

# Converting Colors

YUV(109.6430, 1.6550, 29.2541)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(109.6430, 1.6550, 29.2541)  
contains.

<b>YUV(109.6430, 1.6550, 29.2541)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YUV(109.6430, 1.6550,  
29.2541)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	8F5C71
RGB	143, 92, 113
RGB Percent	56%, 36%, 44%
CMY	0.4392, 0.6392, 0.5569
CMYK	0.00, 0.36, 0.21, 0.44
HSL	335°, 22%, 46%
HSV	335°, 36%, 56%
XYZ	18.1355, 14.6862, 17.5017
YIQ	109.6430, 23.6550, 17.3430

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

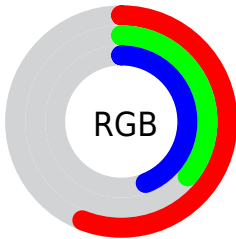
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	143, 92, 113
Decimal	9395313
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	45.20, 24.05, -3.22
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	45, 24.267, 352.366
Yxy	14.6862, 0.3604, 0.2918
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287585393 (0xFF8F5C71)
YUV	109.6430, 1.6550, 29.2541
Hunter-Lab	38.3226, 17.4075, -0.2516

# Details

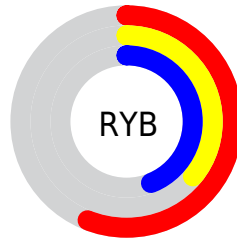
The YUV color **109.6430, 1.6550, 29.2541** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **125.3570, -1.6550, -29.2541**, and the grayscale version is **110.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **161.9530, 1.5022, 31.6132**, and **61.0340, 1.9552, 26.2802** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **100.5130, 2.2121, 37.2611**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **118.7730, 1.0979, 21.2471**.

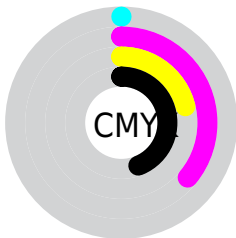
# Distribution



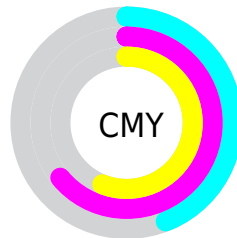
- Red (56%)
- Green (36%)
- Blue (44%)



- Red (56%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (44%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Black (44%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (56%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 109.6430, 1.6550, 29.2541 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 109.6430, 1.6550, 29.2541 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 109.6430, 1.6550,  
29.2541


 109.6430, 1.6550,  
29.2541

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 85.0450, 1.9498,  
28.0245

 161.9530, 1.5022,  
31.6132

 61.0340, 1.9552,  
26.2802


 189.2520, 1.3548,  
32.2280

 37.8490, 2.5394,  
25.5654

 216.9640, 1.4967,  
33.3576

 15.7780, 3.5604,  
24.7507

 236.5920, 5.6241,  
16.1438

 2.6910, -1.3267,  
5.5330

254.4130, 0.2894,  
0.5148

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 109.6430, 1.6550,  
29.2541

■ 109.6430, 1.6550,  
29.2541

■ 100.5130, 2.2121,  
37.2611

■ 118.7730, 1.0979,  
21.2471

■ 90.6820, 2.6218,  
45.8829

■ 128.6040, 0.6882,  
12.6253

■ 81.5520, 3.1789,  
53.8899

■ 137.7340, 0.1311,  
4.6183

■ 72.3080, 3.2992,  
61.9969

■ 146.9780, 0.0108,  
-3.4887

■ 62.5910, 4.1456,  
70.5187

■ 156.1080, -0.5462,  
-11.4957

■ 53.4610, 4.7027,  
78.5257

■ 165.8250, -1.3927,  
-20.0175

■ 49.4830, 4.6919,  
82.0144

■ 175.0690, -1.5130,  
-28.1245

■ 184.1990, -2.0701,

-36.1315

■ 194.0300, -2.4798,  
-44.7533

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



110.2590, 10.7183, 15.5589



109.6430, 1.6550, 29.2541



108.5590, -7.6706, 33.7128

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



109.6430, 1.6550, 29.2541



103.8310, -17.1717, 1.0252



95.7950, 20.8071, -47.1782

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



109.6430, 1.6550, 29.2541



125.3570, -1.6550, -29.2541

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



94.2370, 13.6872, -50.1968



109.6430, 1.6550, 29.2541



101.3710, -9.5499, -16.9884

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



109.6430, 1.6550, 29.2541



106.0610, -19.2571, 16.6095



97.8230, 1.5663, -35.8018



102.5570, 21.9104, -27.6755



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



109.6430, 1.6550, 29.2541



108.0550, -13.3381, 31.5238



97.8230, 1.5663, -35.8018



94.1320, 19.6549, -50.9818

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



109.6430, 1.6550, 29.2541



172.8920, 0.5462, 11.4957



106.7840, 17.8545, 13.3444



86.1580, 0.4151, 6.8774



222.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



94.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



109.6430, 1.6550, 29.2541



133.6820, 2.6218, 45.8829



109.5970, -8.6753, 29.2944



66.4350, 0.2785, 4.0035



46.7490, 4.5607, 77.3961



2.7340, 0.1311, 4.6183



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



109.6430, 1.6550, 29.2541



133.6820, 2.6218, 45.8829



125.4030, 8.6753, -29.2944



66.4350, 0.2785, 4.0035



46.7490, 4.5607, 77.3961

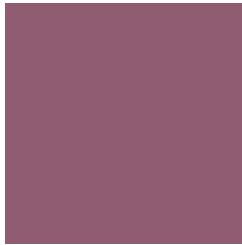


2.7340, 0.1311, 4.6183



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 109.6430, 1.6550, 29.2541 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

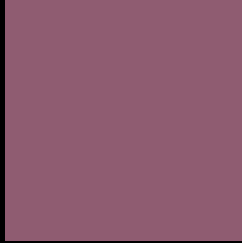
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 109.6430, 1.6550, 29.2541 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

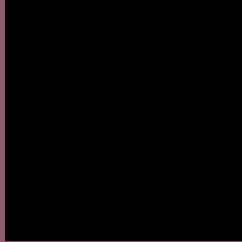
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 109.6430, 1.6550, 29.2541 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 109.6430, 1.6550, 29.2541.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 109.6430, 1.6550,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

109.6430, 1.6550, 29.2541

### Protanopia

108.1120, 6.8468, -2.7292

### Deuteranopia

108.3860, 1.2887, 6.6775



## Tritanopia

109.1500, -4.0179, 28.8095

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

109.6430, 1.6550, 29.2541

## Protanomaly

109.0210, 4.9196, 8.7516

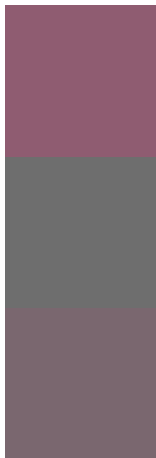
## Deuteranomaly

109.1420, 1.4090, 14.7845

## Tritanomaly

109.0190, -1.9814, 28.9243

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

109.6430, 1.6550, 29.2541

## Achromatopsia

110.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

109.5930, 0.6937, 10.8809

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 109.6430, 1.6550, 29.2541 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(143, 92, 113)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(143, 92, 113)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(143, 92, 113) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(143, 92, 113) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 109.6430, 1.6550, 29.2541 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(143, 92, 113) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(143, 92, 113) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(143, 92, 113) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(143, 92, 113); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 92, 113);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 92,  
113) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 109.6430, 1.6550, 29.2541 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(143, 92, 113) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(143, 92,  
113) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor