

# Converting Colors

YUV(110.8450, 5.0064,  
-19.1581)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(110.8450, 5.0064, -19.1581)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(110.8450, 5.0064,  
-19.1581)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	597879
RGB	89, 120, 121
RGB Percent	35%, 47%, 47%
CMY	0.6510, 0.5294, 0.5255
CMYK	0.26, 0.01, 0.00, 0.53
HSL	182°, 15%, 41%
HSV	182°, 26%, 47%
XYZ	14.2875, 16.9373, 20.6053
YIQ	110.8450, -18.7970, -6.2610

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

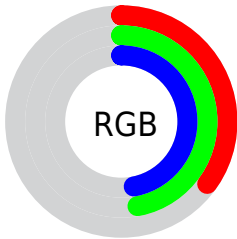
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	89, 105, 121
Decimal	5863545
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	48.18, -10.79, -4.17
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	48, 11.566, 201.125
Yxy	16.9373, 0.2757, 0.3268
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284053625 (0xFF597879)
YUV	110.8450, 5.0064, -19.1581
Hunter-Lab	41.1549, -10.0524, -0.8767

# Details

The YUV color **110.8450, 5.0064, -19.1581** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **99.1550, -5.0064, 19.1581**, and the grayscale version is **111.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **162.5460, 5.1538, -19.7728**, and **62.5570, 5.1484, -18.0285** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **107.2570, 6.7753, -26.5354**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **114.4330, 3.2375, -11.7807**.

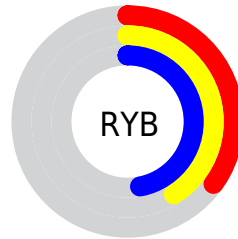
# Distribution



Red (35%)

Green (47%)

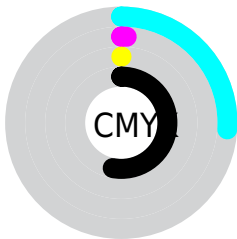
Blue (47%)



Red (35%)

Yellow (41%)

Blue (47%)

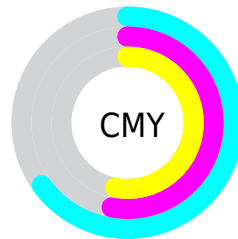


Cyan (26%)

Magenta (1%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (53%)



Cyan (65%)

Magenta (53%)

Yellow (53%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 110.8450, 5.0064, -19.1581 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 110.8450, 5.0064, -19.1581 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 110.8450, 5.0064,  
-19.1581

■ 110.8450, 5.0064,  
-19.1581

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 86.1440, 4.8590,  
-18.5433

■ 162.5460, 5.1538,  
-19.7728

■ 62.5570, 5.1484,  
-18.0285

■ 190.2470, 5.3012,  
-20.3876

■ 40.1440, 4.8590,  
-18.5433

■ 217.9480, 5.4486,  
-21.0024

■ 19.7420, 4.5642,  
-17.3137

■ 245.1330, 4.8644,  
-20.2876

■ 0.3420, 1.3104,  
-0.2999

■ 253.8040, 0.5896,  
-2.4591

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 110.8450, 5.0064,  
-19.1581

■ 110.8450, 5.0064,  
-19.1581

■ 107.2570, 6.7753,  
-26.5354

■ 114.4330, 3.2375,  
-11.7807

■ 103.0820, 8.8336,  
-33.3979

■ 118.6080, 1.1793,  
-4.9182

■ 99.4940, 10.6025,  
-40.7752

■ 122.1960, -0.5896,  
2.4591

■ 95.3190, 12.6607,  
-47.6378

■ 126.3710, -2.6479,  
9.3216

■ 91.4320, 14.5770,  
-55.6299

■ 129.9590, -4.4168,  
16.6990

■ 87.8440, 16.3459,  
-63.0072

■ 133.8460, -6.3331,  
24.6911

■ 83.6690, 18.4042,  
-69.8697

■ 138.0210, -8.3914,  
31.5536

■ 82.4730, 18.9938,

■ 141.6090,

-72.3288

-10.1602, 38.9309

■ 145.1970,  
-11.9291, 46.3082

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



111.2000, -0.0986, -15.0844



110.8450, 5.0064, -19.1581



111.7680, 8.4954, -18.2135

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



110.8450, 5.0064, -19.1581



116.1240, 5.3619, 6.9073



114.5360, -9.6312, 9.1769

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



110.8450, 5.0064, -19.1581



99.1550, -5.0064, 19.1581

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



115.4380, -7.6109, 14.5249



110.8450, 5.0064, -19.1581



116.3160, 0.8302, 13.7549

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



110.8450, 5.0064, -19.1581



115.1660, 8.2992, -1.8996



116.0730, -3.9800, 16.5990



113.4210, -8.5886, 1.3848



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



110.8450, 5.0064, -19.1581



112.8440, 9.9369, -13.8952



116.0730, -3.9800, 16.5990



114.9600, -9.3473, 11.4361

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



110.8450, 5.0064, -19.1581



154.1130, 1.9163, -7.9921



107.8980, -8.8237, -16.5735



76.6080, 1.1793, -4.9182



207.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



79.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



110.8450, 5.0064, -19.1581



142.4630, 7.6597, -30.2241



101.4530, 9.6367, -10.9213



59.2060, 0.8844, -3.6887



85.2770, 19.5834, -74.7879



172.5430, 39.1723, -151.3202



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



102.1020, 8.8237, 16.5735



128.5360, 14.0328, 25.8399



108.5470, -9.6367, 10.9213



57.4780, 1.7363, 3.0888



51.1690, 34.4267, 64.7498



103.2780, 69.8689, 130.4292



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 110.8450, 5.0064, -19.1581 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 110.8450, 5.0064, -19.1581 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

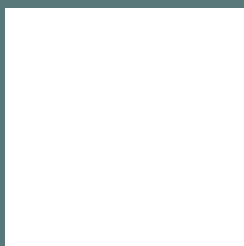
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 110.8450, 5.0064, -19.1581

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 110.8450, 5.0064, -19.1581.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 110.8450, 5.0064,

-19.1581.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

110.8450, 5.0064, -19.1581

### Protanopia

114.0540, 1.4524, 0.8296

### Deuteranopia

115.3580, 3.7675, 4.9480



## Tritanopia

111.6540, 8.0586, -18.1136

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

110.8450, 5.0064, -19.1581

## Protanomaly

113.2380, 2.3477, -6.3477

## Deuteranomaly

113.4170, 4.2314, -3.8737

## Tritanomaly

111.0130, 6.8956, -18.4284

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

110.8450, 5.0064, -19.1581

## Achromatopsia

111.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

110.8250, 2.0583, -6.8625

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 110.8450, 5.0064, -19.1581 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(89, 120, 121)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(89, 120, 121)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(89, 120, 121) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(89, 120, 121) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 110.8450, 5.0064, -19.1581 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(89, 120, 121) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(89, 120, 121) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(89, 120, 121)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(89, 120, 121); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 120, 121);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 120,  
121) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 110.8450, 5.0064, -19.1581 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(89, 120, 121) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(89, 120,  
121) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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