

# Converting Colors

YUV(115.1540, 60.0701,  
-40.4771)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(115.1540, 60.0701, -40.4771)  
contains.

<b>YUV(115.1540, 60.0701, -40.4771)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YUV(115.1540, 60.0701,  
-40.4771)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	4573ED
RGB	69, 115, 237
RGB Percent	27%, 45%, 93%
CMY	0.7294, 0.5490, 0.0706
CMYK	0.71, 0.51, 0.00, 0.07
HSL	224°, 82%, 60%
HSV	224°, 71%, 93%
XYZ	23.8710, 19.6411, 82.6537
YIQ	115.1540, -66.5780, 28.1900

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

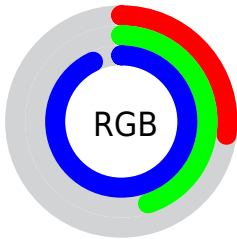
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	69, 105, 237
Decimal	4551661
CIE Lab	51.43, 24.82, -66.19
CIE LCh	51, 70.688, 290.556
Yxy	19.6411, 0.1892, 0.1557
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282741741 (0xFF4573ED)
YUV	115.1540, 60.0701, -40.4771
Hunter-Lab	44.3183, 18.5880, -79.5532

# Details

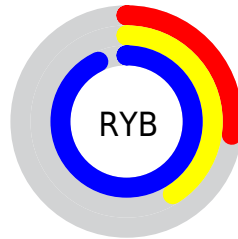
The YUV color **115.1540, 60.0701, -40.4771** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3366CC**. The color can be described as middle muted azure. A complement of this color would be **190.8460, -60.0701, 40.4771**, and the grayscale version is **115.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **167.1760, 43.2972, -27.3414**, and **60.4360, 58.9451, -53.0024** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **97.9990, 68.5275, -46.4801**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **132.3090, 51.6127, -34.4740**.

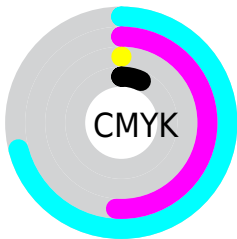
# Distribution



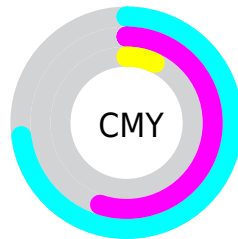
- Red (27%)
- Green (45%)
- Blue (93%)



- Red (27%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Blue (93%)



- Cyan (71%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (7%)



- Cyan (73%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (7%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 115.1540, 60.0701, -40.4771 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 115.1540, 60.0701, -40.4771 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 115.1540, 60.0701,  
-40.4771

■ 115.1540, 60.0701,  
-40.4771

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 81.9130, 62.1609,  
-57.8057

■ 167.1760, 43.2972,  
-27.3414

■ 60.4360, 58.9451,  
-53.0024

■ 192.2940, 30.9141,  
-22.1828

■ 45.0310, 53.2287,  
-39.4922

■ 217.9990, 18.2415,  
-17.5391

■ 30.8000, 46.9336,  
-27.0116

■ 243.9920, 5.4269,  
-14.0250

■ 12.5740, 43.1010,  
-11.0274

■ 13.8330, 30.1553,  
-12.1315

■ 8.2760, 21.5559,

-7.2581

■ 4.5940, 12.5252,  
-4.0289

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 115.1540, 60.0701,  
-40.4771

■ 115.1540, 60.0701,  
-40.4771

■ 97.9990, 68.5275,  
-46.4801

■ 132.3090, 51.6127,  
-34.4740

■ 81.1430, 76.8375,  
-51.8684

■ 149.1650, 43.3027,  
-29.0857

■ 65.1730, 84.7107,  
-57.1567

■ 166.9070, 34.5558,  
-23.5974

■ 184.0620, 26.0984,  
-17.5944

■ 200.9180, 17.7884,  
-12.2061

■ 218.0730, 9.3310,  
-6.2030

■ 235.2280, 0.8736,  
-0.2000

■ 251.7740, -7.2836,  
2.8292

■ 252.9480, -7.8624,  
1.7996

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



107.5340, 66.7847, -94.3073



115.1540, 60.0701, -40.4771



124.4330, 37.2545, 44.3473

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



115.1540, 60.0701, -40.4771



114.0400, -43.8967, 79.7719



98.3900, 1.2867, -86.2880

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



115.1540, 60.0701, -40.4771



190.8460, -60.0701, 40.4771

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



88.0450, -25.6582, -77.2155



115.1540, 60.0701, -40.4771



115.3670, -56.8759, 42.6511

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



115.1540, 60.0701, -40.4771



109.7340, -12.6869, 102.8423



110.0750, -54.2670, -0.9428



106.0450, 28.0788, -93.0015



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



115.1540, 60.0701, -40.4771



117.5810, 22.8846, 80.1745



110.0750, -54.2670, -0.9428



95.4090, -7.5966, -83.6737

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



115.1540, 60.0701, -40.4771



215.9610, 19.2462, -13.1208



181.2960, 3.7981, -98.4836



104.3440, 11.6624, -7.3177



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



115.1540, 60.0701, -40.4771



97.9580, 77.4217, -52.5832



98.9160, 68.0754, 5.3357



109.0150, 3.9366, -2.6442



49.9840, 64.5909, -43.8360



14.9610, 19.2462, -13.1208



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



124.4760, -4.6717, 98.6835



109.7230, -5.7794, 127.4079



207.0840, -68.0754, -5.3357



109.6310, -0.3111, 6.4626



59.8190, -4.8408, 106.2757



17.8560, -1.4080, 31.6983



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 115.1540, 60.0701, -40.4771 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

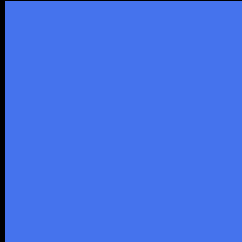
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 115.1540, 60.0701, -40.4771 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

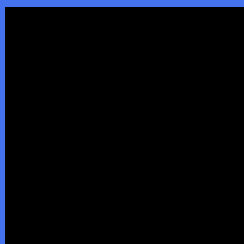
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

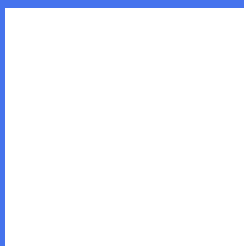
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 115.1540, 60.0701, -40.4771 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 115.1540, 60.0701, -40.4771.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 115.1540, 60.0701, -40.4771.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

115.1540, 60.0701, -40.4771

### Protanopia

110.0810, 64.0501, -57.0760

### Deuteranopia

97.5260, 58.9007, -85.5303



## Tritanopia

95.7750, 24.2679, -83.9947

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

115.1540, 60.0701, -40.4771

## Protanomaly

112.0710, 62.5760, -50.9283

## Deuteranomaly

104.0380, 59.1413, -69.3163

## Tritanomaly

102.9030, 37.0228, -68.3209

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

115.1540, 60.0701, -40.4771

## Achromatopsia

115.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

114.9330, 21.7250, -14.8502

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 115.1540, 60.0701, -40.4771 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(69, 115, 237)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(69, 115, 237)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(69, 115, 237) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(69, 115, 237) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 115.1540, 60.0701, -40.4771 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(69, 115, 237) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(69, 115, 237) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(69, 115, 237)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(69, 115, 237); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(69, 115, 237);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(69, 115,  
237) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 115.1540, 60.0701, -40.4771 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(69, 115, 237) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(69, 115,  
237) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor