

# Converting Colors

YUV(116.7690, -22.5641,  
97.5496)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(116.7690, -22.5641, 97.5496)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(116.7690, -22.5641,  
97.5496)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	E44547
RGB	228, 69, 71
RGB Percent	89%, 27%, 28%
CMY	0.1059, 0.7294, 0.7216
CMYK	0.00, 0.70, 0.69, 0.11
HSL	359°, 75%, 58%
HSV	359°, 70%, 89%
XYZ	35.2604, 21.2052, 8.1958
YIQ	116.7690, 94.1220, 34.3300

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

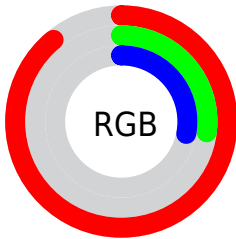
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	228, 69, 71
Decimal	14959943
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	53.17, 61.11, 34.82
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	53, 70.332, 29.674
Yxy	21.2052, 0.5453, 0.3279
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293150023 (0xFFE44547)
YUV	116.7690, -22.5641, 97.5496
Hunter-Lab	46.0491, 56.0939, 21.6819

# Details

The YUV color **116.7690, -22.5641, 97.5496** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3333**. The color can be described as dark muted red. A complement of this color would be **180.2310, 22.5641, -97.5496**, and the grayscale version is **117.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **163.8870, -21.6363, 79.9061**, and **52.4130, -12.5286, 98.7388** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **100.6460, -25.9545, 111.6895**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **132.8920, -19.1738, 83.4097**.

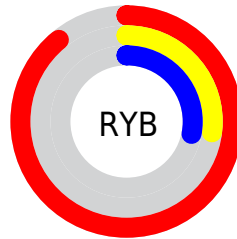
# Distribution



Red (89%)

Green (27%)

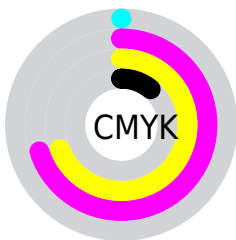
Blue (28%)



Red (89%)

Yellow (27%)

Blue (28%)

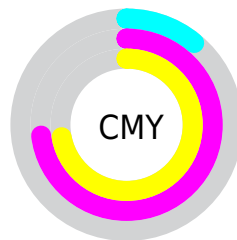


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (70%)

Yellow (69%)

Black (11%)



Cyan (11%)

Magenta (73%)


Yellow (72%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 116.7690, -22.5641, 97.5496 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 116.7690, -22.5641, 97.5496 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 116.7690,  
-22.5641, 97.5496


 116.7690,  
-22.5641, 97.5496


255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 85.2080, -18.3435,  
97.1646


 163.8870,  
-21.6363, 79.9061

 52.4130, -12.5286,  
98.7388


 183.7600,  
-19.1087, 62.4775


 40.5220, -18.0053,  
81.9802


 203.8610,  
-15.7075, 44.8489

 30.7970, -15.1829,  
63.3220

 223.9620,  
-12.3063, 27.2203

 22.3540, -10.0345,  
45.2935

 244.2910, -8.0315,  
9.3918

 13.2700, -6.0491,  
26.9502

 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 116.7690,  
-22.5641, 97.5496

■ 116.7690,  
-22.5641, 97.5496

■ 100.6460,  
-25.9545, 111.6895

■ 132.8920,  
-19.1738, 83.4097

■ 84.6370, -28.9080,  
125.7294

■ 148.9010,  
-16.2202, 69.3698

■ 69.1010, -32.5878,  
139.3544

■ 164.4370,  
-12.5404, 55.7448

■ 68.5140, -32.2984,  
139.8692

■ 180.4460, -9.5869,  
41.7049

■ 196.5690, -6.1965,  
27.5650

■ 212.5780, -3.2430,  
13.5251

■ 228.7010, 0.1474,  
-0.6148

■ 244.1230, 3.3904,  
-14.1399

■ 246.9270, 3.9800,  
-16.5990

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



115.8750, 6.9636, 100.0876



116.7690, -22.5641, 97.5496



118.3690, -56.3839, 71.5904

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



116.7690, -22.5641, 97.5496



94.4170, -16.4746, -82.8037



107.6310, 69.6949, -94.3924

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



116.7690, -22.5641, 97.5496



180.2310, 22.5641, -97.5496

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



113.3240, 58.5073, -99.3851



116.7690, -22.5641, 97.5496



104.0610, 10.3229, -91.2615

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



116.7690, -22.5641, 97.5496



110.5740, -54.5130, -15.4124



111.0150, 36.9676, -97.3602



127.3000, 52.1101, -7.2791



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



116.7690, -22.5641, 97.5496



119.8080, -59.0653, 44.8954



111.0150, 36.9676, -97.3602



110.3380, 67.3744, -96.7664

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



116.7690, -22.5641, 97.5496



217.2600, -7.5232, 33.0980



133.7700, 46.4554, 80.0087



105.5680, -4.7170, 19.6729



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



116.7690, -22.5641, 97.5496



105.2140, -30.6715, 131.3623



161.7400, -45.7208, 58.1100



106.5880, -1.7689, 7.3773



53.7490, -25.5123, 109.8451



15.3630, -7.0810, 31.2536



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



116.7690, -22.5641, 97.5496



105.2140, -30.6715, 131.3623



135.2600, 45.7208, -58.1100



106.5880, -1.7689, 7.3773



53.7490, -25.5123, 109.8451



15.3630, -7.0810, 31.2536



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 116.7690, -22.5641, 97.5496 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 116.7690, -22.5641, 97.5496 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 116.7690, -22.5641, 97.5496

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 116.7690, -22.5641, 97.5496.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 116.7690, -22.5641, 97.5496.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

116.7690, -22.5641, 97.5496

### Protanopia

126.1140, -16.3252, 9.5470

### Deuteranopia

125.0380, -31.0777, 28.0307



**Tritanopia**

116.8830, -22.1273, 97.4496

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

116.7690, -22.5641, 97.5496

## Protanomaly

122.7420, -18.6068, 41.4453

## Deuteranomaly

122.0010, -28.1015, 53.4961

## Tritanomaly

116.8830, -22.1273, 97.4496

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

116.7690, -22.5641, 97.5496

## Achromatopsia

117.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

117.0430, -8.4022, 35.0423

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 116.7690, -22.5641, 97.5496 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(228, 69, 71)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(228, 69, 71)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(228, 69, 71) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(228, 69, 71) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 116.7690, -22.5641, 97.5496 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(228, 69, 71) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(228, 69, 71) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(228, 69, 71) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(228, 69, 71); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(228, 69, 71);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(228, 69,  
71) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 116.7690, -22.5641, 97.5496 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(228, 69, 71) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(228, 69,  
71) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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