

# Converting Colors

YUV(117.2770, -57.8176,  
-75.6649)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(117.2770, -57.8176, -75.6649)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(117.2770, -57.8176,  
-75.6649)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1FB800
RGB	31, 184, 0
RGB Percent	12%, 72%, 0%
CMY	0.8784, 0.2784, 1.0000
CMYK	0.83, 0.00, 1.00, 0.28
HSL	110°, 100%, 36%
HSV	110°, 100%, 72%
XYZ	17.7056, 34.5723, 5.7399
YIQ	117.2770, -32.1240, -89.6600

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

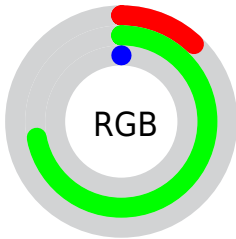
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 184, 153
Decimal	2078720
CIELab	65.41, -65.37, 65.38
CIELCh	65, 92.450, 134.995
Yxy	34.5723, 0.3052, 0.5959
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280268800 (0xFF1FB800)
YUV	117.2770, -57.8176, -75.6649
Hunter-Lab	58.7982, -49.1462, 35.3708

# Details

The YUV color **117.2770, -57.8176, -75.6649** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CC33**. A complement of this color would be **66.7230, 57.8176, 75.6649**, and the grayscale version is **118.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **182.5370, -52.0297, -65.3689**, and **75.7230, -37.3314, -66.4091** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **117.2770, -57.8176, -75.6649**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **123.8140, -52.1663, -68.2429**.

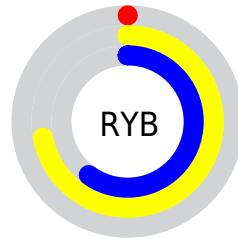
# Distribution



Red (12%)

Green (72%)

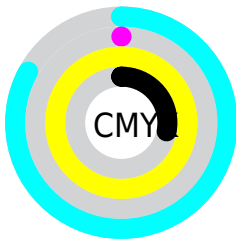
Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (72%)

Blue (60%)

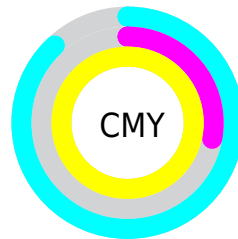


Cyan (83%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (28%)



Cyan (88%)

Magenta (28%)

Yellow (100%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 117.2770, -57.8176, -75.6649 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 117.2770, -57.8176, -75.6649 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 117.2770,  
-57.8176, -75.6649

■ 117.2770,  
-57.8176, -75.6649

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 91.5720, -45.1450,  
-80.3086

■ 182.5370,  
-52.0297, -65.3689

■ 75.7230, -37.3314,  
-66.4091

■ 203.2160,  
-48.4205, -56.3174

■ 60.4610, -29.8073,  
-53.0243

■ 215.6770,  
-40.7598, -40.0587

■ 45.1990, -22.2831,  
-39.6395

■ 227.9530,  
-32.5148, -24.5148

■ 31.6980, -15.6271,  
-27.7991

■ 240.4140,  
-24.8541, -8.2561

■ 15.8490, -7.8136,  
-13.8996

■ 250.8960,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

-15.7247, 3.5992

0.0000

254.3160, -2.6208,  
0.5999

■ 117.2770,  
-57.8176, -75.6649

■ 123.8140,  
-52.1663, -68.2429

■ 130.7640,  
-46.2257, -60.3060

■ 137.3010,  
-40.5744, -52.8840

■ 143.9520,  
-34.4863, -45.5619

■ 150.4890,  
-28.8351, -38.1399

■ 157.3250,  
-23.3312, -30.1030

■ 163.9760,  
-17.2432, -22.7810

■ 170.5130,  
-11.5919, -15.3589

■ 177.4630, -5.6513,  
-7.4221

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



144.6620, -71.3184, 8.1894



117.2770, -57.8176, -75.6649



125.5860, -6.2049, -110.1389

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



117.2770, -57.8176, -75.6649



135.3170, 59.0037, -118.6730



117.6280, 1.6624, 120.4752

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



117.2770, -57.8176, -75.6649



66.7230, 57.8176, 75.6649

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



134.7210, 34.1545, 105.4847



117.2770, -57.8176, -75.6649



120.0550, 66.5279, -105.2882

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



117.2770, -57.8176, -75.6649



141.7740, 55.8204, -124.3358



158.7890, 47.4320, 46.6660



137.6300, -48.6246, 102.9335



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



117.2770, -57.8176, -75.6649



133.3720, 18.5506, -116.9672



158.7890, 47.4320, 46.6660



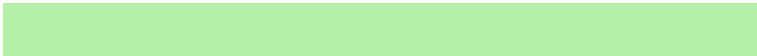
116.7110, 15.9185, 121.2795

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



117.2770, -57.8176, -75.6649



213.8520, -22.6050, -29.6882



143.0660, -70.5315, 35.8991



104.3340, -13.4757, -17.8329



247.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



120.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



117.2770, -57.8176, -75.6649



152.8400, -75.3501, -98.9607



114.6200, -27.9137, -100.5217



88.5820, -2.7519, -4.0184



99.3460, -48.9776, -64.3244



17.9310, -8.8400, -11.3405



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



66.7230, 57.8176, 75.6649



86.8610, 75.4975, 98.3459



69.3800, 27.9137, 100.5217



86.1190, 2.8993, 3.4036



56.3550, 49.1250, 63.7097

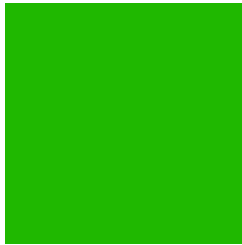


10.0690, 8.8400, 11.3405



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 117.2770, -57.8176, -75.6649 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

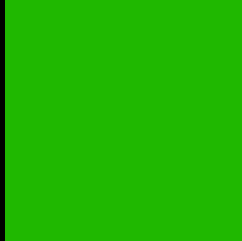
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 117.2770, -57.8176, -75.6649 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 117.2770, -57.8176, -75.6649 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 117.2770, -57.8176, -75.6649.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 117.2770, -57.8176, -75.6649.

-75.6649.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Protanopia

145.9680, -71.9622, 28.0921

### Deuteranopia

151.2250, -54.8339, 41.0217

### Tritanopia

145.9850, 19.2344, -56.1148

# Trichromacy



## Protanomaly

135.4040, -66.7542, -9.1243

## Deuteranomaly

138.9070, -56.1562, -1.6724

## Tritanomaly

135.6010, -8.6773, -63.6711

# Monochromacy



## Achromatopsia

117.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

116.9170, -21.1581, -27.1142

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 117.2770, -57.8176, -75.6649 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(31, 184, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(31, 184, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(31, 184, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(31, 184, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 117.2770, -57.8176, -75.6649 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(31, 184, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(31, 184, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(31, 184, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(31, 184, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(31, 184, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(31, 184, 0)  
}
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 117.2770, -57.8176, -75.6649 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(31, 184, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(31, 184,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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