

Converting Colors

YUV(117.2660, 9.7289,
-40.5753)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(117.2660, 9.7289, -40.5753)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(117.2660, 9.7289,
-40.5753)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	478989
RGB	71, 137, 137
RGB Percent	28%, 54%, 54%
CMY	0.7216, 0.4627, 0.4627
CMYK	0.48, 0.00, 0.00, 0.46
HSL	180°, 32%, 41%
HSV	180°, 48%, 54%
XYZ	16.0596, 21.0371, 26.8810
YIQ	117.2660, -39.3360, -13.9920

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

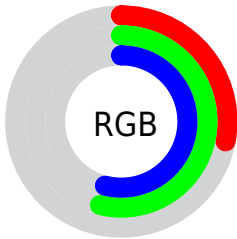
Format	Color
R_{YB}	71, 104, 137
Decimal	4688265
CIE _{Lab}	52.99, -20.95, -6.52
CIE _{LCh}	53, 21.942, 197.280
Yxy	21.0371, 0.2510, 0.3288
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282878345 (0xFF478989)
YUV	117.2660, 9.7289, -40.5753
Hunter-Lab	45.8662, -17.7659, -2.6421

Details

The YUV color **117.2660, 9.7289, -40.5753** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **90.7340, -9.7289, 40.5753**, and the grayscale version is **117.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **170.8530, 9.4395, -41.0901**, and **63.6780, 11.4977, -47.9526** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **113.0800, 11.7926, -49.1822**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **121.4520, 7.6652, -31.9684**.

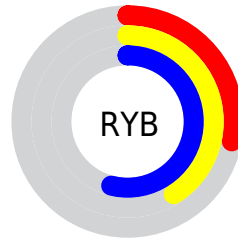
Distribution



Red (28%)

Green (54%)

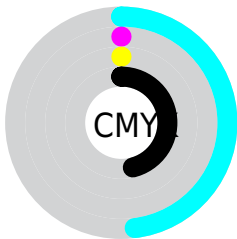
Blue (54%)



Red (28%)

Yellow (41%)

Blue (54%)

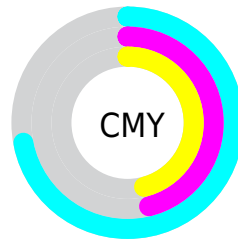


Cyan (48%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (46%)



Cyan (72%)

Magenta (46%)

Yellow (46%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 117.2660, 9.7289, -40.5753 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 117.2660, 9.7289, -40.5753 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 117.2660, 9.7289,
-40.5753

■ 117.2660, 9.7289,
-40.5753

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 91.0810, 10.3131,
-41.2900

■ 170.8530, 9.4395,
-41.0901

■ 63.6780, 11.4977,
-47.9526

■ 198.8530, 9.4395,
-41.0901

■ 44.2770, 9.7234,
-38.8309

■ 226.9670, 9.8763,
-41.1901

■ 28.8550, 6.4805,
-25.3058

■ 240.9470, 6.9281,
-28.8945

■ 13.6610, 4.1111,
-11.9807

■ 249.6180, 2.6533,
-11.0660

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 117.2660, 9.7289,
-40.5753

■ 117.2660, 9.7289,
-40.5753

■ 113.0800, 11.7926,
-49.1822

■ 121.4520, 7.6652,
-31.9684

■ 109.1930, 13.7089,
-57.1743

■ 125.3390, 5.7489,
-23.9763

■ 105.0070, 15.7725,
-65.7811

■ 129.5250, 3.6852,
-15.3694

■ 100.8210, 17.8362,
-74.3880

■ 133.7110, 1.6215,
-6.7625

■ 96.9340, 19.7525,
-82.3801

■ 137.8970, -0.4422,
1.8443

■ 96.0370, 20.1948,
-84.2244

■ 141.7840, -2.3585,
9.8364

■ 145.9700, -4.4222,
18.4433

■ 150.1560, -6.4859,

27.0502

■ 154.0430, -8.4022,
35.0423

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



118.9980, -0.4920, -28.9392



117.2660, 9.7289, -40.5753



118.3290, 17.5858, -40.6305

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



117.2660, 9.7289, -40.5753



129.3510, 11.1660, 11.9702



126.4140, -17.9521, 18.0539

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



117.2660, 9.7289, -40.5753



90.7340, -9.7289, 40.5753

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



127.9190, -13.7641, 28.1350



117.2660, 9.7289, -40.5753



129.2620, 2.8288, 26.0802

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



117.2660, 9.7289, -40.5753



127.1250, 17.1934, -8.0026



128.8900, -6.3548, 31.6685



124.5540, -17.0351, 3.8991

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



117.2660, 9.7289, -40.5753



120.9540, 19.7427, -32.4087



128.8900, -6.3548, 31.6685



126.6750, -17.0948, 23.0870

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



117.2660, 9.7289, -40.5753



171.5250, 3.6852, -15.3694



109.7420, -19.0998, -33.9767



84.5150, 2.2111, -9.2217



217.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



89.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



117.2660, 9.7289, -40.5753



147.9040, 15.3303, -63.9368



97.8950, 19.2788, -23.5869



66.9070, 1.0318, -4.3034



93.2330, 19.6051, -81.7653



3.5050, 0.7370, -3.0739

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



98.2580, 19.0998, 33.9767



117.9520, 30.0967, 53.5391



110.1050, -19.2788, 23.5869



64.8910, 2.0257, 3.6036



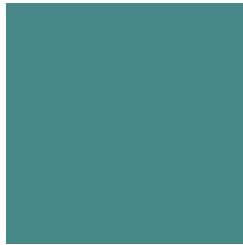
54.9290, 38.4890, 68.4683



2.0650, 1.4470, 2.5740

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 117.2660, 9.7289, -40.5753 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 117.2660, 9.7289, -40.5753 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

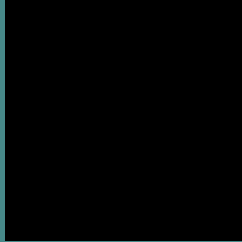
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 117.2660, 9.7289, -40.5753

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 117.2660, 9.7289, -40.5753.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 117.2660, 9.7289, -40.5753.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

117.2660, 9.7289, -40.5753

Protanopia

126.1680, 1.8892, 0.7297

Deuteranopia

127.3300, 6.2463, 3.2186



Tritanopia

118.6020, 13.5072, -39.1160

Trichromacy



Original Color

117.2660, 9.7289, -40.5753

Protanomaly

122.8780, 4.9901, -13.9250

Deuteranomaly

123.5730, 7.6055, -12.7805

Tritanomaly

117.9610, 12.3442, -39.4308

Monochromacy



Original Color

117.2660, 9.7289, -40.5753

Achromatopsia

117.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

116.8240, 3.5378, -14.7546

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 117.2660, 9.7289, -40.5753 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(71, 137, 137)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(71, 137, 137)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(71, 137, 137) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(71, 137, 137) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 117.2660, 9.7289, -40.5753 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(71, 137, 137) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(71, 137, 137) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(71, 137, 137)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(71, 137, 137); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(71, 137, 137);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(71, 137,  
137) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 117.2660, 9.7289, -40.5753 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(71, 137, 137) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(71, 137,  
137) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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