

# Converting Colors

YUV(112.9600, 17.7677,  
41.2541)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(112.9600, 17.7677, 41.2541)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(112.9600, 17.7677,  
41.2541)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	A05295
RGB	160, 82, 149
RGB Percent	63%, 32%, 58%
CMY	0.3725, 0.6784, 0.4157
CMYK	0.00, 0.49, 0.07, 0.37
HSL	308°, 32%, 47%
HSV	308°, 49%, 63%
XYZ	22.9393, 15.6781, 30.2509
YIQ	112.9600, 24.9810, 37.3730

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

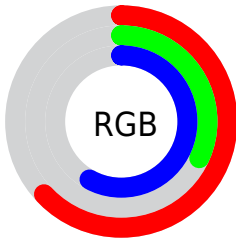
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	160, 82, 149
Decimal	10506901
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	46.55, 41.69, -22.66
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	47, 47.454, 331.477
Yxy	15.6781, 0.3331, 0.2277
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288696981 (0xFFA05295)
YUV	112.9600, 17.7677, 41.2541
Hunter-Lab	39.5956, 34.1200, -17.5805

# Details

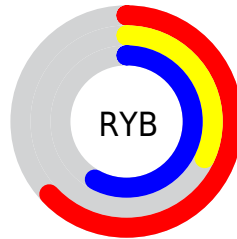
The YUV color **112.9600, 17.7677, 41.2541** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996699**. A complement of this color would be **129.0400, -17.7677, -41.2541**, and the grayscale version is **113.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **166.3840, 18.0517, 43.5132**, and **61.0630, 18.2099, 39.4097** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **103.3400, 21.5244, 49.6908**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **122.5800, 14.0111, 32.8173**.

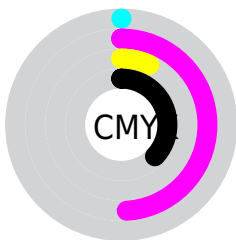
# Distribution



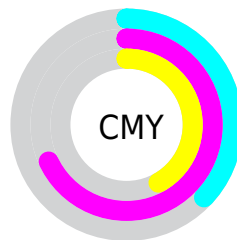
- Red (63%)
- Green (32%)
- Blue (58%)



- Red (63%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Blue (58%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Black (37%)




- Cyan (37%)
- Magenta (68%)
- Yellow (42%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 112.9600, 17.7677, 41.2541 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 112.9600, 17.7677, 41.2541 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 112.9600, 17.7677,  
41.2541


 112.9600, 17.7677,  
41.2541

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 87.2480, 17.6257,  
40.1245


 166.3840, 18.0517,  
43.5132


 61.0630, 18.2099,  
39.4097


 194.2100, 18.6305,  
44.5428


 32.6550, 20.3831,  
42.3986

 216.2580, 19.0998,  
33.9767

 22.5580, 14.0219,  
29.3286

 232.6940, 10.9969,  
19.5624

 13.2870, 8.2395,  
17.2883

 249.7170, 2.6045,  
4.6332

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 112.9600, 17.7677,  
41.2541

■ 112.9600, 17.7677,  
41.2541

■ 103.3400, 21.5244,  
49.6908

■ 122.5800, 14.0111,  
32.8173

■ 93.6060, 24.8442,  
58.2275

■ 132.3140, 10.6912,  
24.2806

■ 83.9860, 28.6009,  
66.6643

■ 141.9340, 6.9345,  
15.8439

■ 74.3660, 32.3576,  
75.1010

■ 151.5540, 3.1779,  
7.4071

■ 64.7460, 36.1142,  
83.5378

■ 161.1740, -0.5788,  
-1.0296


■ 63.4580, 36.2562,  
84.6673

■ 170.9080, -3.8986,  
-9.5663

■ 180.5280, -7.6553,  
-18.0031

■ 190.1480,

-11.4120, -26.4398

 199.7680,  
-15.1686, -34.8765

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



112.3060, 32.8801, 0.6086



112.9600, 17.7677, 41.2541



109.5100, 0.2416, 62.6967

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



112.9600, 17.7677, 41.2541



105.0620, -40.9496, 20.9936



92.9370, 28.6251, -81.5057

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



112.9600, 17.7677, 41.2541



129.0400, -17.7677, -41.2541

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



88.3770, 11.1531, -77.5066



112.9600, 17.7677, 41.2541



101.2690, -31.6846, -10.7599

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



112.9600, 17.7677, 41.2541



107.7630, -33.9002, 46.6888



88.8190, -9.2778, -57.7233



93.3080, 42.7392, -81.8311



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



112.9600, 17.7677, 41.2541



108.0190, -11.8414, 64.8813



88.8190, -9.2778, -57.7233



91.4550, 22.9467, -80.2060

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



112.9600, 17.7677, 41.2541



190.3470, 7.2239, 16.3587



93.8820, 32.5962, -1.6505



93.5050, 4.1880, 10.0811



232.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



105.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



112.9600, 17.7677, 41.2541



134.8610, 28.1695, 65.0199



108.6280, 1.1694, 45.0532



74.1900, 1.8783, 4.2184



56.7790, 32.6470, 75.6158



5.9670, 3.4673, 7.9219



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



112.9600, 17.7677, 41.2541



134.8610, 28.1695, 65.0199



133.3720, -1.1694, -45.0532



74.1900, 1.8783, 4.2184



56.7790, 32.6470, 75.6158



5.9670, 3.4673, 7.9219



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 112.9600, 17.7677, 41.2541 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

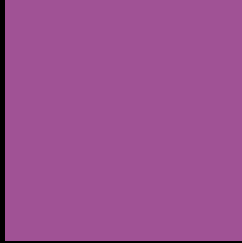
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 112.9600, 17.7677, 41.2541 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

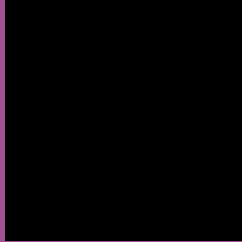
Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 112.9600, 17.7677, 41.2541 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 112.9600, 17.7677, 41.2541.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 112.9600, 17.7677,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

112.9600, 17.7677, 41.2541

### Protanopia

109.9740, 29.5928, -18.3942

### Deuteranopia

111.4950, 16.0250, -6.5731



## Tritanopia

112.0370, -5.9342, 36.8016

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

112.9600, 17.7677, 41.2541

## Protanomaly

110.9660, 25.1598, 3.5378

## Deuteranomaly

111.8330, 16.8443, 10.6705

## Tritanomaly

112.3390, 2.7909, 38.2907

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

112.9600, 17.7677, 41.2541

## Achromatopsia

113.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

113.1080, 6.3558, 14.8143

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 112.9600, 17.7677, 41.2541 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(160, 82, 149)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(160, 82, 149)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(160, 82, 149) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(160, 82, 149) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 112.9600, 17.7677, 41.2541 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(160, 82, 149) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(160, 82, 149) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(160, 82, 149) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(160, 82, 149); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(160, 82, 149);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(160, 82,  
149) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 112.9600, 17.7677, 41.2541 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(160, 82, 149) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(160, 82,  
149) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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