

# Converting Colors

YUV(115.0880, -43.4274,  
69.2058)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(115.0880, -43.4274, 69.2058)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(115.0880, -43.4274,  
69.2058)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C25C1B
RGB	194, 92, 27
RGB Percent	76%, 36%, 11%
CMY	0.2392, 0.6392, 0.8941
CMYK	0.00, 0.53, 0.86, 0.24
HSL	23°, 76%, 43%
HSV	23°, 86%, 76%
XYZ	26.2731, 19.2028, 3.3587
YIQ	115.0880, 81.6570, 1.4090

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

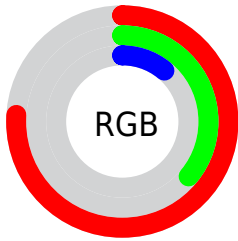
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	194, 133, 27
Decimal	12737563
CIELab	50.92, 37.24, 52.66
CIElCh	51, 64.501, 54.731
Yxy	19.2028, 0.5380, 0.3932
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290927643 (0xFFC25C1B)
YUV	115.0880, -43.4274, 69.2058
Hunter-Lab	43.8210, 30.3341, 26.1304

# Details

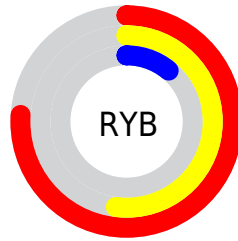
The YUV color **115.0880, -43.4274, 69.2058** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6633**. The color can be described as dark washed red. A complement of this color would be **105.9120, 43.4274, -69.2058**, and the grayscale version is **115.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **169.6650, -45.1908, 74.8388**, and **64.7200, -31.9070, 60.7586** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **105.8780, -48.2539, 77.2830**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **124.2980, -38.6009, 61.1287**.

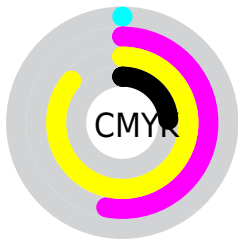
# Distribution



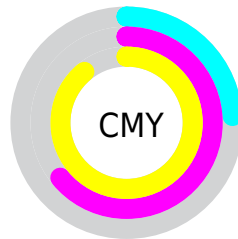
- Red (76%)
- Green (36%)
- Blue (11%)



- Red (76%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Blue (11%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (86%)
- Black (24%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (89%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 115.0880, -43.4274, 69.2058 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 115.0880, -43.4274, 69.2058 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 115.0880,  
-43.4274, 69.2058

■ 115.0880,  
-43.4274, 69.2058

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 88.0660, -43.4165,  
65.7171

■ 169.6650,  
-45.1908, 74.8388

■ 64.7200, -31.9070,  
60.7586

■ 188.3640,  
-42.0845, 58.4398

■ 39.9010, -19.6712,  
56.2148

■ 207.7640,  
-38.8307, 41.4260

■ 22.4250, -11.0555,  
46.1083

■ 227.2780,  
-35.1401, 24.3122

■ 15.0640, -6.9336,  
30.6389

■ 246.9060,  
-31.0127, 7.0984

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 250.0980,

-18.7823, 4.2991

253.2900, -6.5520,  
1.4997

115.0880,  
-43.4274, 69.2058

115.0880,  
-43.4274, 69.2058

105.8780,  
-48.2539, 77.2830

124.2980,  
-38.6009, 61.1287

102.6180,  
-50.5907, 80.1420

133.6220,  
-33.3376, 52.9515

142.8320,  
-28.5112, 44.8743

151.5690,  
-22.9585, 37.2120

160.7790,  
-18.1320, 29.1348

■ 169.9890,  
-13.3056, 21.0576

■ 179.3130, -8.0423,  
12.8805

■ 188.5230, -3.2158,  
4.8033

■ 197.8470, 2.0474,  
-3.3738

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



112.9190, -16.7221, 90.4020



115.0880, -43.4274, 69.2058



113.5510, -55.9806, 35.4738

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



115.0880, -43.4274, 69.2058



97.5410, 5.6493, -85.5435



119.7670, 50.4009, -19.0897

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



115.0880, -43.4274, 69.2058



105.9120, 43.4274, -69.2058

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



103.3450, 63.4269, -90.6336



115.0880, -43.4274, 69.2058



104.6260, 30.2574, -91.7570

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



115.0880, -43.4274, 69.2058



88.8090, -17.6538, -77.8855



107.4080, 51.0709, -94.1968



123.4350, 30.8445, 46.9765



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



115.0880, -43.4274, 69.2058



110.7280, -54.5889, 9.0085



107.4080, 51.0709, -94.1968



108.2180, 59.5455, -58.9502

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



115.0880, -43.4274, 69.2058



221.1100, -16.8162, 27.0905



88.6750, 20.3732, 92.3700



108.7650, -10.2371, 16.8691



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



115.0880, -43.4274, 69.2058



132.8740, -65.5069, 104.4735



163.8090, -67.4468, 26.4775



92.3380, -2.6316, 4.0886



85.1200, -41.9642, 66.5468



17.4980, -8.6265, 13.5953

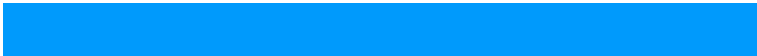


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



105.9120, 43.4274, -69.2058



119.1260, 65.5069, -104.4735



57.1910, 67.4468, -26.4775



91.6620, 2.6316, -4.0886



75.8800, 41.9642, -66.5468



15.5020, 8.6265, -13.5953



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 115.0880, -43.4274, 69.2058 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 115.0880, -43.4274, 69.2058 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 115.0880, -43.4274, 69.2058

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 115.0880, -43.4274, 69.2058.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 115.0880, -43.4274, 69.2058.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

115.0880, -43.4274, 69.2058

### Protanopia

116.5670, -40.2125, 17.9197

### Deuteranopia

115.3920, -51.4653, 33.8592



## Tritanopia

119.5740, -13.5940, 67.0256

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

115.0880, -43.4274, 69.2058

## Protanomaly

116.0470, -41.4352, 36.7928

## Deuteranomaly

115.2780, -48.4511, 47.1142

## Tritanomaly

117.7130, -24.5085, 67.7807

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

115.0880, -43.4274, 69.2058

## Achromatopsia

115.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

115.3270, -15.9372, 25.1462

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 115.0880, -43.4274, 69.2058 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(194, 92, 27)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(194, 92, 27)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(194, 92, 27) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(194, 92, 27) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 115.0880, -43.4274, 69.2058 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(194, 92, 27) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(194, 92, 27) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(194, 92, 27)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(194, 92, 27); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 92, 27);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 92,  
27) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 115.0880, -43.4274, 69.2058 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(194, 92, 27) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(194, 92,  
27) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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