

# Converting Colors

YUV(110.8630, 7.9555, 15.0291)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(110.8630, 7.9555, 15.0291)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(110.8630, 7.9555,  
15.0291)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	80637F
RGB	128, 99, 127
RGB Percent	50%, 39%, 50%
CMY	0.4980, 0.6118, 0.5020
CMYK	0.00, 0.23, 0.01, 0.50
HSL	302°, 13%, 45%
HSV	302°, 23%, 50%
XYZ	17.1947, 15.0452, 22.0764
YIQ	110.8630, 8.2960, 14.8560

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

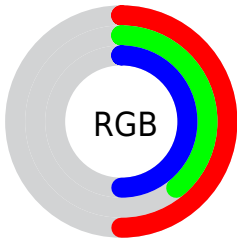
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	128, 99, 127
Decimal	8414079
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	45.70, 16.85, -11.12
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	46, 20.193, 326.576
Yxy	15.0452, 0.3166, 0.2770
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286604159 (0xFF80637F)
YUV	110.8630, 7.9555, 15.0291
Hunter-Lab	38.7881, 11.2495, -6.5935

# Details

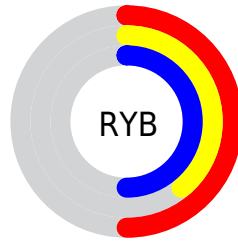
The YUV color **110.8630, 7.9555, 15.0291** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996699**. A complement of this color would be **116.1370, -7.9555, -15.0291**, and the grayscale version is **111.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **162.6890, 8.5343, 16.0587**, and **62.7380, 7.5242, 13.3848** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **103.2320, 11.7176, 21.7215**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **118.4940, 4.1935, 8.3368**.

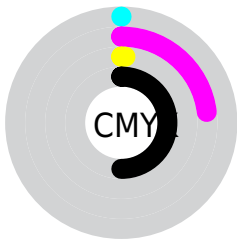
# Distribution



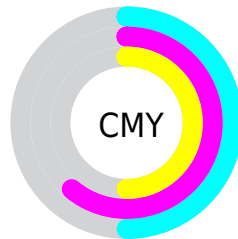
- Red (50%)
- Green (39%)
- Blue (50%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (39%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (61%)
- Yellow (50%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 110.8630, 7.9555, 15.0291 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 110.8630, 7.9555, 15.0291 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 110.8630, 7.9555,  
15.0291

■ 110.8630, 7.9555,  
15.0291

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 86.4500, 7.6661,  
14.5143

■ 162.6890, 8.5343,  
16.0587

■ 62.7380, 7.5242,  
13.3848

■ 189.9880, 8.3869,  
16.6735

■ 40.3250, 7.2348,  
12.8700

■ 217.5150, 9.1131,  
17.0883

■ 18.7380, 7.5242,  
13.3848

■ 241.4990, 6.6560,  
11.8404

■ 1.0260, 3.9312,  
-0.8998

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 110.8630, 7.9555,  
15.0291

■ 110.8630, 7.9555,  
15.0291

■ 103.2320, 11.7176,  
21.7215

■ 118.4940, 4.1935,  
8.3368

■ 95.4870, 15.0429,  
28.5139

■ 126.2390, 0.8682,  
1.5444

■ 88.4430, 18.5156,  
34.6915

■ 133.2830, -2.6045,  
-4.6332

■ 80.6980, 21.8409,  
41.4839

■ 141.0280, -5.9298,  
-11.4256

■ 73.0670, 25.6030,  
48.1762

■ 148.6590, -9.6919,  
-18.1179

■ 65.3220, 28.9283,  
54.9686

■ 156.4040,  
-13.0172, -24.9103

■ 57.6910, 32.6903,  
61.6610

■ 164.0350,  
-16.7793, -31.6027

■ 52.4080, 35.2949,

■ 171.1930,

66.2942

-19.8151, -37.8803

 178.8240,  
-23.5772, -44.5726

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



109.6590, 13.9721, -1.4549



110.8630, 7.9555, 15.0291



110.8660, 0.0661, 25.5505

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



110.8630, 7.9555, 15.0291



107.2500, -15.8992, 12.9358



99.4450, 11.6126, -38.1013

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



110.8630, 7.9555, 15.0291



116.1370, -7.9555, -15.0291

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



100.7960, 2.5656, -29.6391



110.8630, 7.9555, 15.0291



105.7320, -13.6719, -1.5190

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



110.8630, 7.9555, 15.0291



108.8860, -13.7478, 22.9020



103.6530, -7.2239, -16.3587



101.8460, 16.8379, -34.0679



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



110.8630, 7.9555, 15.0291



110.0960, -5.4703, 27.9798



103.6530, -7.2239, -16.3587



99.9460, 8.4076, -36.7866

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



110.8630, 7.9555, 15.0291



158.8420, 3.0359, 6.2776



102.6050, 12.5197, -2.2846



79.8910, 2.0257, 3.6036



212.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



84.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



110.8630, 7.9555, 15.0291



139.3570, 12.1490, 23.3659



109.2670, 1.8404, 16.4288



59.8910, 2.0257, 3.6036



52.2940, 34.8581, 66.3942



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



110.8630, 7.9555, 15.0291



139.3570, 12.1490, 23.3659



117.7330, -1.8404, -16.4288



59.8910, 2.0257, 3.6036



52.2940, 34.8581, 66.3942

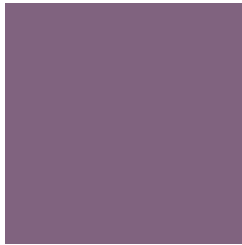


0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 110.8630, 7.9555, 15.0291 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

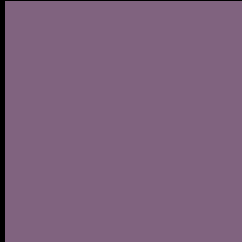
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 110.8630, 7.9555, 15.0291 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 110.8630, 7.9555, 15.0291

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 110.8630, 7.9555, 15.0291.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 110.8630, 7.9555,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

110.8630, 7.9555, 15.0291

### Protanopia

108.7680, 11.9464, -5.0585

### Deuteranopia

109.7750, 7.9989, 1.0743



## Tritanopia

110.0880, -0.0434, 13.9548

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

110.8630, 7.9555, 15.0291

## Protanomaly

109.4700, 10.6143, 2.2188

## Deuteranomaly

109.8080, 7.9827, 6.3074

## Tritanomaly

110.4840, 2.7194, 14.4845

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

110.8630, 7.9555, 15.0291

## Achromatopsia

111.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

111.1300, 2.8939, 5.1480

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 110.8630, 7.9555, 15.0291 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(128, 99, 127)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(128, 99, 127)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 99, 127) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(128, 99, 127) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 110.8630, 7.9555, 15.0291 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(128, 99, 127) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(128, 99, 127) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 99, 127) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(128, 99, 127); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 99, 127);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 99,  
127) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 110.8630, 7.9555, 15.0291 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(128, 99, 127) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(128, 99,  
127) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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