

# Converting Colors

YUV(115.0060, 31.0560,  
-21.0533)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(115.0060, 31.0560, -21.0533)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(115.0060, 31.0560,  
-21.0533)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5B73B2
RGB	91, 115, 178
RGB Percent	36%, 45%, 70%
CMY	0.6431, 0.5490, 0.3020
CMYK	0.49, 0.35, 0.00, 0.30
HSL	223°, 36%, 53%
HSV	223°, 49%, 70%
XYZ	18.4810, 17.7000, 44.5619
YIQ	115.0060, -34.5270, 14.5050

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

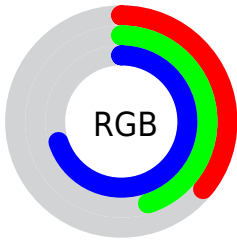
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	91, 110, 178
Decimal	5993394
CIE Lab	49.13, 8.93, -36.20
CIE LCh	49, 37.283, 283.864
Yxy	17.7000, 0.2289, 0.2192
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284183474 (0xFF5B73B2)
YUV	115.0060, 31.0560, -21.0533
Hunter-Lab	42.0713, 4.7863, -33.3499

# Details

The YUV color **115.0060, 31.0560, -21.0533** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666699**. A complement of this color would be **153.9940, -31.0560, 21.0533**, and the grayscale version is **115.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **168.0600, 32.5084, -20.2236**, and **64.0440, 30.0513, -25.4716** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **101.9930, 37.4715, -25.4269**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **128.0190, 24.6406, -16.6797**.

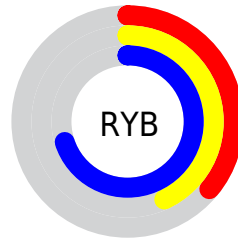
# Distribution



Red (36%)

Green (45%)

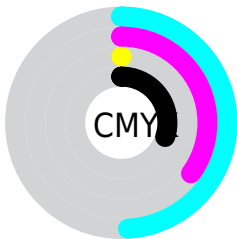
Blue (70%)



Red (36%)

Yellow (43%)

Blue (70%)

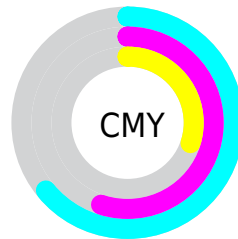


Cyan (49%)

Magenta (35%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (30%)



Cyan (64%)

Magenta (55%)

Yellow (30%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 115.0060, 31.0560, -21.0533 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 115.0060, 31.0560, -21.0533 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 115.0060, 31.0560,  
-21.0533

■ 115.0060, 31.0560,  
-21.0533

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 89.7670, 30.1879,  
-22.5977

■ 168.0600, 32.5084,  
-20.2236

■ 64.0440, 30.0513,  
-25.4716

■ 194.6750, 29.7402,  
-19.0090

■ 38.4020, 30.3678,  
-33.6786

■ 219.7820, 17.3625,  
-15.5948

■ 23.8120, 25.2357,  
-20.8831

■ 244.8890, 4.9847,  
-12.1807

■ 5.9280, 22.7135,  
-5.1989

■ 4.5940, 12.5252,  
-4.0289

■ 0.1140, 0.4368,

-0.1000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 115.0060, 31.0560,  
-21.0533

■ 115.0060, 31.0560,  
-21.0533

■ 101.9930, 37.4715,  
-25.4269

■ 128.0190, 24.6406,  
-16.6797

■ 88.9800, 43.8869,  
-29.8005

■ 141.0320, 18.2252,  
-12.3061

■ 76.2660, 50.1549,  
-33.5593

■ 153.7460, 11.9572,  
-8.5472

■ 63.2530, 56.5703,  
-37.9329

■ 166.7590, 5.5418,  
-4.1736

■ 50.8270, 62.6963,  
-42.8213

■ 179.1850, -0.5842,  
0.7148

■ 49.0550, 63.5699,  
-43.0212

■ 192.1980, -6.9996,  
5.0884

■ 205.2110,  
-13.4150, 9.4620

■ 217.9250,  
-19.6830, 13.2208

■ 230.9380,  
-26.0984, 17.5944

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



93.5530, 41.1394, -82.0460



115.0060, 31.0560, -21.0533



120.3050, 21.0486, 15.5185

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



115.0060, 31.0560, -21.0533



116.7920, -21.0965, 46.6634



99.4200, -0.7001, -55.6193

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



115.0060, 31.0560, -21.0533



153.9940, -31.0560, 21.0533

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



108.2430, -18.8538, -19.5071



115.0060, 31.0560, -21.0533



115.1030, -29.6308, 30.6047

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



115.0060, 31.0560, -21.0533



118.0820, -7.4354, 51.6711



112.6610, -29.4129, 7.3133



93.0050, 18.7315, -81.5654



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



115.0060, 31.0560, -21.0533



119.8360, 12.4059, 34.3468



112.6610, -29.4129, 7.3133



103.9720, -7.8742, -41.1944

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



115.0060, 31.0560, -21.0533



206.8600, 12.3940, -8.6472



149.1370, 1.9045, -50.9861



101.9160, 7.4364, -5.1883



245.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



117.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



115.0060, 31.0560, -21.0533



132.9240, 48.8445, -33.2593



106.5990, 35.2007, 2.9827



82.7870, 3.0630, -2.4442



42.0960, 54.6757, -36.9182



7.0730, 9.3310, -6.2030



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



119.7490, -2.3413, 51.0861



140.2950, -3.5964, 80.4253



162.4010, -35.2007, -2.9827



83.0330, -0.0163, 5.2331



50.5350, -4.2078, 89.8618

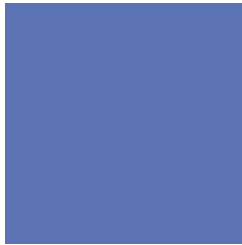


8.5720, -0.7750, 15.2844



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 115.0060, 31.0560, -21.0533 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

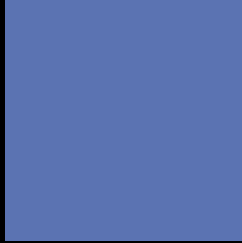
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 115.0060, 31.0560, -21.0533 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

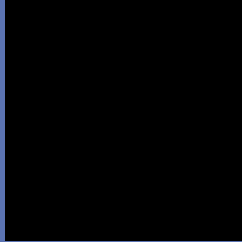
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

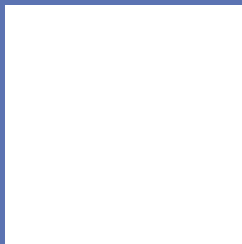
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 115.0060, 31.0560, -21.0533 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 115.0060, 31.0560, -21.0533.



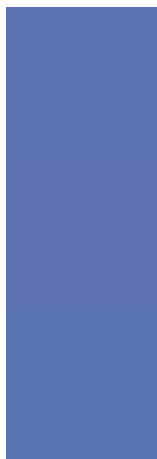
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 115.0060, 31.0560, -21.0533.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

115.0060, 31.0560, -21.0533

### Protanopia

115.2020, 30.4664, -18.5942

### Deuteranopia

114.0980, 31.5037, -24.6419



## Tritanopia

111.0870, 11.2961, -29.8943

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

115.0060, 31.0560, -21.0533

## Protanomaly

114.9030, 30.6138, -19.2089

## Deuteranomaly

114.6960, 31.2089, -23.4124

## Tritanomaly

112.6450, 18.4160, -26.8757

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

115.0060, 31.0560, -21.0533

## Achromatopsia

115.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

114.9310, 11.3730, -7.8325

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 115.0060, 31.0560, -21.0533 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(91, 115, 178)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(91, 115, 178)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(91, 115, 178) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(91, 115, 178) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 115.0060, 31.0560, -21.0533 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(91, 115, 178) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(91, 115, 178) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(91, 115, 178)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(91, 115, 178); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(91, 115, 178);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(91, 115,  
178) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 115.0060, 31.0560, -21.0533 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(91, 115, 178) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(91, 115,  
178) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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