

# Converting Colors

YUV(113.6930, -11.1876,  
-4.9928)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(113.6930, -11.1876, -4.9928)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(113.6930, -11.1876,  
-4.9928)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	6C795B
RGB	108, 121, 91
RGB Percent	42%, 47%, 36%
CMY	0.5765, 0.5255, 0.6431
CMYK	0.11, 0.00, 0.25, 0.53
HSL	86°, 14%, 42%
HSV	86°, 25%, 47%
XYZ	14.9100, 17.6182, 12.5123
YIQ	113.6930, 1.8820, -12.0860

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

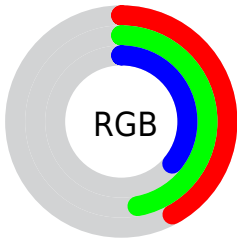
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">91, 121, 104</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">7108955</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">49.03, -10.64, 14.89</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">49, 18.297, 125.558</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">17.6182, 0.3310, 0.3912</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4285299035 (0xFF6C795B)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">113.6930, -11.1876, -4.9928</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">41.9741, -10.0478, 11.7077</a>

# Details

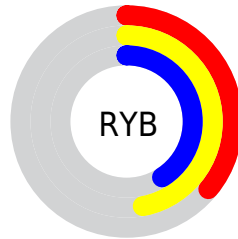
The YUV color **113.6930, -11.1876, -4.9928** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666633**. A complement of this color would be **98.3070, 11.1876, 4.9928**, and the grayscale version is **114.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **165.4650, -12.0612, -4.7928**, and **65.3340, -10.0247, -4.6779** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **110.8300, -15.6922, -6.8669**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **116.5560, -6.6831, -3.1186**.

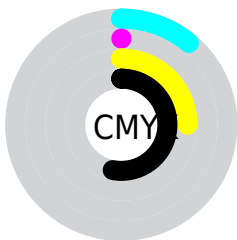
# Distribution



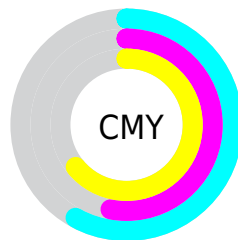
- Red (42%)
- Green (47%)
- Blue (36%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (41%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Black (53%)



- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (64%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 113.6930, -11.1876, -4.9928 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 113.6930, -11.1876, -4.9928 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 113.6930,  
-11.1876, -4.9928

■ 113.6930,  
-11.1876, -4.9928

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 89.1060, -10.8983,  
-4.4780

■ 165.4650,  
-12.0612, -4.7928

■ 65.3340, -10.0247,  
-4.6779

■ 193.0520,  
-12.3506, -5.3076

■ 43.4480, -9.5879,  
-4.7779

■ 220.9380,  
-12.7874, -5.2076

■ 22.7040, -11.1931,  
-3.2484

■ 247.7640,  
-12.2087, -4.1780

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 254.6580, -1.3104,  
0.2999

■ 113.6930,  
-11.1876, -4.9928

■ 113.6930,  
-11.1876, -4.9928

■ 110.8300,  
-15.6922, -6.8669

■ 116.5560, -6.6831,  
-3.1186

■ 107.9670,  
-20.1967, -8.7411

■ 119.4190, -2.1786,  
-1.2445

■ 104.8050,  
-24.5539, -11.2300

■ 122.5810, 2.1786,  
1.2445

■ 101.9420,  
-29.0584, -13.1041

■ 125.4440, 6.6831,  
3.1186

■ 99.0790, -33.5629,  
-14.9783

■ 128.3070, 11.1876,  
4.9928

■ 96.1020, -38.5043,  
-16.7525

■ 131.2840, 16.1290,  
6.7669

■ 92.9400, -42.8614,  
-19.2414

■ 134.4460, 20.4861,  
9.2559

■ 91.6580, -45.1874,

■ 137.3090, 24.9907,

-19.8711

11.1300

■ 140.1720, 29.4952,  
13.0042

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



115.2710, -14.4306, 8.5323



113.6930, -11.1876, -4.9928



111.4400, -4.1609, -18.8029

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



113.6930, -11.1876, -4.9928



112.5480, 15.5058, -26.7906



118.5840, -2.2599, 24.9208

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



113.6930, -11.1876, -4.9928



98.3070, 11.1876, 4.9928

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



119.1900, 5.3293, 17.3734



113.6930, -11.1876, -4.9928



115.9350, 15.3150, -12.2210

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



113.6930, -11.1876, -4.9928



109.5920, 12.0331, -32.9682



118.7090, 11.4825, 3.7632



118.0480, -9.3907, 25.3909



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



113.6930, -11.1876, -4.9928



110.2910, 1.8285, -26.5652



118.7090, 11.4825, 3.7632



119.4420, -0.2179, 23.2914

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



113.6930, -11.1876, -4.9928



155.2510, -4.0677, -1.9741



107.6010, -8.1843, 11.7509



77.4190, -2.1786, -1.2445



207.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



79.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



113.6930, -11.1876, -4.9928



146.6620, -17.5814, -7.5966



109.2080, -8.9765, -14.2144



59.7180, -2.3260, -0.6297



94.6040, -46.6398, -20.7007



190.6810, -94.0057, -41.8162



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



98.3070, 11.1876, 4.9928



122.3380, 17.5814, 7.5966



102.7920, 8.9765, 14.2144



56.5810, 2.1786, 1.2445



30.3960, 46.6398, 20.7007



61.3190, 94.0057, 41.8162



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 113.6930, -11.1876, -4.9928 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 113.6930, -11.1876, -4.9928 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

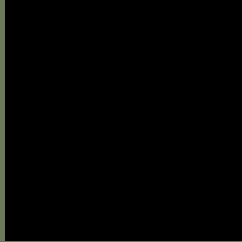
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 113.6930, -11.1876, -4.9928 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 113.6930, -11.1876, -4.9928.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 113.6930, -11.1876, -4.9928.

-4.9928.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

113.6930, -11.1876, -4.9928

### Protanopia

115.3140, -12.9728, 7.6176

### Deuteranopia

117.0100, -11.8369, 16.6542



## Tritanopia

116.2430, 4.8102, -2.8441

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

113.6930, -11.1876, -4.9928

## Protanomaly

114.8080, -12.2303, 2.7994

## Deuteranomaly

115.6670, -11.6678, 9.0620

## Tritanomaly

115.3370, -1.1521, -3.8035

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

113.6930, -11.1876, -4.9928

## Achromatopsia

114.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

114.2510, -4.0677, -1.9741

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 113.6930, -11.1876, -4.9928 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(108, 121, 91)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(108, 121, 91)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(108, 121, 91) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(108, 121, 91) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 113.6930, -11.1876, -4.9928 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(108, 121, 91) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(108, 121, 91) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(108, 121, 91)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(108, 121, 91); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 121, 91);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 121,  
91) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 113.6930, -11.1876, -4.9928 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(108, 121, 91) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(108,  
121, 91) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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