 65.4917


 34.6840, -17.0992,  
71.3141


 199.7230,  
-26.4854, 48.4779

 25.7140, -12.6770,  
52.8708

 219.2370,  
-22.7948, 31.3642

 17.8690, -7.8234,  
36.0719

 239.9250,  
-19.6830, 13.2208

 6.2790, -3.0955,  
12.9103

 252.0360,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

-11.3567, 2.5994

0.0000

■ 109.5260,  
-30.8253, 87.2387

■ 109.5260,  
-30.8253, 87.2387

■ 96.5660, -34.7890,  
98.6046

■ 122.4860,  
-26.8616, 75.8728

■ 83.6060, -38.7528,  
109.9705

■ 135.4460,  
-22.8979, 64.5069

■ 80.6880, -39.7792,  
112.5296

■ 147.8190,  
-18.6448, 53.6557

■ 160.7790,  
-14.6810, 42.2898

■ 173.6250,  
-11.1541, 31.0239

■ 186.5850, -7.1904,  
19.6580

■ 199.5450, -3.2267,  
8.2920

■ 211.9180, 1.0264,  
-2.5591

■ 224.8780, 4.9901,  
-13.9250

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



105.1110, -1.0407, 100.7577



109.5260, -30.8253, 87.2387



111.0250, -54.7353, 56.1061

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



109.5260, -30.8253, 87.2387



91.7900, -8.7705, -80.4998



97.2300, 67.9206, -85.2707

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



109.5260, -30.8253, 87.2387



146.4740, 30.8253, -87.2387

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



105.8240, 60.2328, -92.8076



109.5260, -30.8253, 87.2387



100.0320, 17.7322, -87.7281

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



109.5260, -30.8253, 87.2387



97.5980, -47.6228, -32.0964



105.7150, 42.0455, -92.7121



121.2770, 43.7404, 17.2971



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



109.5260, -30.8253, 87.2387



111.4470, -54.9434, 29.4260



105.7150, 42.0455, -92.7121



100.8660, 66.6211, -88.4595

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



109.5260, -30.8253, 87.2387



218.9240, -11.3015, 31.6387



111.3980, 37.2718, 85.5970



105.6990, -6.7536, 19.5580



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



109.5260, -30.8253, 87.2387



109.4080, -45.0641, 127.6842



155.8990, -53.6872, 46.5696



98.4630, -2.2003, 5.7329



64.9070, -31.9992, 90.4126



15.7810, -7.7800, 22.1171



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



146.4740, 30.8253, -87.2387



163.5920, 45.0641, -127.6842



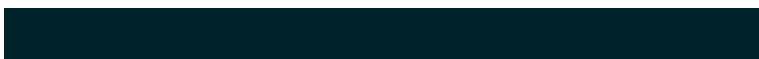
100.1010, 53.6872, -46.5696



100.5370, 2.2003, -5.7329



103.0930, 31.9992, -90.4126

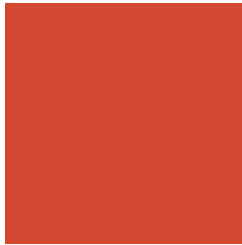


25.2190, 7.7800, -22.1171



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 109.5260, -30.8253, 87.2387 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 109.5260, -30.8253, 87.2387 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 109.5260, -30.8253, 87.2387

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 109.5260, -30.8253, 87.2387.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 109.5260, -30.8253, 87.2387.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

109.5260, -30.8253, 87.2387

### Protanopia

115.9760, -27.1032, 13.1760

### Deuteranopia

115.1000, -38.5033, 29.7303



## Tritanopia

110.9140, -19.1846, 86.8984

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

109.5260, -30.8253, 87.2387

## Protanomaly

113.7990, -28.4949, 39.6413

## Deuteranomaly

113.3290, -35.6582, 50.5775

## Tritanomaly

110.4750, -23.4052, 87.2834

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

109.5260, -30.8253, 87.2387

## Achromatopsia

110.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

109.9240, -11.3015, 31.6387

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 109.5260, -30.8253, 87.2387 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(209, 71, 47)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(209, 71, 47)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(209, 71, 47) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(209, 71, 47) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 109.5260, -30.8253, 87.2387 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(209, 71, 47) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(209, 71, 47) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(209, 71, 47) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(209, 71, 47); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 71, 47);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 71,  
47) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 109.5260, -30.8253, 87.2387 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(209, 71, 47) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(209, 71,  
47) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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