

# Converting Colors

YUV(112.0400, 22.6583,  
-34.2381)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(112.0400, 22.6583, -34.2381)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(112.0400, 22.6583,  
-34.2381)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	497B9E
RGB	73, 123, 158
RGB Percent	29%, 48%, 62%
CMY	0.7137, 0.5176, 0.3804
CMYK	0.54, 0.22, 0.00, 0.38
HSL	205°, 37%, 45%
HSV	205°, 54%, 62%
XYZ	16.0022, 18.0510, 34.9885
YIQ	112.0400, -41.0350, 0.2850

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

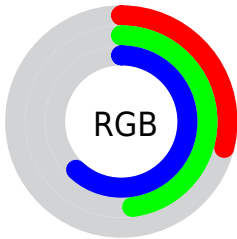
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	73, 104, 158
Decimal	4815774
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	49.56, -6.49, -23.96
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	50, 24.821, 254.848
Yxy	18.0510, 0.2318, 0.2615
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283005854 (0xFF497B9E)
YUV	112.0400, 22.6583, -34.2381
Hunter-Lab	42.4865, -7.1208, -19.0861

# Details

The YUV color **112.0400, 22.6583, -34.2381** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336699**. A complement of this color would be **118.9600, -22.6583, 34.2381**, and the grayscale version is **112.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **164.9800, 23.6739, -33.3085**, and **57.9140, 23.7064, -43.7746** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **103.1470, 27.0425, -40.4709**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **120.9330, 18.2740, -28.0052**.

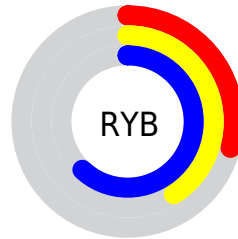
# Distribution



Red (29%)

Green (48%)

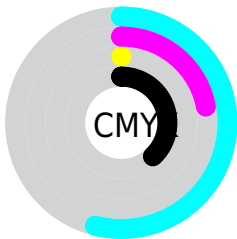
Blue (62%)



Red (29%)

Yellow (41%)

Blue (62%)

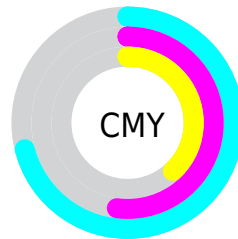


Cyan (54%)

Magenta (22%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (38%)



Cyan (71%)

Magenta (52%)

Yellow (38%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 112.0400, 22.6583, -34.2381 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 112.0400, 22.6583, -34.2381 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 112.0400, 22.6583,  
-34.2381

■ 112.0400, 22.6583,  
-34.2381

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 86.0290, 22.6637,  
-35.9824

■ 164.9800, 23.6739,  
-33.3085

■ 57.9140, 23.7064,  
-43.7746

■ 192.9800, 23.6739,  
-33.3085

■ 39.8720, 20.7691,  
-34.9677

■ 219.3840, 17.5587,  
-31.9088

■ 24.9230, 16.8000,  
-21.8575

■ 241.8440, 6.4859,  
-27.0502

■ 5.3920, 15.5827,  
-4.7288

■ 250.5150, 2.2111,  
-9.2217

■ 2.1830, 5.8258,  
-1.9145

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 112.0400, 22.6583,  
-34.2381

■ 112.0400, 22.6583,  
-34.2381

■ 103.1470, 27.0425,  
-40.4709

■ 120.9330, 18.2740,  
-28.0052

■ 94.8410, 31.1374,  
-47.2186

■ 129.2390, 14.1792,  
-21.2576

■ 86.2470, 35.3742,  
-52.8366

■ 137.8330, 9.9423,  
-15.6395

■ 77.9410, 39.4691,  
-59.5843

■ 146.1390, 5.8475,  
-8.8919

■ 72.6030, 42.1007,  
-63.6728

■ 155.0320, 1.4632,  
-2.6591

■ 163.3380, -2.6316,  
4.0886

■ 172.2310, -7.0159,  
10.3214

■ 180.2380,  
-10.9633, 16.4543

■ 189.1310,  
-15.3476, 22.6871

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



106.2460, 20.0917, -51.0817



112.0400, 22.6583, -34.2381



117.4990, 19.9670, -10.9616

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



112.0400, 22.6583, -34.2381



120.0260, -5.9288, 35.0572



112.5950, -12.6183, -12.7998

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



112.0400, 22.6583, -34.2381



118.9600, -22.6583, 34.2381

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



115.6960, -19.0771, 5.5286



112.0400, 22.6583, -34.2381



118.7130, -14.6485, 31.8237

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



112.0400, 22.6583, -34.2381



120.9140, 3.9864, 28.1394



117.5670, -19.9995, 21.4277



109.6340, -1.7916, -32.1280



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



112.0400, 22.6583, -34.2381



119.8600, 15.8450, 4.5078



117.5670, -19.9995, 21.4277



113.9440, -15.2554, -6.9669

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



112.0400, 22.6583, -34.2381



188.9150, 8.9159, -13.0805



126.7710, -9.7471, -47.1572



93.7370, 5.5527, -7.6623



232.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



105.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



112.0400, 22.6583, -34.2381



133.7630, 36.1058, -54.1662



87.3860, 34.8127, -12.6165



74.8470, 2.0474, -3.3738



65.6100, 38.1533, -57.5400



6.9930, 3.9475, -6.1329



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



104.1150, 9.3103, 47.2571



121.3710, 14.6071, 75.0966



143.6140, -34.8127, 12.6165



73.9620, 1.0047, 4.4183



52.3330, 15.6118, 79.5150



5.5110, 1.7201, 8.3219



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 112.0400, 22.6583, -34.2381 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 112.0400, 22.6583, -34.2381 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

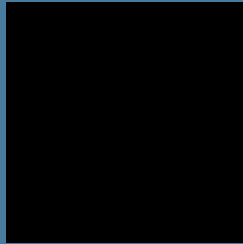
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

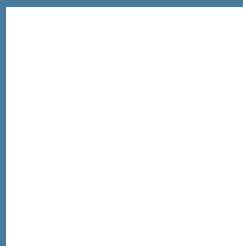
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 112.0400, 22.6583, -34.2381 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 112.0400, 22.6583, -34.2381.



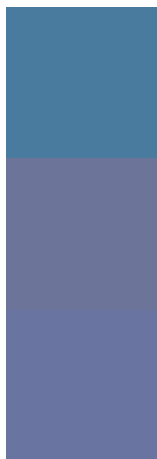
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 112.0400, 22.6583, -34.2381.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

112.0400, 22.6583, -34.2381

### Protanopia

117.8260, 17.3408, -8.6174

### Deuteranopia

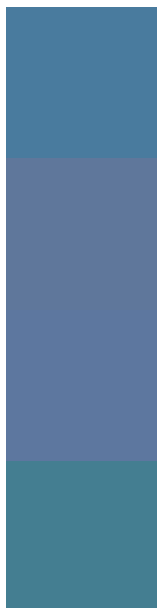
117.7270, 20.8406, -11.1616



## Tritanopia

109.6020, 13.5072, -39.1160

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

112.0400, 22.6583, -34.2381

## Protanomaly

115.9280, 19.2625, -18.3539

## Deuteranomaly

115.7860, 21.3045, -19.9833

## Tritanomaly

110.8240, 16.8488, -37.5566

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

112.0400, 22.6583, -34.2381

## Achromatopsia

112.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

112.1000, 8.3317, -12.3657

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 112.0400, 22.6583, -34.2381 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(73, 123, 158)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(73, 123, 158)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(73, 123, 158) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(73, 123, 158) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 112.0400, 22.6583, -34.2381 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(73, 123, 158) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(73, 123, 158) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(73, 123, 158)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(73, 123, 158); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(73, 123, 158);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(73, 123,  
158) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 112.0400, 22.6583, -34.2381 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(73, 123, 158) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(73, 123,  
158) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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