

# Converting Colors

YUV(111.6530, 10.0311,  
49.4163)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(111.6530, 10.0311, 49.4163)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(111.6530, 10.0311,  
49.4163)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	A84F84
RGB	168, 79, 132
RGB Percent	66%, 31%, 52%
CMY	0.3412, 0.6902, 0.4824
CMYK	0.00, 0.53, 0.21, 0.34
HSL	324°, 36%, 48%
HSV	324°, 53%, 66%
XYZ	23.1093, 15.5827, 23.6196
YIQ	111.6530, 36.0310, 35.3510

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

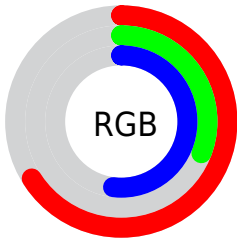
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	168, 79, 132
Decimal	11030404
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	46.42, 43.01, -12.55
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	46, 44.802, 343.737
Yxy	15.5827, 0.3709, 0.2501
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289220484 (0xFFA84F84)
YUV	111.6530, 10.0311, 49.4163
Hunter-Lab	39.4750, 35.4156, -7.8433

# Details

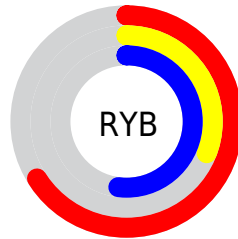
The YUV color **111.6530, 10.0311, 49.4163** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993366**. A complement of this color would be **135.3470, -10.0311, -49.4163**, and the grayscale version is **112.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **165.2620, 9.7308, 52.3902**, and **58.3970, 11.6363, 47.8868** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **100.8760, 11.8931, 58.8677**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **122.4300, 8.1690, 39.9649**.

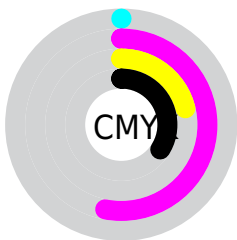
# Distribution



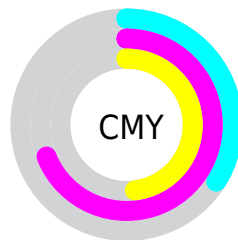
- Red (66%)
- Green (31%)
- Blue (52%)



- Red (66%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Blue (52%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Black (34%)




- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (69%)
- Yellow (48%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 111.6530, 10.0311, 49.4163 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 111.6530, 10.0311, 49.4163 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 111.6530, 10.0311,  
49.4163

 111.6530, 10.0311,  
49.4163


255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 85.1690, 10.7627,  
48.0868


 165.2620, 9.7308,  
52.3902


 58.3970, 11.6363,  
47.8868


 193.2730, 9.7254,  
54.1346


 32.7390, 12.9467,  
47.5869

 212.9010, 13.8528,  
36.9208

 22.5710, 7.6065,  
33.7022

 230.9330, 11.8650,  
21.1068

 13.1860, 1.3873,  
21.7619

 247.9560, 3.4727,  
6.1776

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

111.6530, 10.0311,  
49.4163

111.6530, 10.0311,  
49.4163

100.8760, 11.8931,  
58.8677

122.4300, 8.1690,  
39.9649

90.0990, 13.7552,  
68.3192

133.2070, 6.3069,  
30.5135

80.0230, 15.7647,  
77.1558

143.2830, 4.2975,  
21.6768

69.2460, 17.6267,  
86.6073

154.0600, 2.4354,  
12.2254

61.6320, 18.9154,  
93.2847

164.8370, 0.5734,  
2.7740

175.6140, -1.2887,  
-6.6775

186.3910, -3.1508,  
-16.1289

196.4670, -5.1602,

-24.9656

 207.2440, -7.0223,  
-34.4170

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



113.4670, 25.4058, 18.0074



111.6530, 10.0311, 49.4163



108.8490, -7.3206, 61.5224

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



111.6530, 10.0311, 49.4163



103.9510, -35.9648, 8.8130



92.3160, 33.8612, -80.9611

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



111.6530, 10.0311, 49.4163



135.3470, -10.0311, -49.4163

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



89.6140, 18.4313, -78.5915



111.6530, 10.0311, 49.4163



99.1840, -22.7687, -23.8404

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



111.6530, 10.0311, 49.4163



107.2300, -35.6094, 34.8783



84.5810, 1.6856, -74.1775



91.1880, 44.7703, -79.9719



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



111.6530, 10.0311, 49.4163



108.4390, -18.9504, 58.3740



84.5810, 1.6856, -74.1775



91.7630, 29.2038, -80.4762

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



111.6530, 10.0311, 49.4163



196.8590, 4.0135, 19.4177



99.9100, 33.5684, 13.2339



96.6470, 2.1460, 11.7106



237.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



110.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



111.6530, 10.0311, 49.4163



130.4360, 16.0541, 77.6706



106.6370, -9.1880, 53.8154



78.9620, 1.0047, 4.4183



54.2840, 16.6220, 82.1889



7.3480, 2.2934, 11.0958



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



111.6530, 10.0311, 49.4163



130.4360, 16.0541, 77.6706



140.3630, 9.1880, -53.8154



78.9620, 1.0047, 4.4183



54.2840, 16.6220, 82.1889



7.3480, 2.2934, 11.0958



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 111.6530, 10.0311, 49.4163 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 111.6530, 10.0311, 49.4163 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

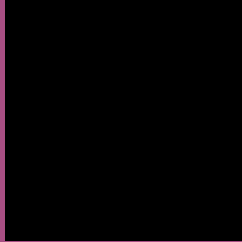
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 111.6530, 10.0311, 49.4163

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 111.6530, 10.0311, 49.4163.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 111.6530, 10.0311,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

111.6530, 10.0311, 49.4163

### Protanopia

110.4280, 20.9880, -11.7764

### Deuteranopia

111.6610, 7.5621, 1.1743



## Tritanopia

110.8210, -8.2928, 46.6380

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

111.6530, 10.0311, 49.4163

## Protanomaly

110.8330, 16.8443, 10.6705

## Deuteranomaly

111.4120, 8.6709, 18.9327

## Tritanomaly

110.9550, -1.4568, 47.3975

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

111.6530, 10.0311, 49.4163

## Achromatopsia

112.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

111.7340, 3.5821, 17.7733

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 111.6530, 10.0311, 49.4163 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(168, 79, 132)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(168, 79, 132)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(168, 79, 132) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(168, 79, 132) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 111.6530, 10.0311, 49.4163 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(168, 79, 132) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(168, 79, 132) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(168, 79, 132)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(168, 79, 132); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(168, 79, 132);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(168, 79,  
132) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 111.6530, 10.0311, 49.4163 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(168, 79, 132) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(168, 79,  
132) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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