

# Converting Colors

YUV(114.8620, -40.8510,  
36.0780)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(114.8620, -40.8510, 36.0780)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(114.8620, -40.8510,  
36.0780)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	9C6E20
RGB	156, 110, 32
RGB Percent	61%, 43%, 13%
CMY	0.3882, 0.5686, 0.8745
CMYK	0.00, 0.29, 0.79, 0.39
HSL	38°, 66%, 37%
HSV	38°, 79%, 61%
XYZ	19.5469, 18.3241, 3.8732
YIQ	114.8620, 52.4540, -14.5060

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

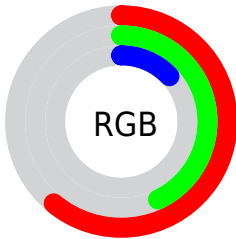
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	105, 156, 32
Decimal	10251808
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	49.89, 11.14, 47.82
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	50, 49.102, 76.890
Yxy	18.3241, 0.4683, 0.4390
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288441888 (0xFF9C6E20)
YUV	114.8620, -40.8510, 36.0780
Hunter-Lab	42.8066, 6.5975, 24.6000

# Details

The YUV color **114.8620, -40.8510, 36.0780** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996600**. A complement of this color would be **73.1380, 40.8510, -36.0780**, and the grayscale version is **115.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **167.9550, -41.8828, 40.3815**, and **66.8810, -32.9723, 29.0454** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **109.5160, -46.1034, 40.7665**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **120.2080, -35.5985, 31.3896**.

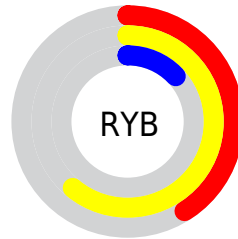
# Distribution



Red (61%)

Green (43%)

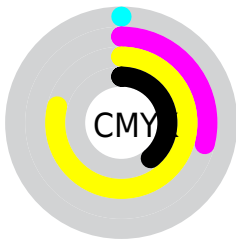
Blue (13%)



Red (41%)

Yellow (61%)

Blue (13%)

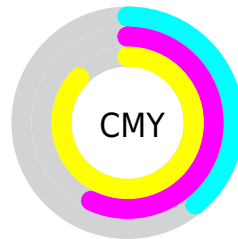


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (29%)

Yellow (79%)

Black (39%)



Cyan (39%)

Magenta (57%)

Yellow (87%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 114.8620, -40.8510, 36.0780 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 114.8620, -40.8510, 36.0780 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 114.8620,  
-40.8510, 36.0780

■ 114.8620,  
-40.8510, 36.0780

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 88.8680, -43.3189,  
34.3188

■ 167.9550,  
-41.8828, 40.3815

■ 66.8810, -32.9723,  
29.0454

■ 195.6240,  
-43.1986, 42.4258

■ 45.8940, -22.6257,  
23.7720

■ 218.3130,  
-41.5663, 32.1745

■ 25.7930, -12.7159,  
18.5985

■ 238.4140,  
-38.1651, 14.5459

■ 6.8770, -3.3904,  
14.1399

■ 247.4760,  
-28.8287, 6.5985

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 250.6680,

-16.5983, 3.7992

253.9740, -3.9312,  
0.8998

114.8620,  
-40.8510, 36.0780

114.8620,  
-40.8510, 36.0780

109.5160,  
-46.1034, 40.7665

120.2080,  
-35.5985, 31.3896

104.2840,  
-50.9190, 45.3549

125.4400,  
-30.7829, 26.8011

104.1700,  
-51.3558, 45.4549

130.1990,  
-25.2411, 22.6275

135.4310,  
-20.4255, 18.0390

140.7770,  
-15.1731, 13.3506

■ 146.1230, -9.9206,  
8.6621

■ 151.3550, -5.1050,  
4.0737

■ 156.1140, 0.4368,  
-0.1000

■ 161.3460, 5.2524,  
-4.6884

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



116.0340, -28.1178, 58.7292



114.8620, -40.8510, 36.0780



111.6040, -39.7378, 5.6093

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



114.8620, -40.8510, 36.0780



97.7810, 21.8000, -85.7539



122.1520, 26.5471, 25.2997

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



114.8620, -40.8510, 36.0780



73.1380, 40.8510, -36.0780

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



115.6060, 41.1132, -26.8415



114.8620, -40.8510, 36.0780



100.2380, 38.8297, -87.9087

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



114.8620, -40.8510, 36.0780



92.1780, 2.8702, -80.8401



98.5230, 50.0282, -86.4047



119.8820, 9.4252, 57.1085



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



114.8620, -40.8510, 36.0780



107.9800, -30.0631, -17.5225



98.5230, 50.0282, -86.4047



121.4320, 31.8320, 10.1451

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



114.8620, -40.8510, 36.0780



187.8480, -16.1941, 14.1653



74.5480, 2.6878, 71.4334



92.1230, -9.9206, 8.6621



230.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



102.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



114.8620, -40.8510, 36.0780



139.6200, -63.9027, 56.4613



137.6780, -52.0993, 3.7904



76.3270, -2.6262, 2.3442



95.5870, -47.1244, 41.5812



10.3550, -5.1050, 4.0737



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



73.1380, 40.8510, -36.0780



74.3800, 63.9027, -56.4613



50.3220, 52.0993, -3.7904



73.6730, 2.6262, -2.3442



47.4130, 47.1244, -41.5812

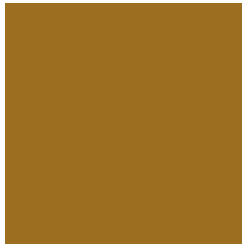


5.2320, 4.8156, -4.5885



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 114.8620, -40.8510, 36.0780 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 114.8620, -40.8510, 36.0780 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 114.8620, -40.8510, 36.0780

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 114.8620, -40.8510, 36.0780.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 114.8620, -40.8510,

36.0780.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

114.8620, -40.8510, 36.0780

### Protanopia

113.7950, -39.3389, 17.7198

### Deuteranopia

114.7150, -41.2715, 30.9449



## Tritanopia

121.1400, -5.4920, 34.9572

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

114.8620, -40.8510, 36.0780

## Protanomaly

114.3120, -40.0868, 24.2824

## Deuteranomaly

114.7260, -41.2769, 32.6893

## Tritanomaly

119.1110, -18.2957, 34.9827

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

114.8620, -40.8510, 36.0780

## Achromatopsia

115.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

114.8910, -14.7363, 13.2506

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 114.8620, -40.8510, 36.0780 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(156, 110, 32)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(156, 110, 32)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(156, 110, 32) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(156, 110, 32) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 114.8620, -40.8510, 36.0780 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(156, 110, 32) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(156, 110, 32) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(156, 110, 32)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(156, 110, 32); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 110, 32);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 110,  
32) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 114.8620, -40.8510, 36.0780 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(156, 110, 32) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(156,  
110, 32) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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