

Converting Colors

YUV(112.5400, -39.7062,
-51.3396)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(112.5400, -39.7062, -51.3396)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(112.5400, -39.7062,
-51.3396)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	369E20
RGB	54, 158, 32
RGB Percent	21%, 62%, 13%
CMY	0.7882, 0.3804, 0.8745
CMYK	0.66, 0.00, 0.80, 0.38
HSL	110°, 66%, 37%
HSV	110°, 80%, 62%
XYZ	14.0089, 25.3423, 5.5197
YIQ	112.5400, -21.5380, -61.2340

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

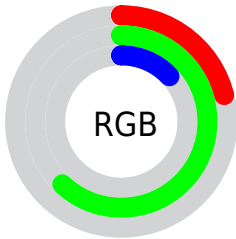
Format	Color
R_{YB}	32, 158, 136
Decimal	3579424
CIE _{Lab}	57.41, -52.30, 52.54
CIE _{LCh}	57, 74.134, 134.865
Yxy	25.3423, 0.3122, 0.5648
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281769504 (0xFF369E20)
YUV	112.5400, -39.7062, -51.3396
Hunter-Lab	50.3411, -38.4241, 28.7379

Details

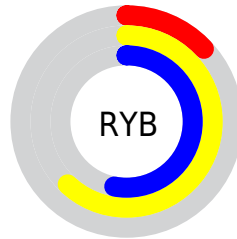
The YUV color **112.5400, -39.7062, -51.3396** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339900**. A complement of this color would be **77.4600, 39.7062, 51.3396**, and the grayscale version is **113.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **169.9210, -40.8801, -48.1657**, and **61.6350, -30.3861, -54.0539** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **106.8290, -44.7787, -57.7320**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **118.2510, -34.6337, -44.9471**.

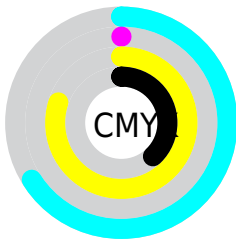
Distribution



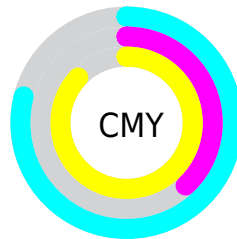
- Red (21%)
- Green (62%)
- Blue (13%)



- Red (13%)
- Yellow (62%)
- Blue (53%)



- Cyan (66%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Black (38%)



- Cyan (79%)
- Magenta (38%)
- Yellow (87%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 112.5400, -39.7062, -51.3396 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 112.5400, -39.7062, -51.3396 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 112.5400,
-39.7062, -51.3396

■ 112.5400,
-39.7062, -51.3396

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 79.2890, -39.0895,
-62.5205

■ 169.9210,
-40.8801, -48.1657

■ 61.6350, -30.3861,
-54.0539

■ 197.8070,
-41.3169, -48.0657

■ 46.9600, -23.1513,
-41.1839

■ 217.1870,
-37.5602, -39.6290

■ 32.8720, -16.2059,
-28.8287

■ 229.2350,
-30.1889, -23.8851

■ 19.3710, -9.5499,
-16.9884

■ 241.0980,
-22.2333, -8.8559

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 251.5800,

-13.1039, 2.9993

254.8860, -0.4368,
0.1000

■ 112.5400,
-39.7062, -51.3396

■ 112.5400,
-39.7062, -51.3396

■ 106.8290,
-44.7787, -57.7320

■ 118.2510,
-34.6337, -44.9471

■ 101.1180,
-49.8512, -64.1245

■ 123.9620,
-29.5613, -38.5547

■ 129.5590,
-24.9256, -32.0622

■ 135.2700,
-19.8531, -25.6698

■ 140.9810,
-14.7806, -19.2773

■ 146.6920, -9.7082,
-12.8849

■ 152.4030, -4.6357,
-6.4924

■ 158.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 163.7110, 5.0725,
6.3925

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



125.7790, -62.0090, 8.9638



112.5400, -39.7062, -51.3396



108.4830, -3.1961, -95.1396

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



112.5400, -39.7062, -51.3396



120.0550, 66.5279, -105.2882



125.0430, -7.9092, 110.4643

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



112.5400, -39.7062, -51.3396



77.4600, 39.7062, 51.3396

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



131.9630, 20.2312, 91.2404



112.5400, -39.7062, -51.3396



116.6870, 68.1883, -77.7785

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



112.5400, -39.7062, -51.3396



122.2600, 52.1298, -107.2220



141.2020, 44.2704, 34.0258



129.3280, -40.5877, 91.7973

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



112.5400, -39.7062, -51.3396



114.2000, 16.1704, -100.1534



141.2020, 44.2704, 34.0258



125.3770, 2.2791, 109.2944

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



112.5400, -39.7062, -51.3396



189.0410, -15.7962, -20.2070



130.1350, -48.3806, 24.4376



93.9910, -9.8556, -12.2701



232.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



105.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



112.5400, -39.7062, -51.3396



135.2780, -62.7481, -80.9278



110.5220, -18.9913, -68.8638



76.2940, -2.6099, -2.8888



91.4160, -45.0681, -58.2468



9.7020, -4.7831, -5.8777

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



77.4600, 39.7062, 51.3396



79.7220, 62.7481, 80.9278



79.4780, 18.9913, 68.8638



74.0050, 2.4625, 3.5036



51.5840, 45.0681, 58.2468



5.5970, 4.6357, 6.4924

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 112.5400, -39.7062, -51.3396 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 112.5400, -39.7062, -51.3396 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 112.5400, -39.7062, -51.3396 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 112.5400, -39.7062, -51.3396.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 112.5400, -39.7062, -51.3396.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

112.5400, -39.7062, -51.3396

Protanopia

129.5430, -50.5537, 21.4488

Deuteranopia

132.5690, -43.1715, 33.7040



Tritanopia

128.9330, 14.8230, -41.1602

Trichromacy



Original Color

112.5400, -39.7062, -51.3396

Protanomaly

123.7030, -46.6886, -5.0015

Deuteranomaly

125.0120, -41.9109, 2.6205

Tritanomaly

123.0470, -4.9532, -44.7682

Monochromacy



Original Color

112.5400, -39.7062, -51.3396

Achromatopsia

113.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

112.8070, -14.2019, -18.2477

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 112.5400, -39.7062, -51.3396 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(54, 158, 32)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(54, 158, 32)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(54, 158, 32) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(54, 158, 32) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 112.5400, -39.7062, -51.3396 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(54, 158, 32) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(54, 158, 32) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(54, 158, 32)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(54, 158, 32); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(54, 158, 32);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(54, 158,  
32) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 112.5400, -39.7062, -51.3396 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(54, 158, 32) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(54, 158,  
32) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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