

# Converting Colors

YUV(111.6920, 6.5608,  
-97.9539)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(111.6920, 6.5608, -97.9539)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(111.6920, 6.5608,  
-97.9539)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00A67D
RGB	0, 166, 125
RGB Percent	0%, 65%, 49%
CMY	1.0000, 0.3490, 0.5098
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.25, 0.35
HSL	165°, 100%, 33%
HSV	165°, 100%, 65%
XYZ	17.3379, 28.7531, 24.0381
YIQ	111.6920, -85.7750, -47.9430

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

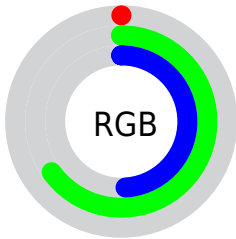
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 95, 166
Decimal	42621
CIELab	60.56, -46.45, 11.13
CIElCh	61, 47.761, 166.526
Yxy	28.7531, 0.2472, 0.4100
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278232701 (0xFF00A67D)
YUV	111.6920, 6.5608, -97.9539
Hunter-Lab	53.6219, -36.1229, 10.9563

# Details

The YUV color **111.6920, 6.5608, -97.9539** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009966**. A complement of this color would be **54.3080, -6.5608, 97.9539**, and the grayscale version is **112.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **177.8150, 0.0912, -76.1368**, and **74.9950, 0.4955, -65.7706** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **111.6920, 6.5608, -97.9539**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **117.2310, 5.8021, -87.9026**.

# Distribution



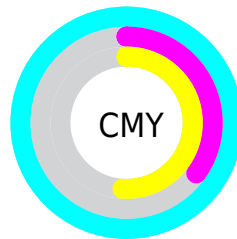
- Red (0%)
- Green (65%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Blue (65%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Black (35%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (51%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 111.6920, 6.5608, -97.9539 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 111.6920, 6.5608, -97.9539 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 111.6920, 6.5608,  
-97.9539

■ 111.6920, 6.5608,  
-97.9539

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 92.9930, 3.4545,  
-81.5549

■ 177.8150, 0.0912,  
-76.1368

■ 74.9950, 0.4955,  
-65.7706

■ 207.1850, -1.0772,  
-74.7072

■ 57.1110, -2.0267,  
-50.0863

■ 221.6950, 5.5734,  
-61.1225

■ 40.6290, -4.2541,  
-35.6316

■ 232.8740, 10.9081,  
-45.4935

■ 25.6800, -8.2232,  
-22.5214

■ 241.8440, 6.4859,  
-27.0502

■ 2.3480, -1.1576,  
-2.0592

■ 250.8140, 2.0637,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

-8.6069

0.0000

■ 111.6920, 6.5608,  
-97.9539

■ 117.2310, 5.8021,  
-87.9026

■ 122.4710, 5.1908,  
-78.4661

■ 128.0100, 4.4321,  
-68.4148

■ 133.2500, 3.8207,  
-58.9783

■ 138.9030, 3.4988,  
-49.0269

■ 144.4420, 2.7401,  
-38.9756

■ 149.6820, 2.1288,  
-29.5391

■ 155.2210, 1.3700,  
-19.4878

■ 160.4610, 0.7587,  
-10.0513

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



134.2110, -23.7680, -30.0030



111.6920, 6.5608, -97.9539



117.2950, 25.4906, -102.8677

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



111.6920, 6.5608, -97.9539



143.9160, 40.9604, -24.4823



144.9310, -28.5600, 60.5735

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



111.6920, 6.5608, -97.9539



54.3080, -6.5608, 97.9539

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



146.5680, -11.1260, 68.7849



111.6920, 6.5608, -97.9539



150.7390, 26.2577, 24.7849

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



111.6920, 6.5608, -97.9539



117.5640, 54.4449, -103.1036



148.7680, 8.9884, 57.2085



143.1010, -39.9828, 37.6224



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



111.6920, 6.5608, -97.9539



119.6720, 37.1367, -104.9523



148.7680, 8.9884, 57.2085



145.6310, -23.4821, 65.2216

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



111.6920, 6.5608, -97.9539



195.7410, 2.5927, -38.3609



109.7010, -54.0826, -60.2508



96.9000, 1.5283, -23.5913



237.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



110.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

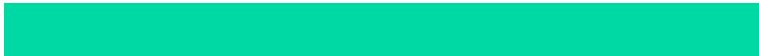


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



111.6920, 6.5608, -97.9539



145.9610, 8.4002, -128.0078



91.7120, 36.6240, -80.4314



81.3800, 0.3057, -4.7183



99.5300, 5.6547, -87.2878



13.4500, 0.7642, -11.7957



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54.3080, -6.5608, 97.9539



71.0390, -8.4002, 128.0078



73.7010, -36.3346, 80.9462



78.6200, -0.3057, 4.7183



48.4700, -5.6547, 87.2878



6.5500, -0.7641, 11.7957



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 111.6920, 6.5608, -97.9539 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

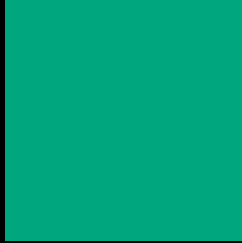
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 111.6920, 6.5608, -97.9539 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

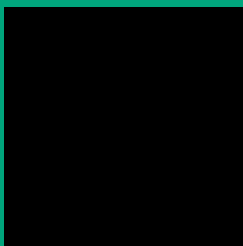
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

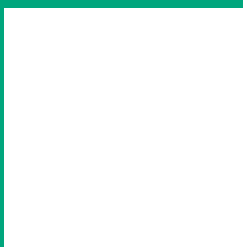
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 111.6920, 6.5608, -97.9539

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 111.6920, 6.5608, -97.9539.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 111.6920, 6.5608,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Protanopia

144.2710, -14.4306, 8.5323

### Deuteranopia

146.1500, -7.4690, 15.6544

### Tritanopia

129.4890, 21.4509, -67.0809

# Trichromacy



## Protanomaly

132.6790, -6.7437, -30.4135

## Deuteranomaly

133.2650, -2.1026, -25.6654

## Tritanomaly

123.0440, 16.2473, -78.0916

# Monochromacy



## Achromatopsia

112.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

112.0510, 2.4399, -36.0017

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 111.6920, 6.5608, -97.9539 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 166, 125)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 166, 125)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 166, 125) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 166, 125) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 111.6920, 6.5608, -97.9539 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 166, 125) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 166, 125) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 166, 125) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 166, 125); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 166, 125);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 166,  
125) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 111.6920, 6.5608, -97.9539 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 166, 125) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 166,  
125) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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