

# Converting Colors

YUV(117.1130, -1.5347,  
-21.1471)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(117.1130, -1.5347, -21.1471)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(117.1130, -1.5347,  
-21.1471)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5D8272
RGB	93, 130, 114
RGB Percent	36%, 51%, 45%
CMY	0.6353, 0.4902, 0.5529
CMYK	0.28, 0.00, 0.12, 0.49
HSL	154°, 17%, 44%
HSV	154°, 28%, 51%
XYZ	15.5341, 19.5073, 18.8661
YIQ	117.1130, -16.9160, -12.8200

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

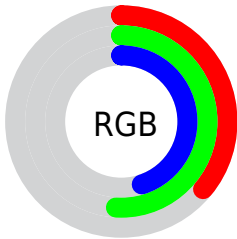
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	93, 117, 130
Decimal	6128242
CIE Lab	51.28, -16.61, 4.49
CIE LCh	51, 17.207, 164.863
Yxy	19.5073, 0.2882, 0.3619
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284318322 (0xFF5D8272)
YUV	117.1130, -1.5347, -21.1471
Hunter-Lab	44.1671, -14.5118, 5.5910

# Details

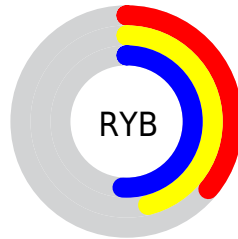
The YUV color **117.1130, -1.5347, -21.1471** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **105.8870, 1.5347, 21.1471**, and the grayscale version is **117.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **169.4010, -1.6767, -22.2767**, and **68.5260, -1.2453, -20.6323** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **112.5420, -2.2392, -28.5393**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **121.6840, -0.8302, -13.7549**.

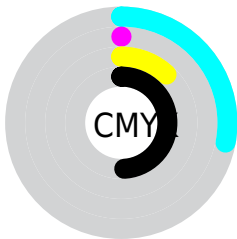
# Distribution



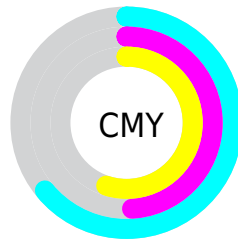
- Red (36%)
- Green (51%)
- Blue (45%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (28%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Black (49%)



- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (55%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 117.1130, -1.5347, -21.1471 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 117.1130, -1.5347, -21.1471 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 117.1130, -1.5347,  
-21.1471

■ 117.1130, -1.5347,  
-21.1471

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 92.5260, -1.2453,  
-20.6323

■ 169.4010, -1.6767,  
-22.2767

■ 68.5260, -1.2453,  
-20.6323

■ 196.9880, -1.9661,  
-22.7915

■ 45.0530, -0.5191,  
-20.2175

■ 224.9880, -1.9661,  
-22.7915

■ 23.8680, 0.0651,  
-20.9322

■ 245.9440, 1.5066,  
-16.6139

■ 5.2830, -2.6045,  
-4.6332

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 117.1130, -1.5347,  
-21.1471

■ 117.1130, -1.5347,  
-21.1471

■ 112.5420, -2.2392,  
-28.5393

■ 121.6840, -0.8302,  
-13.7549

■ 108.0850, -2.5069,  
-36.0315

■ 126.1410, -0.5625,  
-6.2627

■ 103.5140, -3.2114,  
-43.4238

■ 130.7120, 0.1420,  
1.1296

■ 99.0570, -3.4791,  
-50.9160

■ 135.1690, 0.4097,  
8.6218

■ 94.4860, -4.1836,  
-58.3082

■ 139.7400, 1.1142,  
16.0140

■ 89.9150, -4.8881,  
-65.7005

■ 144.3110, 1.8187,  
23.4063

■ 85.4580, -5.1558,  
-73.1927

■ 148.7680, 2.0864,  
30.8985

■ 84.7460, -5.2978,

■ 153.3390, 2.7909,

-74.3222

38.2907

■ 157.9100, 3.4954,  
45.6829

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



119.2410, -8.9928, -8.9814



117.1130, -1.5347, -21.1471



116.1210, 6.3493, -29.9241

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



117.1130, -1.5347, -21.1471



122.5120, 13.5516, -6.5880



123.3960, -10.5482, 23.3317

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



117.1130, -1.5347, -21.1471



105.8870, 1.5347, 21.1471

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



124.3020, -4.5859, 24.2911



117.1130, -1.5347, -21.1471



124.4600, 9.1402, 8.3666

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



117.1130, -1.5347, -21.1471



119.4670, 15.0528, -21.4576



124.5170, 2.7031, 19.7176



122.4290, -14.0155, 15.4098



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



117.1130, -1.5347, -21.1471



116.2610, 10.7173, -30.9239



124.5170, 2.7031, 19.7176



123.8630, -8.8065, 24.6761

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



117.1130, -1.5347, -21.1471



162.8310, -0.4097, -8.6218



119.5030, -13.0660, -9.2111



80.8530, -0.4205, -5.1331



212.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



84.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



117.1130, -1.5347, -21.1471



148.2210, -2.0810, -32.6428



117.7630, 6.0328, -21.7172



61.5650, -0.2785, -4.0035



83.3440, -5.5926, -73.0927



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



105.8870, 1.5347, 21.1471



130.8930, 2.5178, 32.5428



105.2370, -6.0328, 21.7172



59.4350, 0.2785, 4.0035



44.5420, 5.1558, 73.1927



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 117.1130, -1.5347, -21.1471 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 117.1130, -1.5347, -21.1471 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

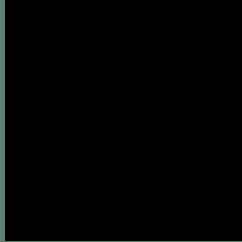
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 117.1130, -1.5347, -21.1471

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 117.1130, -1.5347, -21.1471.



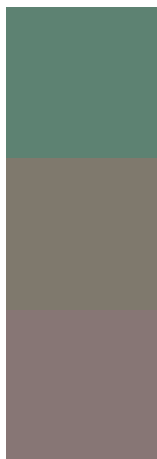
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 117.1130, -1.5347, -21.1471.

-21.1471.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

117.1130, -1.5347, -21.1471

### Protanopia

121.4260, -6.1260, 4.8884

### Deuteranopia

122.9690, -2.9427, 10.5512



## Tritanopia

119.4690, 8.6428, -18.8283

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

117.1130, -1.5347, -21.1471

## Protanomaly

119.8270, -4.3517, -4.2333

## Deuteranomaly

120.7180, -2.3260, -0.6297

## Tritanomaly

118.5460, 5.1538, -19.7728

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

117.1130, -1.5347, -21.1471

## Achromatopsia

117.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

117.1300, -0.5571, -8.0070

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 117.1130, -1.5347, -21.1471 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(93, 130, 114)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(93, 130, 114)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(93, 130, 114) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(93, 130, 114) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 117.1130, -1.5347, -21.1471 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(93, 130, 114) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(93, 130, 114) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(93, 130, 114)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(93, 130, 114); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 130, 114);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 130,  
114) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 117.1130, -1.5347, -21.1471 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(93, 130, 114) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(93, 130,  
114) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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