

# Converting Colors

YUV(114.4870, 18.9869,  
117.0909)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(114.4870, 18.9869, 117.0909)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(114.4870, 18.9869,  
117.0909)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	F82799
RGB	248, 39, 153
RGB Percent	97%, 15%, 60%
CMY	0.0275, 0.8471, 0.4000
CMYK	0.00, 0.84, 0.38, 0.03
HSL	327°, 94%, 56%
HSV	327°, 84%, 97%
XYZ	45.1867, 23.7074, 32.3314
YIQ	114.4870, 87.9700, 79.7620

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

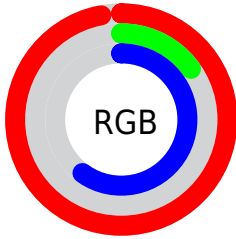
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>Y</sub>B</b>	248, 39, 153
Decimal	16263065
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	55.79, 80.78, -9.65
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	56, 81.355, 353.190
Yxy	23.7074, 0.4464, 0.2342
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294453145 (0xFFFF82799)
YUV	114.4870, 18.9869, 117.0909
Hunter-Lab	48.6902, 80.4479, -5.2867

# Details

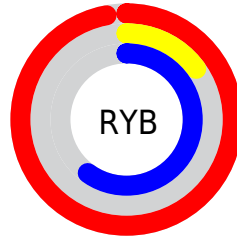
The YUV color **114.4870, 18.9869, 117.0909** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF3399**. The color can be described as middle washed rose. A complement of this color would be **172.5130, -18.9869, -117.0909**, and the grayscale version is **114.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **165.0000, 20.7060, 78.9300**, and **67.2420, 17.1357, 104.1508** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **98.5580, 21.4169, 131.0606**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **130.4160, 16.5569, 103.1212**.

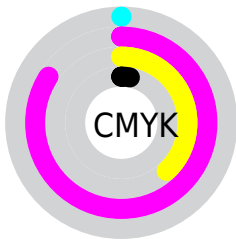
# Distribution



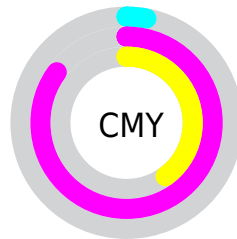
- Red (97%)
- Green (15%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (97%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (84%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Black (3%)




- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (85%)
- Yellow (40%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 114.4870, 18.9869, 117.0909 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 114.4870, 18.9869, 117.0909 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 114.4870, 18.9869,  
117.0909


 114.4870, 18.9869,  
117.0909


255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 79.3610, 23.4860,  
120.7094

 165.0000, 20.7060,  
78.9300


 67.2420, 17.1357,  
104.1508


 186.3890, 23.9652,  
60.1718

 55.2370, 11.2222,  
87.4922


 206.2790, 24.0195,  
42.7283

 43.6450, 5.5980,  
71.3483

 223.8890, 15.3377,  
27.2843

 32.2810, 0.8475,  
55.0046

 242.0860, 6.3666,  
11.3256

 21.0590, -5.9451,  
40.2903

 9.9810, -4.4276,

20.1877

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 114.4870, 18.9869,  
117.0909

■ 114.4870, 18.9869,  
117.0909

■ 98.5580, 21.4169,  
131.0606

■ 130.4160, 16.5569,  
103.1212

■ 89.5420, 22.4108,  
138.9677

■ 146.4590, 14.5637,  
89.0515

■ 161.8010, 12.4231,  
75.5965

■ 177.7300, 9.9931,  
61.6268

■ 193.6590, 7.5631,  
47.6571

209.7020, 5.5699,  
33.5873

225.6310, 3.1399,  
19.6176

240.9730, 0.9993,  
6.1627

252.7930, 0.5951,  
-4.2035

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



133.9000, 42.4473, 58.8467



114.4870, 18.9869, 117.0909



113.8720, -15.2199, 122.0153

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



114.4870, 18.9869, 117.0909



118.2930, -58.3184, -8.1500



122.0780, 61.5865, -107.0624

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



114.4870, 18.9869, 117.0909



172.5130, -18.9869, -117.0909

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



117.7000, 34.6579, -103.2229



114.4870, 18.9869, 117.0909



96.9640, -29.5623, -85.0374

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



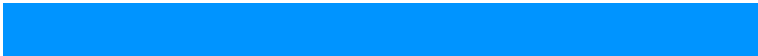
114.4870, 18.9869, 117.0909



125.7000, -61.9701, 43.2361



108.7910, 3.0610, -95.4097



115.9460, 68.5536, -101.6846



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



114.4870, 18.9869, 117.0909



120.8670, -41.3464, 101.8486



108.7910, 3.0610, -95.4097



121.3140, 53.5822, -106.3924

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



114.4870, 18.9869, 117.0909



214.1260, 5.8539, 35.8465



90.9320, 77.4345, 36.8936



103.0550, 3.4239, 21.8768



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



114.4870, 18.9869, 117.0909



92.0910, 23.1261, 142.8712



102.6310, -26.4401, 127.4886



116.6850, 1.1413, 7.2923



68.2530, 17.1303, 105.8951



22.0010, 5.4225, 34.2021



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



114.4870, 18.9869, 117.0909



92.0910, 23.1261, 142.8712



184.3690, 26.4401, -127.4886



116.6850, 1.1413, 7.2923



68.2530, 17.1303, 105.8951



22.0010, 5.4225, 34.2021



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 114.4870, 18.9869, 117.0909 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

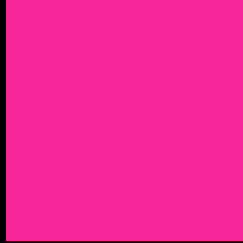
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 114.4870, 18.9869, 117.0909 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 114.4870, 18.9869, 117.0909 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 114.4870, 18.9869, 117.0909.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 114.4870, 18.9869, 117.0909.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

114.4870, 18.9869, 117.0909

### Protanopia

132.7480, 39.0712, -25.2120

### Deuteranopia

135.3690, 3.7621, 6.6924



## Tritanopia

121.3680, -24.3384, 106.6713

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

114.4870, 18.9869, 117.0909



## Protanomaly

125.9440, 32.0726, 26.3591



## Deuteranomaly

127.8160, 9.4577, 46.6424



## Tritanomaly

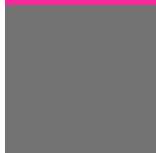
118.8150, -8.7828, 110.6642

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

114.4870, 18.9869, 117.0909



## Achromatopsia

114.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



## Achromatomaly

114.3980, 6.7058, 42.6240

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 114.4870, 18.9869, 117.0909 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(248, 39, 153)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(248, 39, 153)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(248, 39, 153) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(248, 39, 153) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 114.4870, 18.9869, 117.0909 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(248, 39, 153) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(248, 39, 153) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(248, 39, 153)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(248, 39, 153); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(248, 39, 153);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(248, 39,  
153) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 114.4870, 18.9869, 117.0909 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(248, 39, 153) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(248, 39,  
153) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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