

# Converting Colors

YUV(111.7860, -31.9395,  
71.2247)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(111.7860, -31.9395, 71.2247)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(111.7860, -31.9395,  
71.2247)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C1532F
RGB	193, 83, 47
RGB Percent	76%, 33%, 18%
CMY	0.2431, 0.6745, 0.8157
CMYK	0.00, 0.57, 0.76, 0.24
HSL	15°, 61%, 47%
HSV	15°, 76%, 76%
XYZ	25.5987, 17.7292, 4.7622
YIQ	111.7860, 77.1160, 12.1240

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

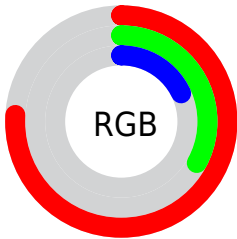
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	193, 95, 47
Decimal	12669743
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	49.17, 42.01, 41.89
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	49, 59.325, 44.919
Yxy	17.7292, 0.5323, 0.3687
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290859823 (0xFFC1532F)
YUV	111.7860, -31.9395, 71.2247
Hunter-Lab	42.1061, 34.8347, 22.7685

# Details

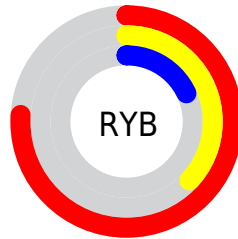
The YUV color **111.7860, -31.9395, 71.2247** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6633**. The color can be described as dark muted red. A complement of this color would be **128.2140, 31.9395, -71.2247**, and the grayscale version is **112.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **166.9070, -35.4502, 77.2576**, and **57.3770, -28.2869, 66.3214** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **100.8150, -35.8978, 80.8462**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **122.7570, -27.9812, 61.6031**.

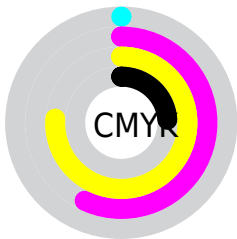
# Distribution



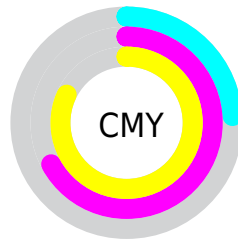
- Red (76%)
- Green (33%)
- Blue (18%)



- Red (76%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Blue (18%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Black (24%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (67%)
- Yellow (82%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 111.7860, -31.9395, 71.2247 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 111.7860, -31.9395, 71.2247 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 111.7860,  
-31.9395, 71.2247

■ 111.7860,  
-31.9395, 71.2247

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 84.9320, -30.0395,  
68.4656

■ 166.9070,  
-35.4502, 77.2576

■ 57.3770, -28.2869,  
66.3214

■ 185.6060,  
-32.3438, 60.8585

■ 30.7970, -15.1829,  
63.3220

■ 204.4190,  
-28.8006, 44.3595

■ 22.1260, -10.9081,  
45.4935

■ 224.5200,  
-25.3994, 26.7310

■ 14.8790, -6.3493,  
29.9241

■ 244.7350,  
-21.5614, 9.0024

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 252.0360,

-11.3567, 2.5994

■ 111.7860,  
-31.9395, 71.2247

■ 111.7860,  
-31.9395, 71.2247

■ 100.8150,  
-35.8978, 80.8462

■ 122.7570,  
-27.9812, 61.6031

■ 90.3170, -40.5823,  
90.0530

■ 133.2550,  
-23.2967, 52.3964

■ 85.8830, -42.3403,  
93.9416

■ 144.2260,  
-19.3384, 42.7748

■ 154.6100,  
-15.0907, 33.6680

■ 165.6950,  
-10.6956, 23.9465

■ 176.0790, -6.4479,  
14.8397

■ 187.0500, -2.4896,  
5.2182

■ 197.4340, 1.7580,  
-3.8886

■ 208.5190, 6.1531,  
-13.6102

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



110.4650, -8.1172, 83.7842



111.7860, -31.9395, 71.2247



109.7740, -54.1186, 44.9252

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



111.7860, -31.9395, 71.2247



91.1520, -1.0609, -79.9403



107.2750, 53.1084, -47.5992

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



111.7860, -31.9395, 71.2247



128.2140, 31.9395, -71.2247

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



100.7060, 55.8539, -88.3192



111.7860, -31.9395, 71.2247



98.2540, 21.0738, -86.1688

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



111.7860, -31.9395, 71.2247



99.4460, -30.2929, -37.2251



102.3240, 41.7453, -89.7381



119.8130, 34.1092, 26.4740



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



111.7860, -31.9395, 71.2247



108.4460, -53.4639, 21.5339



102.3240, 41.7453, -89.7381



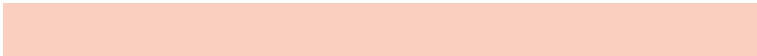
95.2920, 60.4950, -83.5711

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



111.7860, -31.9395, 71.2247



218.1470, -12.8905, 27.9351



103.4220, 27.4000, 78.5599



105.7480, -7.7638, 16.8840



252.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



125.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



111.7860, -31.9395, 71.2247



123.6310, -50.1041, 110.8256



153.4630, -52.4863, 34.6739



91.7510, -2.3422, 4.6034



71.6190, -35.3082, 78.3871



14.5630, -7.1796, 16.1692



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



128.2140, 31.9395, -71.2247



148.9560, 49.8147, -111.3404



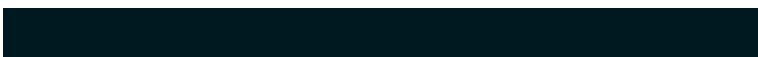
86.5370, 52.4863, -34.6739



92.8360, 2.0529, -5.1182



89.3810, 35.3082, -78.3871

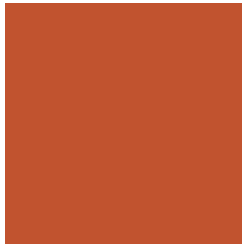


18.4370, 7.1796, -16.1692



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 111.7860, -31.9395, 71.2247 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 111.7860, -31.9395, 71.2247 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 111.7860, -31.9395, 71.2247

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 111.7860, -31.9395, 71.2247.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 111.7860, -31.9395, 71.2247.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

111.7860, -31.9395, 71.2247

### Protanopia

114.6340, -28.4136, 13.4760

### Deuteranopia

114.2570, -36.6087, 28.7156



## Tritanopia

114.2540, -14.9152, 70.8142

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

111.7860, -31.9395, 71.2247

## Protanomaly

113.4240, -29.7890, 34.7082

## Deuteranomaly

113.2250, -34.6209, 44.5297

## Tritanomaly

113.0600, -20.7356, 70.9844

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

111.7860, -31.9395, 71.2247

## Achromatopsia

112.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

111.4780, -11.5747, 25.8908

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 111.7860, -31.9395, 71.2247 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(193, 83, 47)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(193, 83, 47)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(193, 83, 47) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(193, 83, 47) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 111.7860, -31.9395, 71.2247 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(193, 83, 47) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(193, 83, 47) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(193, 83, 47)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(193, 83, 47); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(193, 83, 47);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(193, 83,  
47) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 111.7860, -31.9395, 71.2247 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(193, 83, 47) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(193, 83,  
47) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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