

Converting Colors

YUV(115.1860, -8.9657,
-17.7031)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(115.1860, -8.9657, -17.7031)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(115.1860, -8.9657,
-17.7031)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5F8161
RGB	95, 129, 97
RGB Percent	37%, 51%, 38%
CMY	0.6275, 0.4941, 0.6196
CMYK	0.26, 0.00, 0.25, 0.49
HSL	124°, 15%, 44%
HSV	124°, 26%, 51%
XYZ	14.7272, 18.9965, 14.1997
YIQ	115.1860, -9.9920, -17.1600

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

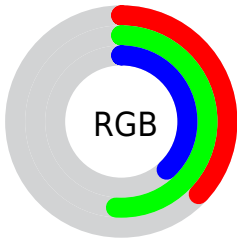
Format	Color
R_{YB}	95, 127, 129
Decimal	6259041
CIE _{Lab}	50.68, -18.87, 13.55
CIE _{LCh}	51, 23.233, 144.328
Yxy	18.9965, 0.3073, 0.3964
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284449121 (0xFF5F8161)
YUV	115.1860, -8.9657, -17.7031
Hunter-Lab	43.5849, -15.9590, 11.1931

Details

The YUV color **115.1860, -8.9657, -17.7031** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669966**. A complement of this color would be **108.8140, 8.9657, 17.7031**, and the grayscale version is **115.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **167.3600, -9.5445, -18.7327**, and **66.7130, -8.2395, -17.2883** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **109.9310, -12.2910, -24.4955**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **120.4410, -5.6404, -10.9108**.

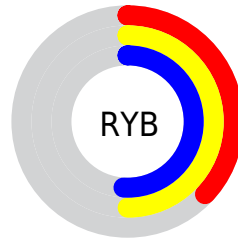
Distribution



Red (37%)

Green (51%)

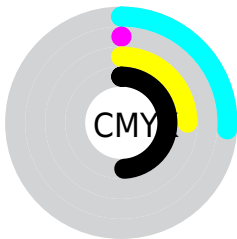
Blue (38%)



Red (37%)

Yellow (50%)

Blue (51%)

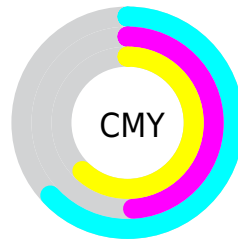


Cyan (26%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (25%)

Black (49%)



Cyan (63%)

Magenta (49%)

Yellow (62%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 115.1860, -8.9657, -17.7031 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 115.1860, -8.9657, -17.7031 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 115.1860, -8.9657,
-17.7031

■ 115.1860, -8.9657,
-17.7031

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 90.5990, -8.6763,
-17.1883

■ 167.3600, -9.5445,
-18.7327

■ 66.7130, -8.2395,
-17.2883

■ 194.8330,
-10.2707, -19.1475

■ 43.6530, -7.2239,
-16.3587

■ 222.8330,
-10.2707, -19.1475

■ 22.3110, -8.5343,
-16.0587

■ 244.3760, -7.0874,
-13.4848

■ 2.9350, -1.4470,
-2.5740

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 115.1860, -8.9657,
-17.7031

■ 115.1860, -8.9657,
-17.7031

■ 109.9310,
-12.2910, -24.4955

■ 120.4410, -5.6404,
-10.9108

■ 104.6760,
-15.6163, -31.2879

■ 125.6960, -2.3151,
-4.1184

■ 99.4210, -18.9416,
-38.0802

■ 130.9510, 1.0102,
2.6740

■ 94.0520, -22.7036,
-44.7726

■ 136.3200, 4.7722,
9.3664

■ 88.7970, -26.0289,
-51.5650

■ 141.5750, 8.0975,
16.1587

■ 83.8410, -29.5016,
-57.7426

■ 146.5310, 11.5702,
22.3363

■ 78.5860, -32.8269,
-64.5349

■ 151.7860, 14.8955,
29.1287

■ 76.6350, -33.8371,

■ 157.0410, 18.2208,

-67.2089

35.9210

■ 162.2960, 21.5461,
42.7134

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



117.6460, -16.5875, 0.3105



115.1860, -8.9657, -17.7031



111.9480, 1.9976, -34.1574

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



115.1860, -8.9657, -17.7031



117.6390, 20.8840, -25.1164



122.6190, -8.6862, 32.7831

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



115.1860, -8.9657, -17.7031



108.8140, 8.9657, 17.7031

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



123.4150, 0.7814, 29.4540



115.1860, -8.9657, -17.7031



121.8590, 17.3245, -3.3843

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



115.1860, -8.9657, -17.7031



112.1870, 19.6278, -42.2600



123.4440, 10.1341, 16.2736



121.0500, -15.8006, 28.0202

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



115.1860, -8.9657, -17.7031



110.5430, 9.5923, -43.4492



123.4440, 10.1341, 16.2736



122.8300, -5.3392, 32.5981

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



115.1860, -8.9657, -17.7031



162.7450, -3.3253, -6.7924



124.5260, -14.5563, 2.1697



80.6960, -2.3151, -4.1184



212.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



84.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



115.1860, -8.9657, -17.7031



146.1540, -13.8799, -28.1991



117.1240, -1.5401, -19.4027



61.2230, -1.5889, -3.7036



75.9340, -33.9845, -66.5941



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



108.8140, 8.9657, 17.7031



135.9600, 14.3167, 28.0991



106.8760, 1.5401, 19.4027



59.7770, 1.5889, 3.7036



51.9520, 33.5477, 66.6941



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 115.1860, -8.9657, -17.7031 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 115.1860, -8.9657, -17.7031 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

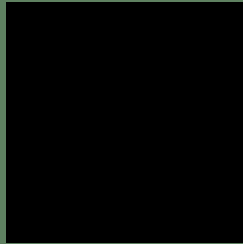
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 115.1860, -8.9657, -17.7031 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 115.1860, -8.9657, -17.7031.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 115.1860, -8.9657,

-17.7031.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

115.1860, -8.9657, -17.7031

Protanopia

119.3140, -12.9728, 7.6176

Deuteranopia

121.0530, -10.3791, 15.7395



Tritanopia

118.5620, 7.6109, -14.5249

Trichromacy



Original Color

115.1860, -8.9657, -17.7031

Protanomaly

117.6010, -11.6353, -1.4041

Deuteranomaly

119.0900, -9.9044, 3.4291

Tritanomaly

117.3570, 1.7960, -16.0991

Monochromacy



Original Color

115.1860, -8.9657, -17.7031

Achromatopsia

115.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

115.0440, -3.4727, -6.1776

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 115.1860, -8.9657, -17.7031 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(95, 129, 97)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(95, 129, 97)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(95, 129, 97) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(95, 129, 97) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 115.1860, -8.9657, -17.7031 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(95, 129, 97) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(95, 129, 97) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(95, 129, 97) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(95, 129, 97); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(95, 129, 97);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(95, 129,  
97) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 115.1860, -8.9657, -17.7031 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(95, 129, 97) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(95, 129,  
97) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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