

Converting Colors

YUV(11.4120, 1.7689, -7.3773)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(11.4120, 1.7689, -7.3773)
contains.

YUV(11.4120, 1.7689, -7.3773)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YUV(11.4120, 1.7689,
-7.3773)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	030F0F
RGB	3, 15, 15
RGB Percent	1%, 6%, 6%
CMY	0.9882, 0.9412, 0.9412
CMYK	0.80, 0.00, 0.00, 0.94
HSL	180°, 67%, 4%
HSV	180°, 80%, 6%
XYZ	0.2946, 0.3955, 0.5127
YIQ	11.4120, -7.1520, -2.5440

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

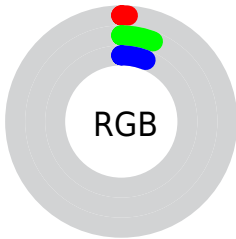
Format	Color
RYB	3, 9, 15
Decimal	200463
CIELab	3.57, -3.33, -1.17
CIElCh	4, 3.532, 199.426
Yxy	0.3955, 0.2449, 0.3288
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278390543 (0xFF030F0F)
YUV	11.4120, 1.7689, -7.3773
Hunter-Lab	6.2888, -2.6437, -0.4319

Details

The YUV color **11.4120, 1.7689, -7.3773** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000000**. A complement of this color would be **6.5880, -1.7689, 7.3773**, and the grayscale version is **11.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **55.6080, 1.1793, -4.9182**, and **0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.8140, 2.0637, -8.6069**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.0100, 1.4741, -6.1478**.

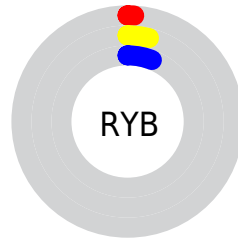
Distribution



Red (1%)

Green (6%)

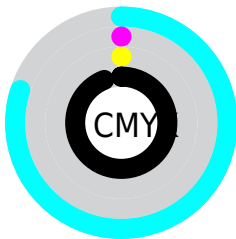
Blue (6%)



Red (1%)

Yellow (4%)

Blue (6%)

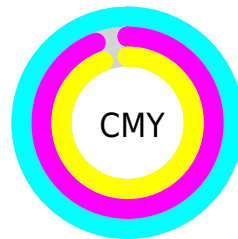


Cyan (80%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (94%)



Cyan (99%)

Magenta (94%)

Yellow (94%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 11.4120, 1.7689, -7.3773 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 11.4120, 1.7689, -7.3773 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 11.4120, 1.7689,
-7.3773

■ 11.4120, 1.7689,
-7.3773

■ 236.0100, 1.4741,
-6.1478

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 55.6080, 1.1793,
-4.9182

■ 78.3090, 1.3267,
-5.5330

■ 102.3090, 1.3267,
-5.5330

■ 127.3090, 1.3267,
-5.5330

■ 153.0100, 1.4741,
-6.1478

■ 180.0100, 1.4741,

-6.1478

■ 207.0100, 1.4741,
-6.1478

■ 11.4120, 1.7689,
-7.3773

■ 11.4120, 1.7689,
-7.3773

■ 10.8140, 2.0637,
-8.6069

■ 12.0100, 1.4741,
-6.1478

■ 10.5150, 2.2111,
-9.2217

■ 12.3090, 1.3267,
-5.5330

■ 12.6080, 1.1793,
-4.9182

■ 13.2060, 0.8844,
-3.6887

■ 13.5050, 0.7370,
-3.0739

■ 14.1030, 0.4422,
-1.8443

■ 14.4020, 0.2948,
-1.2296

■ 15.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 15.2990, -0.1474,
0.6148

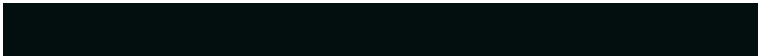
Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



11.5540, -0.2731, -5.7479



11.4120, 1.7689, -7.3773



11.4660, 3.2213, -6.5477

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



11.4120, 1.7689, -7.3773



13.1790, 1.8838, 2.4740



12.6970, -3.7946, 3.7737

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11.4120, 1.7689, -7.3773



6.5880, -1.7689, 7.3773

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.9360, -2.9264, 5.3181



11.4120, 1.7689, -7.3773



13.1470, 0.4205, 5.1331

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



11.4120, 1.7689, -7.3773



12.7980, 3.0576, -0.6998



12.9900, -1.4741, 6.1478



12.0880, -3.4944, 0.7998

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11.4120, 1.7689, -7.3773



12.1780, 3.3632, -5.4181



12.9900, -1.4741, 6.1478



12.9960, -3.9420, 4.3885

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11.4120, 1.7689, -7.3773



18.8040, 0.5896, -2.4591



10.0440, -3.4727, -6.1776



9.1030, 0.4422, -1.8443



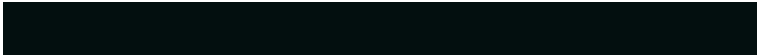
138.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



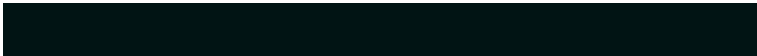
10.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11.4120, 1.7689, -7.3773



14.3190, 2.8007, -11.6808



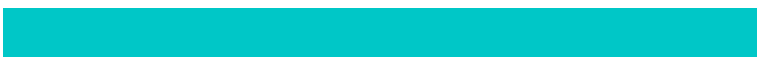
7.8900, 3.5052, -4.2885



7.7010, 0.1474, -0.6148



49.7710, 10.4659, -43.6492



139.4990, 29.3340, -122.3406

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



7.9560, 3.4727, 6.1776



8.8470, 5.4984, 9.7812



10.1100, -3.5052, 4.2885



7.4130, 0.2894, 0.5148



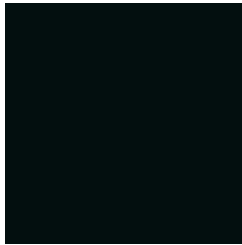
29.3230, 20.5468, 36.5507



82.1870, 57.5888, 102.4450

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 11.4120, 1.7689, -7.3773 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

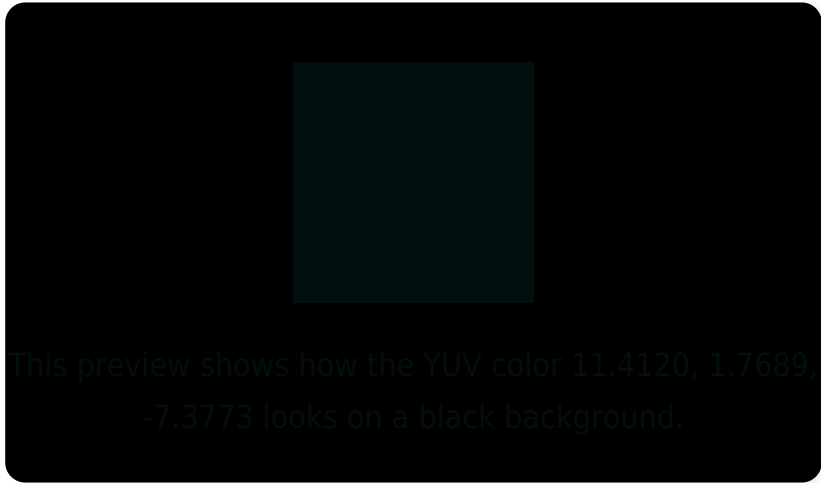
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

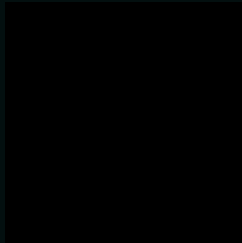
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 11.4120, 1.7689, -7.3773

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 11.4120, 1.7689, -7.3773.



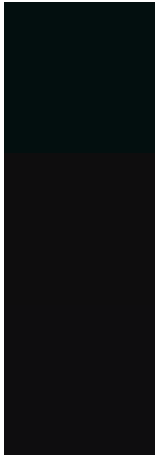
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 11.4120, 1.7689, -7.3773.

-7.3773.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

11.4120, 1.7689, -7.3773

Protanopia

13.4130, 0.2894, 0.5148

Deuteranopia

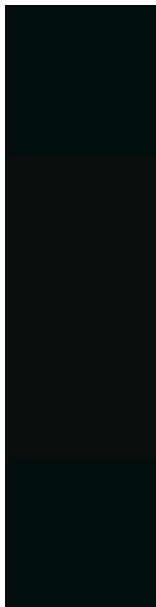
13.5270, 0.7262, 0.4148



Tritanopia

11.8250, 2.0583, -6.8625

Trichromacy



Original Color

11.4120, 1.7689, -7.3773

Protanomaly

12.8040, 0.5896, -2.4591

Deuteranomaly

12.9180, 1.0264, -2.5591

Tritanomaly

11.8250, 2.0583, -6.8625

Monochromacy



Original Color

11.4120, 1.7689, -7.3773

Achromatopsia

11.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

10.8040, 0.5896, -2.4591

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 11.4120, 1.7689, -7.3773 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(3, 15, 15)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(3, 15, 15)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(3, 15, 15) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(3, 15, 15) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 11.4120, 1.7689, -7.3773 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(3, 15, 15) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(3, 15, 15) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(3, 15, 15) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(3, 15, 15); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(3, 15, 15); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(3, 15, 15) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 11.4120, 1.7689, -7.3773 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(3, 15, 15) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(3, 15,  
15) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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