

Converting Colors

YUV(110.5290, -12.0928,
52.1561)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(110.5290, -12.0928, 52.1561)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(110.5290, -12.0928,
52.1561)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AA5556
RGB	170, 85, 86
RGB Percent	67%, 33%, 34%
CMY	0.3333, 0.6667, 0.6627
CMYK	0.00, 0.50, 0.49, 0.33
HSL	359°, 33%, 50%
HSV	359°, 50%, 67%
XYZ	21.5058, 15.7149, 10.7039
YIQ	110.5290, 50.3390, 18.3310

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

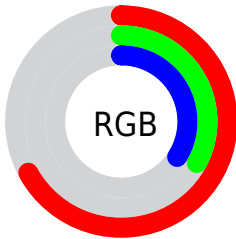
Format	Color
R _Y B	170, 85, 86
Decimal	11162966
CIE Lab	46.60, 34.86, 15.62
CIE LCh	47, 38.200, 24.141
Yxy	15.7149, 0.4487, 0.3279
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289353046 (0xFFAA5556)
YUV	110.5290, -12.0928, 52.1561
Hunter-Lab	39.6421, 27.4624, 11.7403

Details

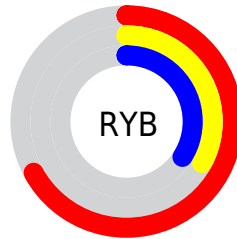
The YUV color **110.5290, -12.0928, 52.1561** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6666**. A complement of this color would be **144.4710, 12.0928, -52.1561**, and the grayscale version is **111.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **164.0950, -13.8508, 56.0447**, and **59.3050, -9.0244, 47.9675** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **98.6120, -14.5987, 62.6073**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **122.4460, -9.5869, 41.7049**.

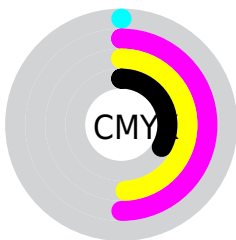
Distribution



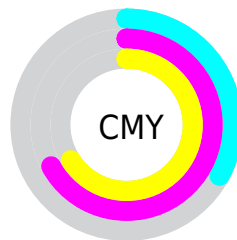
- Red (67%)
- Green (33%)
- Blue (34%)



- Red (67%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Blue (34%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Black (33%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (67%)
- Yellow (66%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 110.5290, -12.0928, 52.1561 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 110.5290, -12.0928, 52.1561 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 110.5290,
-12.0928, 52.1561

■ 110.5290,
-12.0928, 52.1561

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 84.8600, -10.7770,
50.1118

■ 164.0950,
-13.8508, 56.0447

■ 59.3050, -9.0244,
47.9675

■ 190.9810,
-14.2876, 56.1447

■ 32.5160, -5.6774,
47.7825

■ 209.9080,
-10.3076, 39.5457

■ 17.9400, -8.8444,
36.8866

■ 229.5360, -6.1802,
22.3319

■ 10.2800, -4.5750,
20.8024

■ 249.7510, -2.3422,
4.6034

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 110.5290,
-12.0928, 52.1561

■ 110.5290,
-12.0928, 52.1561

■ 98.6120, -14.5987,
62.6073

■ 122.4460, -9.5869,
41.7049

■ 86.6950, -17.1046,
73.0585

■ 134.3630, -7.0810,
31.2536

■ 74.8920, -19.1738,
83.4097

■ 146.1660, -5.0118,
20.9024

■ 62.9750, -21.6797,
93.8609

■ 158.0830, -2.5059,
10.4512

■ 51.0580, -24.1856,
104.3121

■ 170.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 181.9170, 2.5059,
-10.4512

■ 193.8340, 5.0118,
-20.9024

■ 205.6370, 7.0810,

-31.2536

■ 217.5540, 9.5869,
-41.7049

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



112.3940, 2.7638, 47.0125



110.5290, -12.0928, 52.1561



109.7330, -25.0114, 42.3302

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



110.5290, -12.0928, 52.1561



99.4310, -14.0165, -31.0730



96.0010, 38.4535, -60.5139

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



110.5290, -12.0928, 52.1561



144.4710, 12.0928, -52.1561

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



90.6690, 35.1662, -79.5167



110.5290, -12.0928, 52.1561



85.7040, 8.5269, -75.1624

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



110.5290, -12.0928, 52.1561



104.4750, -27.3492, -1.2936



89.4660, 22.9413, -78.4617



111.3990, 28.3973, -8.2429

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



110.5290, -12.0928, 52.1561



108.6900, -29.9202, 30.0899



89.4660, 22.9413, -78.4617



89.4610, 40.6917, -78.4573

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



110.5290, -12.0928, 52.1561



198.8670, -4.8644, 20.2876



119.8060, 24.7456, 43.1431



97.9800, -2.9481, 12.2955



240.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



112.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



110.5290, -12.0928, 52.1561



128.8810, -19.1683, 81.6654



134.4820, -24.3946, 31.1493



78.3920, -1.1793, 4.9182



44.4800, -20.9426, 90.7870



5.9800, -2.9481, 12.2955

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



110.5290, -12.0928, 52.1561



128.8810, -19.1683, 81.6654



120.5180, 24.3946, -31.1493



78.3920, -1.1793, 4.9182



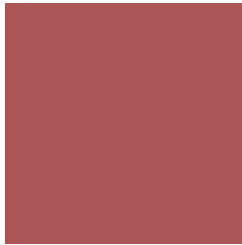
44.4800, -20.9426, 90.7870



5.9800, -2.9481, 12.2955

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 110.5290, -12.0928, 52.1561 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

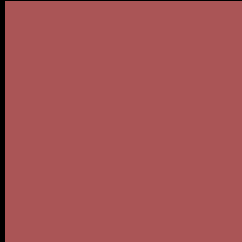
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 110.5290, -12.0928, 52.1561 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

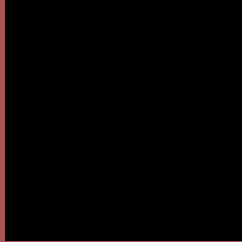
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 110.5290, -12.0928, 52.1561 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 110.5290, -12.0928, 52.1561.

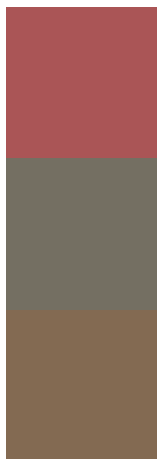


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 110.5290, -12.0928,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

110.5290, -12.0928, 52.1561

Protanopia

111.0130, -6.4154, 4.3736

Deuteranopia

110.7390, -14.1683, 17.7689



Tritanopia

110.3980, -10.0562, 52.2710

Trichromacy



Original Color

110.5290, -12.0928, 52.1561

Protanomaly

111.2540, -8.5062, 21.7022

Deuteranomaly

110.3430, -13.4801, 30.3942

Tritanomaly

110.2840, -10.4930, 52.3709

Monochromacy



Original Color

110.5290, -12.0928, 52.1561

Achromatopsia

111.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

110.9700, -4.4222, 18.4433

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 110.5290, -12.0928, 52.1561 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(170, 85, 86)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(170, 85, 86)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(170, 85, 86) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(170, 85, 86) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 110.5290, -12.0928, 52.1561 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(170, 85, 86) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(170, 85, 86) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(170, 85, 86)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(170, 85, 86); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(170, 85, 86);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(170, 85,  
86) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 110.5290, -12.0928, 52.1561 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(170, 85, 86) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(170, 85,  
86) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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