

# Converting Colors

YUV(113.0420, 16.2483,  
-31.6088)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(113.0420, 16.2483, -31.6088)  
contains.

<b>YUV(113.0420, 16.2483, -31.6088)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YUV(113.0420, 16.2483,  
-31.6088)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4D7D92
RGB	77, 125, 146
RGB Percent	30%, 49%, 57%
CMY	0.6980, 0.5098, 0.4275
CMYK	0.47, 0.14, 0.00, 0.43
HSL	198°, 31%, 44%
HSV	198°, 47%, 57%
XYZ	15.5825, 18.3203, 29.9090
YIQ	113.0420, -35.3490, -3.6450

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

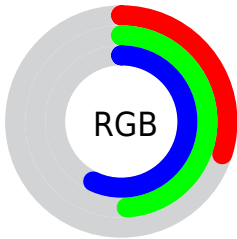
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	77, 105, 146
Decimal	5078418
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	49.88, -10.32, -16.42
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	50, 19.394, 237.848
Yxy	18.3203, 0.2442, 0.2871
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283268498 (0xFF4D7D92)
YUV	113.0420, 16.2483, -31.6088
Hunter-Lab	42.8023, -9.9197, -11.4686

# Details

The YUV color **113.0420, 16.2483, -31.6088** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **109.9580, -16.2483, 31.6088**, and the grayscale version is **113.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **166.1560, 16.6851, -31.7088**, and **62.0200, 16.2591, -35.0975** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **106.2090, 19.6170, -38.7713**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **119.8750, 12.8796, -24.4464**.

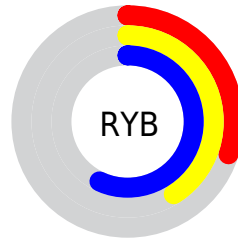
# Distribution



Red (30%)

Green (49%)

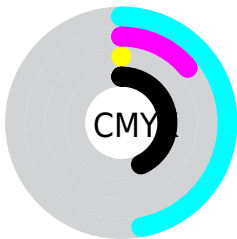
Blue (57%)



Red (30%)

Yellow (41%)

Blue (57%)

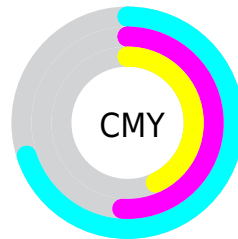


Cyan (47%)

Magenta (14%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (43%)



Cyan (70%)

Magenta (51%)

Yellow (43%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 113.0420, 16.2483, -31.6088 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 113.0420, 16.2483, -31.6088 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 113.0420, 16.2483,  
-31.6088

■ 113.0420, 16.2483,  
-31.6088

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 87.6290, 15.9589,  
-32.1236

■ 166.1560, 16.6851,  
-31.7088

■ 62.0200, 16.2591,  
-35.0975

■ 193.2700, 17.1219,  
-31.8088

■ 39.3190, 16.1117,  
-34.4828

■ 221.1560, 16.6851,  
-31.7088

■ 24.3700, 12.1426,  
-21.3725

■ 242.4420, 6.1911,  
-25.8206

■ 4.4800, 12.0884,  
-3.9290

■ 251.1130, 1.9163,  
-7.9921

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 113.0420, 16.2483,  
-31.6088

■ 113.0420, 16.2483,  
-31.6088

■ 106.2090, 19.6170,  
-38.7713

■ 119.8750, 12.8796,  
-24.4464

■ 99.0880, 23.1276,  
-44.8042

■ 126.9960, 9.3690,  
-18.4135

■ 92.2550, 26.4963,  
-51.9666

■ 133.8290, 6.0003,  
-11.2510

■ 85.1340, 30.0069,  
-57.9995

■ 140.9500, 2.4897,  
-5.2181

■ 78.3010, 33.3756,  
-65.1620

■ 147.7830, -0.8790,  
1.9443


■ 76.5180, 34.2546,  
-67.1063

■ 155.2030, -4.5371,  
8.5920

■ 161.7370, -7.7583,  
15.1397

■ 169.1570,

-11.4164, 21.7873

 175.6910,  
-14.6377, 28.3350

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



111.2280, 10.7336, -36.1570



113.0420, 16.2483, -31.6088



117.2440, 16.6417, -17.7540

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



113.0420, 16.2483, -31.6088



121.3390, -0.6601, 25.1357



115.8460, -13.2351, -1.6189

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



113.0420, 16.2483, -31.6088



109.9580, -16.2483, 31.6088

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



117.9510, -15.7518, 12.3210



113.0420, 16.2483, -31.6088



120.7000, -8.2331, 27.4501

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



113.0420, 16.2483, -31.6088



121.6350, 7.0819, 15.2291



119.4730, -14.0372, 22.3872



113.8810, -6.3503, -16.5586



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



113.0420, 16.2483, -31.6088



119.2670, 15.1514, -6.3732



119.4730, -14.0372, 22.3872



117.1240, -14.8511, 3.3993

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



113.0420, 16.2483, -31.6088



176.2310, 6.2951, -12.4806



119.8970, -10.7952, -37.6207



86.2810, 3.8055, -7.2624



222.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



94.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



113.0420, 16.2483, -31.6088



137.3370, 25.4699, -49.4075



93.0840, 26.0876, -14.1057



70.7330, 1.6106, -3.2738



72.0840, 32.4966, -63.2177



5.2490, 2.3422, -4.6034



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



103.1030, 10.7952, 37.6207



121.8420, 16.8399, 58.8976



129.9160, -26.0876, 14.1057



69.6630, 1.1521, 3.8035



52.2060, 21.5904, 75.2413



3.7880, 1.5835, 5.4479



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 113.0420, 16.2483, -31.6088 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 113.0420, 16.2483, -31.6088 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

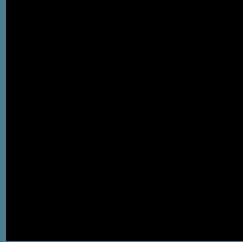
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 113.0420, 16.2483, -31.6088 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 113.0420, 16.2483, -31.6088.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 113.0420, 16.2483, -31.6088.

-31.6088.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

113.0420, 16.2483, -31.6088

### Protanopia

118.5400, 11.0728, -4.8586

### Deuteranopia

119.0500, 14.2724, -4.4288



## Tritanopia

112.2930, 12.1806, -33.5830

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

113.0420, 16.2483, -31.6088

## Protanomaly

116.6420, 12.9945, -14.5950

## Deuteranomaly

116.8100, 14.8837, -13.8654

## Tritanomaly

112.3470, 13.6329, -32.7533

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

113.0420, 16.2483, -31.6088

## Achromatopsia

113.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

112.8290, 6.0003, -11.2510

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 113.0420, 16.2483, -31.6088 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(77, 125, 146)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(77, 125, 146)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(77, 125, 146) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(77, 125, 146) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 113.0420, 16.2483, -31.6088 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(77, 125, 146) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(77, 125, 146) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(77, 125, 146)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(77, 125, 146); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(77, 125, 146);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(77, 125,  
146) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 113.0420, 16.2483, -31.6088 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(77, 125, 146) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(77, 125,  
146) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

# Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor