

# Converting Colors

YUV(110.4560, 18.5092,  
-10.0469)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(110.4560, 18.5092, -10.0469)  
contains.

<b>YUV(110.4560, 18.5092, -10.0469)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YUV(110.4560, 18.5092,  
-10.0469)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	636D94
RGB	99, 109, 148
RGB Percent	39%, 43%, 58%
CMY	0.6118, 0.5725, 0.4196
CMYK	0.33, 0.26, 0.00, 0.42
HSL	228°, 20%, 48%
HSV	228°, 33%, 58%
XYZ	15.9595, 15.7280, 30.2116
YIQ	110.4560, -18.4790, 10.0090

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

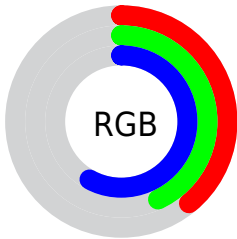
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	99, 107, 148
Decimal	6516116
CIE Lab	46.62, 5.95, -22.49
CIE LCh	47, 23.263, 284.817
Yxy	15.7280, 0.2578, 0.2541
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284706196 (0xFF636D94)
YUV	110.4560, 18.5092, -10.0469
Hunter-Lab	39.6586, 2.4299, -17.4057

# Details

The YUV color **110.4560, 18.5092, -10.0469** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666699**. A complement of this color would be **136.5440, -18.5092, 10.0469**, and the grayscale version is **110.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **162.0970, 19.6722, -9.7321**, and **62.4020, 17.0568, -10.8766** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **98.9270, 24.1930, -13.0910**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **121.9850, 12.8254, -7.0028**.

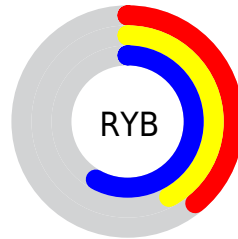
# Distribution



Red (39%)

Green (43%)

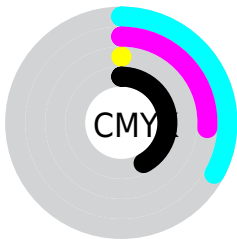
Blue (58%)



Red (39%)

Yellow (42%)

Blue (58%)

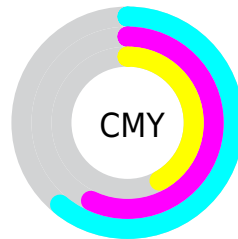


Cyan (33%)

Magenta (26%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (42%)



Cyan (61%)

Magenta (57%)

Yellow (42%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 110.4560, 18.5092, -10.0469 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 110.4560, 18.5092, -10.0469 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 110.4560, 18.5092,  
-10.0469

■ 110.4560, 18.5092,  
-10.0469

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 85.9290, 17.7830,  
-10.4617

■ 162.0970, 19.6722,  
-9.7321

■ 62.4020, 17.0568,  
-10.8766

■ 189.2110, 20.1090,  
-9.8320

■ 39.5760, 16.4780,  
-11.9062

■ 216.8690, 18.7986,  
-9.5321

■ 17.7390, 15.9047,  
-14.6801

■ 241.6770, 6.5682,  
-6.7327

■ 4.4800, 12.0884,  
-3.9290

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 110.4560, 18.5092,  
-10.0469

■ 110.4560, 18.5092,  
-10.0469

■ 98.9270, 24.1930,  
-13.0910

■ 121.9850, 12.8254,  
-7.0028

■ 87.3980, 29.8768,  
-16.1350

■ 133.5140, 7.1416,  
-3.9588

■ 76.7550, 35.1238,  
-19.0791

■ 144.1570, 1.8946,  
-1.0147

■ 65.2260, 40.8076,  
-22.1232

■ 155.6860, -3.7892,  
2.0294

■ 53.6970, 46.4914,  
-25.1673

■ 167.2150, -9.4730,  
5.0734

■ 42.1680, 52.1752,  
-28.2113


■ 178.7440,  
-15.1568, 8.1175

■ 34.4820, 55.9644,  
-30.2407

■ 189.6860,  
-20.5512, 11.6764

■ 200.9160,

-26.0876, 14.1057

 212.4450,  
-31.7714, 17.1497

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



105.0080, 21.1951, -31.5790



110.4560, 18.5092, -10.0469



112.9810, 12.3344, 10.5407

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



110.4560, 18.5092, -10.0469



111.6310, -13.6221, 29.2646



102.4710, -1.2182, -29.3541

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



110.4560, 18.5092, -10.0469



136.5440, -18.5092, 10.0469

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



105.5350, -11.6028, -11.8702



110.4560, 18.5092, -10.0469



110.3110, -18.3943, 19.8983

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



110.4560, 18.5092, -10.0469



112.4170, -5.6286, 32.0833



108.0380, -17.7667, 5.2287



99.3580, 10.1765, -44.1640



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



110.4560, 18.5092, -10.0469



113.2660, 6.7709, 21.6917



108.0380, -17.7667, 5.2287



104.0650, -5.4550, -23.7360

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



110.4560, 18.5092, -10.0469



176.5140, 7.1416, -3.9588



132.0950, 2.4182, -29.0243



88.1290, 4.3734, -2.7441



224.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



97.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



110.4560, 18.5092, -10.0469



132.4690, 28.8558, -15.3203



108.7720, 19.3394, 3.7080



68.3850, 2.7682, -1.2146



32.1680, 52.1752, -28.2113



2.3140, 3.7892, -2.0294



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



114.7910, -2.8550, 29.1243



139.4340, -4.6510, 45.2234



138.2280, -19.3394, -3.7080



69.2070, -0.5951, 4.2035



44.4540, -8.1118, 82.0398



3.2180, -0.6005, 5.9478



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 110.4560, 18.5092, -10.0469 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

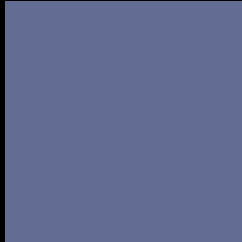
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 110.4560, 18.5092, -10.0469 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

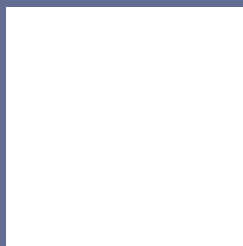
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 110.4560, 18.5092, -10.0469

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 110.4560, 18.5092, -10.0469.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 110.4560, 18.5092, -10.0469.

-10.0469.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

110.4560, 18.5092, -10.0469

### Protanopia

110.4560, 18.5092, -10.0469

### Deuteranopia

110.7550, 18.3618, -9.4321



## Tritanopia

108.7470, 7.0267, -13.8101

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

110.4560, 18.5092, -10.0469

## Protanomaly

110.4560, 18.5092, -10.0469

## Deuteranomaly

110.7550, 18.3618, -9.4321

## Tritanomaly

109.1970, 11.2419, -12.4508

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

110.4560, 18.5092, -10.0469

## Achromatopsia

110.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

110.4000, 6.7048, -3.8588

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 110.4560, 18.5092, -10.0469 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(99, 109, 148)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(99, 109, 148)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(99, 109, 148) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(99, 109, 148) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 110.4560, 18.5092, -10.0469 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(99, 109, 148) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(99, 109, 148) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(99, 109, 148)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(99, 109, 148); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 109, 148);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 109,  
148) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 110.4560, 18.5092, -10.0469 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(99, 109, 148) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(99, 109,  
148) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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