

# Converting Colors

YUV(111.3200, -11.9898,  
19.0134)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(111.3200, -11.9898, 19.0134)  
contains.

<b>YUV(111.3200, -11.9898, 19.0134)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YUV(111.3200, -11.9898,  
19.0134)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	856957
RGB	133, 105, 87
RGB Percent	52%, 41%, 34%
CMY	0.4784, 0.5882, 0.6588
CMYK	0.00, 0.21, 0.35, 0.48
HSL	23°, 21%, 43%
HSV	23°, 35%, 52%
XYZ	16.4447, 15.7778, 11.1955
YIQ	111.3200, 22.4660, 0.3380

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

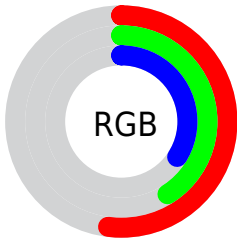
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	133, 117, 87
Decimal	8743255
CIE Lab	46.68, 8.43, 14.37
CIE LCh	47, 16.666, 59.604
Yxy	15.7778, 0.3788, 0.3634
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286933335 (0xFF856957)
YUV	111.3200, -11.9898, 19.0134
Hunter-Lab	39.7213, 4.3873, 11.0939

# Details

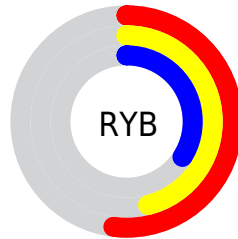
The YUV color **111.3200, -11.9898, 19.0134** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **108.6800, 11.9898, -19.0134**, and the grayscale version is **111.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **163.1030, -12.8688, 20.9577**, and **63.3520, -10.5265, 16.3543** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **105.1420, -15.3530, 24.4315**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **117.4980, -8.6265, 13.5953**.

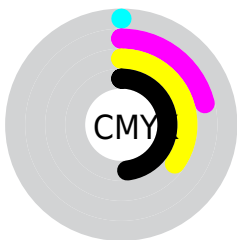
# Distribution



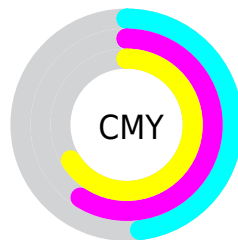
- Red (52%)
- Green (41%)
- Blue (34%)



- Red (52%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Blue (34%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Black (48%)



- Cyan (48%)
- Magenta (59%)
- Yellow (66%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 111.3200, -11.9898, 19.0134 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 111.3200, -11.9898, 19.0134 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 111.3200,  
-11.9898, 19.0134

■ 111.3200,  
-11.9898, 19.0134

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 86.8360, -11.2581,  
17.6838

■ 163.1030,  
-12.8688, 20.9577

■ 63.3520, -10.5265,  
16.3543

■ 190.2880,  
-13.4530, 21.6724

■ 40.8680, -9.7949,  
15.0248

■ 218.4730,  
-14.0372, 22.3872

■ 20.4550, -10.0843,  
14.5100

■ 241.3900,  
-11.5313, 11.9360

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 254.0880, -3.4944,  
0.7998

■ 111.3200,  
-11.9898, 19.0134

■ 111.3200,  
-11.9898, 19.0134

■ 105.1420,  
-15.3530, 24.4315

■ 117.4980, -8.6265,  
13.5953

■ 98.8500, -19.1530,  
29.9496

■ 123.7900, -4.8265,  
8.0772

■ 92.6720, -22.5163,  
35.3677

■ 129.9680, -1.4632,  
2.6591

■ 86.4940, -25.8795,  
40.7858

■ 136.1460, 1.9000,  
-2.7590

■ 80.2020, -29.6796,  
46.3038

■ 142.4380, 5.7001,  
-8.2771

■ 73.4370, -32.7534,  
52.2368

■ 149.2030, 8.7739,  
-14.2100

■ 70.2910, -34.6535,  
54.9958

■ 155.3810, 12.1372,  
-19.6281

■ 161.5590, 15.5004,

-25.0462

■ 167.8510, 19.3005,  
-30.5643

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



112.4930, -7.6380, 23.2466



111.3200, -11.9898, 19.0134



110.2110, -13.4150, 9.4620

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



111.3200, -11.9898, 19.0134



105.4160, 2.2599, -24.9208



111.9860, 11.3459, 0.8893

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



111.3200, -11.9898, 19.0134



108.6800, 11.9898, -19.0134

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



109.5820, 14.0101, -13.6654



111.3200, -11.9898, 19.0134



104.6310, 9.5489, -29.4944

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



111.3200, -11.9898, 19.0134



106.5330, -5.1928, -14.4994



106.3910, 13.6112, -25.7759



113.2820, 5.7770, 13.7847



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



111.3200, -11.9898, 19.0134



109.0960, -12.3723, 1.6698



106.3910, 13.6112, -25.7759



111.2950, 12.6726, -4.6437

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



111.3200, -11.9898, 19.0134



165.1920, -4.5317, 6.8476



103.9460, 5.4496, 25.4804



81.6370, -2.7790, 4.7034



214.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



87.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



111.3200, -11.9898, 19.0134



138.9640, -18.7163, 29.8496



124.8210, -18.6458, 7.1730



62.9680, -1.4632, 2.6591



68.8070, -33.9219, 53.6663



1.4840, -0.7316, 1.3295



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



108.6800, 11.9898, -19.0134



135.0360, 18.7163, -29.8496



95.1790, 18.6458, -7.1730



63.0320, 1.4632, -2.6591



61.1930, 33.9219, -53.6663

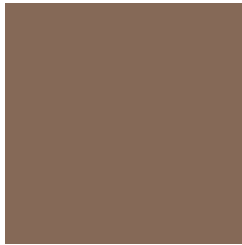


1.5160, 0.7316, -1.3295



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 111.3200, -11.9898, 19.0134 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 111.3200, -11.9898, 19.0134 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 111.3200, -11.9898, 19.0134 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 111.3200, -11.9898, 19.0134.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 111.3200, -11.9898, 19.0134.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

111.3200, -11.9898, 19.0134

### Protanopia

110.6990, -10.2046, 6.4030

### Deuteranopia

111.0100, -11.8369, 16.6542



## Tritanopia

112.7790, -1.3700, 19.4878

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

111.3200, -11.9898, 19.0134

## Protanomaly

110.9060, -10.7997, 10.6064

## Deuteranomaly

111.3090, -11.9843, 17.2690

## Tritanomaly

112.1550, -5.0064, 19.1581

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

111.3200, -11.9898, 19.0134

## Achromatopsia

111.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

111.1920, -4.5317, 6.8476

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 111.3200, -11.9898, 19.0134 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(133, 105, 87)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(133, 105, 87)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(133, 105, 87) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(133, 105, 87) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 111.3200, -11.9898, 19.0134 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(133, 105, 87) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(133, 105, 87) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(133, 105, 87)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(133, 105, 87); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(133, 105, 87);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(133, 105,  
87) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 111.3200, -11.9898, 19.0134 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(133, 105, 87) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(133,  
105, 87) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor