

# Converting Colors

YUV(113.8370, 0.5734, 2.7740)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(113.8370, 0.5734, 2.7740)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(113.8370, 0.5734,  
2.7740)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	757073
RGB	117, 112, 115
RGB Percent	46%, 44%, 45%
CMY	0.5412, 0.5608, 0.5490
CMYK	0.00, 0.04, 0.02, 0.54
HSL	324°, 2%, 45%
HSV	324°, 4%, 46%
XYZ	16.2248, 16.6081, 18.5702
YIQ	113.8370, 2.0170, 1.9930

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

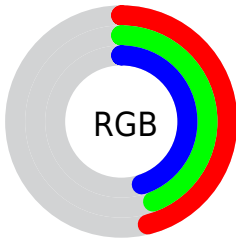
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	117, 112, 115
Decimal	7696499
CIELab	47.76, 2.53, -0.98
CIELCh	48, 2.709, 338.842
Yxy	16.6081, 0.3156, 0.3231
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285886579 (0xFF757073)
YUV	113.8370, 0.5734, 2.7740
Hunter-Lab	40.7530, -0.2523, 1.5100

# Details

The YUV color **113.8370, 0.5734, 2.7740** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **115.1630, -0.5734, -2.7740**, and the grayscale version is **114.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **165.8370, 0.5734, 2.7740**, and **65.8370, 0.5734, 2.7740** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **106.2230, 1.8621, 9.4514**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **121.4510, -0.7153, -3.9035**.

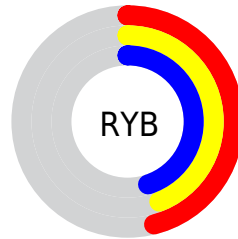
# Distribution



Red (46%)

Green (44%)

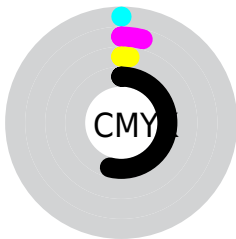
Blue (45%)



Red (46%)

Yellow (44%)

Blue (45%)

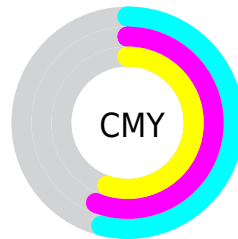


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (4%)

Yellow (2%)

Black (54%)



Cyan (54%)

Magenta (56%)

Yellow (55%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 113.8370, 0.5734, 2.7740 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 113.8370, 0.5734, 2.7740 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 113.8370, 0.5734,  
2.7740


 113.8370, 0.5734,  
2.7740

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 89.4240, 0.2840,  
2.2592

 165.8370, 0.5734,  
2.7740


 65.8370, 0.5734,  
2.7740

 192.8370, 0.5734,  
2.7740

 43.8370, 0.5734,  
2.7740

 220.8370, 0.5734,  
2.7740

 23.4240, 0.2840,  
2.2592

 249.1360, 0.4260,  
3.3887

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 113.8370, 0.5734,

 113.8370, 0.5734,

2.7740

2.7740

■ 106.2230, 1.8621,  
9.4514

■ 121.4510, -0.7153,  
-3.9035

■ 99.3100, 3.2982,  
15.5141

■ 128.3640, -2.1515,  
-9.9662

■ 91.6960, 4.5869,  
22.1916

■ 135.9780, -3.4402,  
-16.6437

■ 84.0820, 5.8756,  
28.8691

■ 143.5920, -4.7289,  
-23.3212

■ 77.1690, 7.3117,  
34.9318

■ 151.0920, -6.4544,  
-29.8987

■ 69.5550, 8.6004,  
41.6093

■ 158.1190, -7.4537,  
-36.0614

■ 61.9410, 9.8891,  
48.2867

■ 165.7330, -8.7424,  
-42.7388

■ 54.4410, 11.6146,  
54.8642

■ 173.2330,  
-10.4679, -49.3163

■ 47.4140, 12.6139,  
61.0269

■ 180.2600,  
-11.4672, -55.4790

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



114.0540, 1.4524, 0.8296



113.8370, 0.5734, 2.7740



113.9080, -0.4476, 3.5887

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



113.8370, 0.5734, 2.7740



113.1420, -2.0420, 1.6295



113.0210, 1.4686, -4.4034

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



113.8370, 0.5734, 2.7740



115.1630, -0.5734, -2.7740

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



112.7930, 0.5951, -4.2035



113.8370, 0.5734, 2.7740



112.9460, -1.4524, -0.8296

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



113.8370, 0.5734, 2.7740



113.7400, -2.3368, 2.8590



113.1630, -0.5734, -2.7740



112.8470, 2.0474, -3.3738



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



113.8370, 0.5734, 2.7740



113.6800, -1.3212, 3.7886



113.1630, -0.5734, -2.7740



112.9070, 1.0318, -4.3034

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



113.8370, 0.5734, 2.7740



151.7120, 0.1420, 1.1296



113.1680, 1.8892, 0.7297



76.2990, -0.1474, 0.6148



204.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



77.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



113.8370, 0.5734, 2.7740



147.9620, 1.0047, 4.4183



113.6090, -0.3002, 2.9739



56.4240, 0.2840, 2.2592



44.8000, 13.9026, 67.7044



91.8500, 28.6680, 138.6976



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



113.8370, 0.5734, 2.7740



147.9620, 1.0047, 4.4183



115.5050, 0.7370, -3.0739



56.4240, 0.2840, 2.2592



44.8000, 13.9026, 67.7044



91.8500, 28.6680, 138.6976



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 113.8370, 0.5734, 2.7740 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 113.8370, 0.5734, 2.7740 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 113.8370, 0.5734, 2.7740

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 113.8370, 0.5734, 2.7740.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 113.8370, 0.5734,

2.7740.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

113.8370, 0.5734, 2.7740

### Protanopia

113.8260, 0.5788, 1.0296

### Deuteranopia

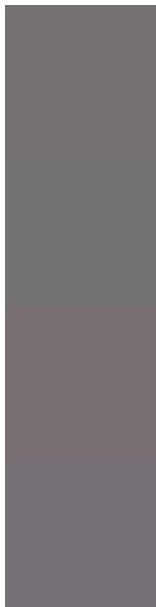
114.4570, 0.2677, 7.4922



## Tritanopia

114.1190, 2.8993, 3.4036

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

113.8370, 0.5734, 2.7740

## Protanomaly

114.1250, 0.4314, 1.6444

## Deuteranomaly

114.4460, 0.2731, 5.7479

## Tritanomaly

113.8910, 2.0257, 3.6036

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

113.8370, 0.5734, 2.7740

## Achromatopsia

114.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

113.7120, 0.1420, 1.1296

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 113.8370, 0.5734, 2.7740 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(117, 112, 115)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(117, 112, 115)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(117, 112, 115) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(117, 112, 115) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 113.8370, 0.5734, 2.7740 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(117, 112, 115) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(117, 112, 115) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(117, 112, 115)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(117, 112, 115); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 112, 115);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 112,  
115) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 113.8370, 0.5734, 2.7740 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(117, 112, 115) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(117,  
112, 115) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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