

Converting Colors

YUV(114.2250, -7.9989, -1.0743)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(114.2250, -7.9989, -1.0743)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(114.2250, -7.9989,
-1.0743)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	717662
RGB	113, 118, 98
RGB Percent	44%, 46%, 38%
CMY	0.5569, 0.5373, 0.6157
CMYK	0.04, 0.00, 0.17, 0.54
HSL	75°, 9%, 42%
HSV	75°, 17%, 46%
XYZ	15.4931, 17.3494, 14.0875
YIQ	114.2250, 3.4400, -7.2800

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

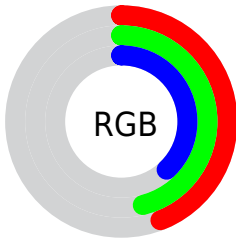
Format	Color
R_{YB}	98, 118, 103
Decimal	7435874
CIE Lab	48.70, -5.74, 10.39
CIE LCh	49, 11.871, 118.903
Yxy	17.3494, 0.3301, 0.3697
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285625954 (0xFF717662)
YUV	114.2250, -7.9989, -1.0743
Hunter-Lab	41.6526, -6.4974, 9.1042

Details

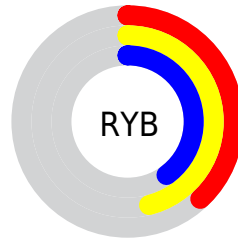
The YUV color **114.2250, -7.9989, -1.0743** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **101.7750, 7.9989, 1.0743**, and the grayscale version is **114.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **166.1110, -8.4357, -0.9743**, and **66.4530, -7.1253, -1.2743** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **111.9600, -12.7983, -1.7189**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **116.4900, -3.1996, -0.4297**.

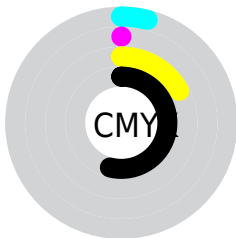
Distribution



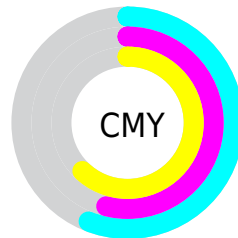
- Red (44%)
- Green (46%)
- Blue (38%)



- Red (38%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Black (54%)



- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (54%)
- Yellow (62%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 114.2250, -7.9989, -1.0743 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 114.2250, -7.9989, -1.0743 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 114.2250, -7.9989,
-1.0743

■ 114.2250, -7.9989,
-1.0743

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 89.3390, -7.5621,
-1.1743

■ 166.1110, -8.4357,
-0.9743

■ 66.4530, -7.1253,
-1.2743

■ 192.9970, -8.8725,
-0.8744

■ 43.8660, -6.8359,
-0.7595

■ 220.9970, -8.8725,
-0.8744

■ 23.4100, -8.5831,
-0.3596

■ 249.5840, -9.1619,
-1.3892

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 114.2250, -7.9989,

■ 114.2250, -7.9989,

-1.0743

-1.0743

■ 111.9600,
-12.7983, -1.7189

■ 116.4900, -3.1996,
-0.4297

■ 109.6950,
-17.5976, -2.3635

■ 118.7550, 1.5998,
0.2149

■ 107.5440,
-21.9602, -3.1081

■ 120.9060, 5.9623,
0.9594

■ 105.2790,
-26.7595, -3.7527

■ 123.1710, 10.7617,
1.6040

■ 103.0140,
-31.5589, -4.3973

■ 125.4360, 15.5611,
2.2486

■ 100.7490,
-36.3583, -5.0419

■ 127.7010, 20.3604,
2.8932

■ 98.4840, -41.1576,
-5.6865

■ 129.9660, 25.1598,
3.5378

■ 96.3330, -45.5202,
-6.4310

■ 132.1170, 29.5223,
4.2824

■ 95.5780, -47.1200,
-6.6459

■ 134.3820, 34.3217,
4.9270

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



115.5250, -9.6258, 7.4326



114.2250, -7.9989, -1.0743



112.9080, -3.8986, -9.5663

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



114.2250, -7.9989, -1.0743



113.5940, 9.0742, -17.1839



117.5720, -0.7750, 15.2844

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



114.2250, -7.9989, -1.0743



101.7750, 7.9989, 1.0743

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



117.2060, 4.3354, 9.4663



114.2250, -7.9989, -1.0743



115.1650, 9.7787, -9.7917

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



114.2250, -7.9989, -1.0743



111.8880, 6.4642, -20.0728



116.4760, 8.1463, 0.4595



117.0300, -5.4378, 17.5137

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



114.2250, -7.9989, -1.0743



112.0860, -0.5354, -14.9844



116.4760, 8.1463, 0.4595



117.7290, 1.1196, 14.2697

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



114.2250, -7.9989, -1.0743



151.4900, -3.1996, -0.4297



106.9150, -4.3951, 9.7215



75.8320, -1.8892, -0.7297



204.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



77.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



114.2250, -7.9989, -1.0743



147.0740, -12.3615, -1.8189



111.2350, -6.5249, -7.2221



57.7180, -2.3260, -0.6297



99.1220, -48.8671, -6.2460



202.6630, -99.9129, -13.7365

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



101.7750, 7.9989, 1.0743



127.9260, 12.3615, 1.8189



104.7650, 6.5249, 7.2221



53.9830, 2.4734, 0.0149



23.1770, 48.7197, 6.8608



47.0380, 100.0603, 13.1217

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 114.2250, -7.9989, -1.0743 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

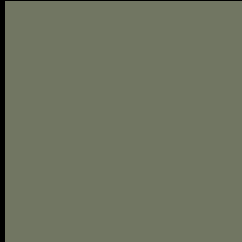
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 114.2250, -7.9989, -1.0743 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

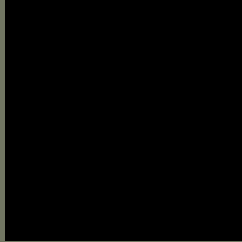
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 114.2250, -7.9989, -1.0743

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 114.2250, -7.9989, -1.0743.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 114.2250, -7.9989, -1.0743.

-1.0743.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

114.2250, -7.9989, -1.0743

Protanopia

115.0410, -8.8942, 6.1030

Deuteranopia

115.9110, -8.3371, 14.1101



Tritanopia

115.9230, 3.4890, 0.9445

Trichromacy



Original Color

114.2250, -7.9989, -1.0743

Protanomaly

114.7310, -8.7414, 3.7439

Deuteranomaly

115.5790, -8.1734, 8.2622

Tritanomaly

115.1850, -0.5842, 0.7148

Monochromacy



Original Color

114.2250, -7.9989, -1.0743

Achromatopsia

114.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

113.9030, -2.9102, 0.0851

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 114.2250, -7.9989, -1.0743 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(113, 118, 98)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(113, 118, 98)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(113, 118, 98) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(113, 118, 98) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 114.2250, -7.9989, -1.0743 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(113, 118, 98) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(113, 118, 98) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(113, 118, 98)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(113, 118, 98); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 118, 98);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 118,  
98) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 114.2250, -7.9989, -1.0743 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(113, 118, 98) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(113,  
118, 98) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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