

Converting Colors

YUV(116.0970, -23.7118,
45.5189)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(116.0970, -23.7118, 45.5189)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(116.0970, -23.7118,
45.5189)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A86344
RGB	168, 99, 68
RGB Percent	66%, 39%, 27%
CMY	0.3412, 0.6118, 0.7333
CMYK	0.00, 0.41, 0.60, 0.34
HSL	19°, 42%, 46%
HSV	19°, 60%, 66%
XYZ	21.6537, 17.6659, 7.7374
YIQ	116.0970, 51.0750, 4.9870

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

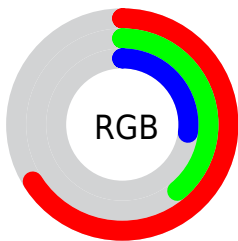
Format	Color
RYB	168, 113, 68
Decimal	11035460
CIELab	49.09, 24.82, 29.38
CIElCh	49, 38.463, 49.807
Yxy	17.6659, 0.4602, 0.3754
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289225540 (0xFFA86344)
YUV	116.0970, -23.7118, 45.5189
Hunter-Lab	42.0308, 18.4069, 18.5069

Details

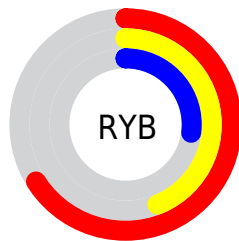
The YUV color **116.0970, -23.7118, 45.5189** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996633**. A complement of this color would be **119.9030, 23.7118, -45.5189**, and the grayscale version is **116.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **168.9620, -25.6173, 50.0223**, and **66.0470, -21.2222, 40.3008** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **107.1150, -27.6647, 53.3961**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **125.0790, -19.7589, 37.6417**.

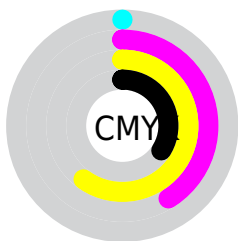
Distribution



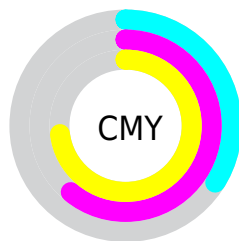
- Red (66%)
- Green (39%)
- Blue (27%)



- Red (66%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (27%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Black (34%)



- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (61%)
- Yellow (73%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 116.0970, -23.7118, 45.5189 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 116.0970, -23.7118, 45.5189 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 116.0970,
-23.7118, 45.5189

■ 116.0970,
-23.7118, 45.5189

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 91.0150, -22.6854,
42.9598

■ 168.9620,
-25.6173, 50.0223

■ 66.0470, -21.2222,
40.3008

■ 196.4460,
-26.3489, 51.3519

■ 41.8510, -20.6325,
37.8417

■ 215.8460,
-23.0951, 34.3381

■ 20.2770, -9.9966,
33.0831

■ 235.4740,
-18.9677, 17.1243

■ 10.5790, -4.7224,
21.4172

■ 251.5800,
-13.1039, 2.9993

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

254.7720, -0.8736,

0.2000

■ 116.0970,
-23.7118, 45.5189

■ 116.0970,
-23.7118, 45.5189

■ 107.1150,
-27.6647, 53.3961

■ 125.0790,
-19.7589, 37.6417

■ 98.7200, -31.9070,
60.7586

■ 133.4740,
-15.5167, 30.2793

■ 89.8520, -35.4230,
68.5358

■ 142.3420,
-12.0006, 22.5021

■ 81.4570, -39.6653,
75.8982

■ 150.7370, -7.7583,
15.1397

■ 80.7560, -39.8127,
76.5130

■ 159.7190, -3.8055,
7.2624

■ 168.7010, 0.1474,
-0.6148

■ 177.0960, 4.3897,
-7.9772

■ 185.9640, 7.9057,
-15.7544

■ 194.3590, 12.1480,
-23.1168

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



116.9960, -10.3510, 53.5005



116.0970, -23.7118, 45.5189



114.3260, -31.2197, 26.9011

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



116.0970, -23.7118, 45.5189



91.1230, 6.3484, -76.4069



116.2350, 30.4501, -13.3611

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



116.0970, -23.7118, 45.5189



119.9030, 23.7118, -45.5189

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



96.9070, 40.9648, -72.7094



116.0970, -23.7118, 45.5189



93.8030, 21.7891, -82.2652

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



116.0970, -23.7118, 45.5189



107.0680, -16.7955, -26.3696



95.2340, 34.8876, -83.5202



120.4800, 18.9904, 22.3810

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



116.0970, -23.7118, 45.5189



112.6400, -30.8815, 11.7167



95.2340, 34.8876, -83.5202



112.9450, 33.5511, -28.0158

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



116.0970, -23.7118, 45.5189



198.7050, -9.2216, 17.7987



105.8800, 15.8352, 54.4792



97.2850, -5.5635, 11.1511



237.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



110.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



116.0970, -23.7118, 45.5189



138.5210, -36.7389, 70.5801



144.8600, -37.8920, 20.2938



79.5660, -1.7580, 3.8886



71.2540, -35.1282, 67.3062



9.5020, -4.6845, 9.2067

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



119.9030, 23.7118, -45.5189



144.4790, 36.7389, -70.5801



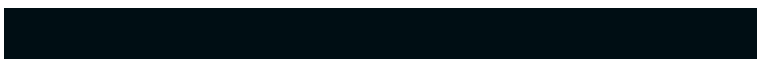
91.1400, 37.8920, -20.2938



80.4340, 1.7580, -3.8886



76.7460, 35.1282, -67.3062



10.4980, 4.6845, -9.2067

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 116.0970, -23.7118, 45.5189 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

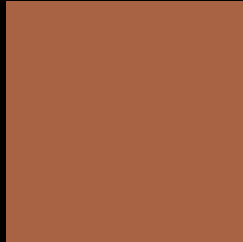
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 116.0970, -23.7118, 45.5189 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

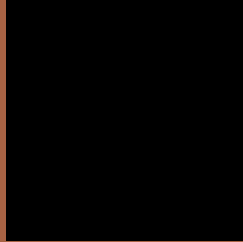
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 116.0970, -23.7118, 45.5189 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 116.0970, -23.7118, 45.5189.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 116.0970, -23.7118,

45.5189.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

116.0970, -23.7118, 45.5189

Protanopia

115.2020, -19.8196, 10.3468

Deuteranopia

115.9110, -25.0991, 23.7571



Tritanopia

118.2230, -7.9979, 45.4084

Trichromacy



Original Color

116.0970, -23.7118, 45.5189

Protanomaly

115.2360, -21.3153, 23.4720

Deuteranomaly

115.7810, -24.5420, 31.7641

Tritanomaly

117.1430, -13.3815, 45.4786

Monochromacy



Original Color

116.0970, -23.7118, 45.5189

Achromatopsia

116.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

116.2210, -8.4900, 16.4692

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 116.0970, -23.7118, 45.5189 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(168, 99, 68)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(168, 99, 68)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(168, 99, 68) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(168, 99, 68) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 116.0970, -23.7118, 45.5189 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(168, 99, 68) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(168, 99, 68) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(168, 99, 68)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(168, 99, 68); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(168, 99, 68);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(168, 99,  
68) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 116.0970, -23.7118, 45.5189 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(168, 99, 68) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(168, 99,  
68) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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