

# Converting Colors

YUV(116.9120, -3.9006,  
-102.5318)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(116.9120, -3.9006, -102.5318)  
contains.

<b>YUV(116.9120, -3.9006, -102.5318)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YUV(116.9120, -3.9006,  
-102.5318)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00B26D
RGB	0, 178, 109
RGB Percent	0%, 70%, 43%
CMY	1.0000, 0.3020, 0.5725
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.39, 0.30
HSL	157°, 100%, 35%
HSV	157°, 100%, 70%
XYZ	18.6807, 32.9449, 19.8424
YIQ	116.9120, -83.9390, -59.1950

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

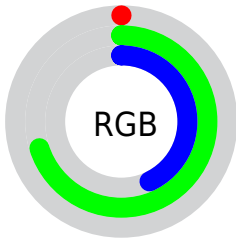
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">0, 110, 178</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">45677</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">64.12, -54.62, 24.74</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">64, 59.964, 155.632</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">32.9449, 0.2614, 0.4610</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4278235757 (0xFF00B26D)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">116.9120, -3.9006, -102.5318</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">57.3977, -42.3511, 19.6818</a>

# Details

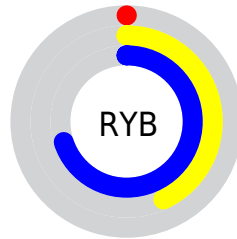
The YUV color **116.9120, -3.9006, -102.5318** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009966**. A complement of this color would be **61.0880, 3.9006, 102.5318**, and the grayscale version is **117.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **184.4050, -11.5387, -79.2852**, and **79.6280, -9.6766, -69.8338** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **116.9120, -3.9006, -102.5318**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **123.0920, -3.4964, -92.1657**.

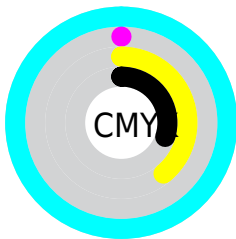
# Distribution



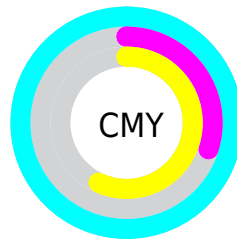
- Red (0%)
- Green (70%)
- Blue (43%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Blue (70%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (39%)
- Black (30%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (57%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 116.9120, -3.9006, -102.5318 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 116.9120, -3.9006, -102.5318 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 116.9120, -3.9006,  
-102.5318


 116.9120, -3.9006,  
-102.5318


255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 98.2130, -7.0070,  
-86.1328


 184.4050,  
-11.5387, -79.2852

 79.6280, -9.6766,  
-69.8338


 208.4920,  
-10.1026, -73.2225

 61.8580, -11.7620,  
-54.2495


 220.6540, -2.2944,  
-57.5786

 44.5610, -14.5736,  
-39.0800

 232.9300, 5.9505,  
-42.0346

 29.3500, -14.4695,  
-25.7399

 243.3390, 5.7489,  
-23.9763

 13.5010, -6.6560,  
-11.8404

 252.3090, 1.3267,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

-5.5330

0.0000

■ 116.9120, -3.9006,  
-102.5318

■ 123.0920, -3.4964,  
-92.1657

■ 129.2720, -3.0921,  
-81.7995

■ 135.1530, -2.5404,  
-72.0482

■ 141.3330, -2.1362,  
-61.6820

■ 147.3990, -2.1687,  
-51.2159

■ 153.5790, -1.7644,  
-40.8498

■ 159.7590, -1.3602,  
-30.4836

■ 165.6400, -0.8085,  
-20.7323

■ 171.8200, -0.4043,  
-10.3661

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



142.1400, -39.5090, -21.1708



116.9120, -3.9006, -102.5318



124.9430, 19.2551, -109.5750

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



116.9120, -3.9006, -102.5318



137.6630, 57.8471, -74.2495



152.8890, -28.0463, 82.5353

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



116.9120, -3.9006, -102.5318



61.0880, 3.9006, 102.5318

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



153.7410, -3.3233, 86.1731



116.9120, -3.9006, -102.5318



159.2500, 41.2888, 10.3048

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



116.9120, -3.9006, -102.5318



130.2790, 60.0085, -114.2547



158.5910, 20.9076, 60.8717



151.2840, -47.4680, 58.5099



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



116.9120, -3.9006, -102.5318



129.0470, 34.9798, -113.1742



158.5910, 20.9076, 60.8717



152.3870, -19.9108, 86.4836

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



116.9120, -3.9006, -102.5318



207.9920, -1.4751, -40.3350



125.7150, -61.9775, -47.9851



102.6180, -0.7977, -24.2210



245.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



117.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



116.9120, -3.9006, -102.5318



152.3720, -5.1134, -133.6302



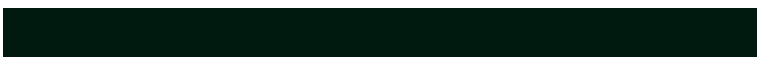
114.2120, 31.4475, -100.1639



85.9670, 0.0163, -5.2331



100.5270, -3.2178, -88.1622



17.0860, -0.5354, -14.9844



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



61.0880, 3.9006, 102.5318



79.6280, 5.1134, 133.6302



63.7880, -31.4475, 100.1639



83.1470, 0.4205, 5.1331



52.4730, 3.2178, 88.1622



8.9140, 0.5354, 14.9844



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 116.9120, -3.9006, -102.5318 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 116.9120, -3.9006, -102.5318 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 116.9120, -3.9006, -102.5318 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 116.9120, -3.9006, -102.5318.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 116.9120, -3.9006, -102.5318.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

116.9120, -3.9006, -102.5318

### Protanopia

151.9160, -26.0876, 14.1057

### Deuteranopia

154.5180, -18.9894, 24.1017



## Tritanopia

139.2010, 21.5929, -65.9513

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

116.9120, -3.9006, -102.5318



## Protanomaly

139.4160, -17.9531, -28.4288



## Deuteranomaly

140.8990, -13.7542, -21.8364



## Tritanomaly

131.0070, 12.3215, -78.9361

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

116.9120, -3.9006, -102.5318



## Achromatopsia

117.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



## Achromatomaly

116.7150, -1.3385, -37.4611

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 116.9120, -3.9006, -102.5318 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 178, 109)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 178, 109)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 178, 109) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 178, 109) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 116.9120, -3.9006, -102.5318 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 178, 109) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 178, 109) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 178, 109)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 178, 109); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 178, 109);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 178,  
109) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 116.9120, -3.9006, -102.5318 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 178, 109) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 178,  
109) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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