

Converting Colors

YUV(115.2160, -7.5015,
26.1206)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(115.2160, -7.5015, 26.1206)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(115.2160, -7.5015,
26.1206)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	916764
RGB	145, 103, 100
RGB Percent	57%, 40%, 39%
CMY	0.4314, 0.5961, 0.6078
CMYK	0.00, 0.29, 0.31, 0.43
HSL	4°, 18%, 48%
HSV	4°, 31%, 57%
XYZ	18.8276, 16.6403, 14.2762
YIQ	115.2160, 25.9950, 7.9710

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

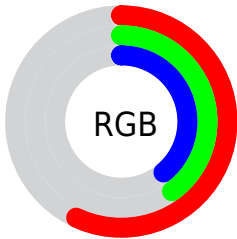
Format	Color
R_{YB}	145, 103, 100
Decimal	9529188
CIE _{Lab}	47.80, 16.45, 8.40
CIE _{LCh}	48, 18.472, 27.054
Yxy	16.6403, 0.3785, 0.3345
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287719268 (0xFF916764)
YUV	115.2160, -7.5015, 26.1206
Hunter-Lab	40.7926, 10.9985, 7.8051

Details

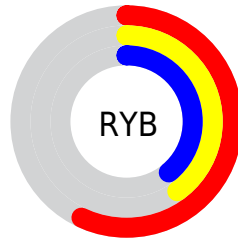
The YUV color **115.2160, -7.5015, 26.1206** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **129.7840, 7.5015, -26.1206**, and the grayscale version is **115.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **167.4120, -8.0911, 28.5797**, and **66.7210, -6.7645, 23.0467** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **105.4020, -9.5652, 34.7274**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **125.1440, -5.0010, 17.4137**.

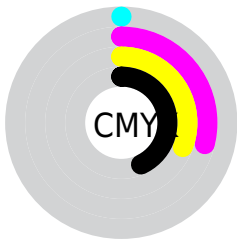
Distribution



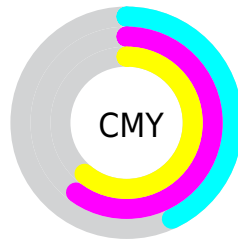
- Red (57%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (39%)



- Red (57%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (39%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Black (43%)



- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (61%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 115.2160, -7.5015, 26.1206 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 115.2160, -7.5015, 26.1206 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 115.2160, -7.5015,
26.1206

■ 115.2160, -7.5015,
26.1206

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 90.6180, -7.2067,
24.8910

■ 167.4120, -8.0911,
28.5797

■ 66.7210, -6.7645,
23.0467

■ 194.5970, -8.6753,
29.2944

■ 43.9380, -5.8854,
21.1024

■ 222.2980, -8.5279,
28.6797

■ 22.1120, -6.4642,
20.0728

■ 241.9260, -4.4005,
11.4659

■ 5.0830, -2.5059,
10.4512

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 115.2160, -7.5015,
26.1206

■ 115.2160, -7.5015,
26.1206

■ 105.4020, -9.5652,
34.7274

■ 125.1440, -5.0010,
17.4137

■ 96.0610, -12.3551,
42.9195

■ 134.3710, -2.6479,
9.3216

■ 86.2470, -14.4188,
51.5264

■ 144.2990, -0.1474,
0.6148

■ 76.9060, -17.2087,
59.7184

■ 153.5260, 2.2057,
-7.4773

■ 66.9780, -19.7092,
68.4253

■ 163.4540, 4.7062,
-16.1842

■ 57.7510, -22.0622,
76.5174

■ 172.6810, 7.0593,
-24.2762

■ 49.2250, -24.2679,
83.9947

■ 182.6090, 9.5598,
-32.9831

■ 191.8360, 11.9129,

-41.0752

■ 201.6500, 13.9766,
-49.6820

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



115.8550, 0.0715, 23.8062



115.2160, -7.5015, 26.1206



114.4020, -13.0162, 21.5724

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



115.2160, -7.5015, 26.1206



108.8920, -6.3558, -14.8143



111.4290, 16.0575, -17.0392

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



115.2160, -7.5015, 26.1206



129.7840, 7.5015, -26.1206

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



108.4120, 15.0799, -30.1793



115.2160, -7.5015, 26.1206



106.9920, 1.9759, -27.1800

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



115.2160, -7.5015, 26.1206



111.2590, -12.9457, -1.1041



106.4240, 10.1440, -33.6978



114.7300, 12.9511, -0.6402

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



115.2160, -7.5015, 26.1206



113.2010, -14.8891, 15.6097



106.4240, 10.1440, -33.6978



110.3960, 16.0738, -22.2723

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



115.2160, -7.5015, 26.1206



177.6700, -2.7953, 9.9364



118.2430, 11.7122, 23.4659



87.5770, -1.7635, 5.6330



222.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



94.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



115.2160, -7.5015, 26.1206



142.8650, -11.7654, 40.4604



128.7170, -14.1575, 14.2802



66.6800, -1.3212, 3.7886



45.6480, -22.5045, 78.3617



2.9790, -1.4686, 4.4034

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



129.7840, 7.5015, -26.1206



165.1350, 11.7654, -40.4604



116.8700, 13.8681, -14.7950



68.9070, 1.0318, -4.3034



89.3520, 22.5045, -78.3617



5.0210, 1.4686, -4.4034

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 115.2160, -7.5015, 26.1206 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

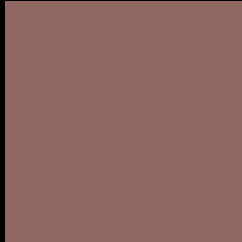
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 115.2160, -7.5015, 26.1206 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 115.2160, -7.5015, 26.1206

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 115.2160, -7.5015, 26.1206.

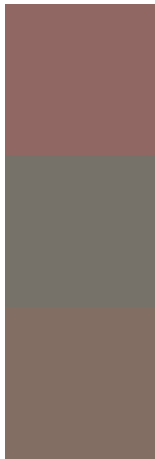


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 115.2160, -7.5015,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

115.2160, -7.5015, 26.1206

Protanopia

113.5830, -4.2314, 3.8737

Deuteranopia

114.7260, -7.7529, 13.3953



Tritanopia

115.9540, -3.4283, 26.3503

Trichromacy



Original Color

115.2160, -7.5015, 26.1206

Protanomaly

113.9970, -5.4215, 12.2806

Deuteranomaly

114.4600, -7.6218, 18.0136

Tritanomaly

115.6120, -4.7387, 26.6503

Monochromacy



Original Color

115.2160, -7.5015, 26.1206

Achromatopsia

115.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

115.3710, -2.6479, 9.3216

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 115.2160, -7.5015, 26.1206 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(145, 103, 100)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(145, 103, 100)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(145, 103, 100) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(145, 103, 100) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 115.2160, -7.5015, 26.1206 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(145, 103, 100) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(145, 103, 100) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(145, 103, 100)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(145, 103, 100); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 103, 100);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 103,  
100) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 115.2160, -7.5015, 26.1206 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(145, 103, 100) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(145,  
103, 100) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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