

Converting Colors

YUV(117.8420, -30.4881,
25.5716)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(117.8420, -30.4881, 25.5716)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(117.8420, -30.4881,
25.5716)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	937338
RGB	147, 115, 56
RGB Percent	58%, 45%, 22%
CMY	0.4235, 0.5490, 0.7804
CMYK	0.00, 0.22, 0.62, 0.42
HSL	39°, 45%, 40%
HSV	39°, 62%, 58%
XYZ	18.8772, 18.7500, 6.3656
YIQ	117.8420, 38.0110, -11.5650

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

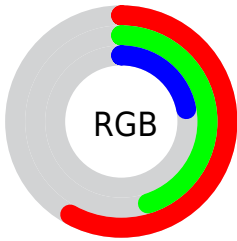
Format	Color
R_{YB}	105, 147, 56
Decimal	9663288
CIE _{Lab}	50.39, 5.54, 36.85
CIE _{LCh}	50, 37.263, 81.445
Yxy	18.7500, 0.4291, 0.4262
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287853368 (0xFF937338)
YUV	117.8420, -30.4881, 25.5716
Hunter-Lab	43.3013, 2.0396, 21.5949

Details

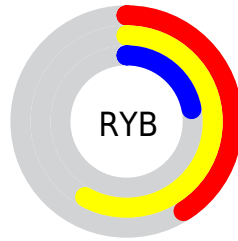
The YUV color **117.8420, -30.4881, 25.5716** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996633**. A complement of this color would be **85.1580, 30.4881, -25.5716**, and the grayscale version is **118.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **170.6960, -32.3881, 28.3306**, and **67.9340, -30.0405, 21.9829** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **113.1970, -35.5931, 29.6452**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **122.4870, -25.3831, 21.4979**.

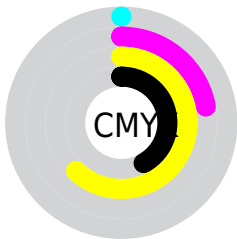
Distribution



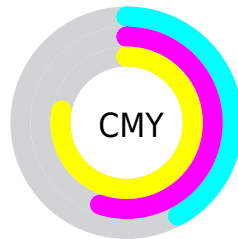
- Red (58%)
- Green (45%)
- Blue (22%)



- Red (41%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (22%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (62%)
- Black (42%)



- Cyan (42%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (78%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 117.8420, -30.4881, 25.5716 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 117.8420, -30.4881, 25.5716 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 117.8420,
-30.4881, 25.5716

■ 117.8420,
-30.4881, 25.5716

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 92.9450, -30.0459,
23.7272

■ 170.6960,
-32.3881, 28.3306

■ 67.9340, -30.0405,
21.9829

■ 198.1800,
-33.1197, 29.6601

■ 46.7470, -23.0463,
18.6389

■ 224.4570,
-33.2563, 26.7862

■ 27.5320, -13.5733,
13.5654

■ 243.9710,
-29.5657, 9.6724

■ 4.7840, -2.3585,
9.8364

■ 250.0980,
-18.7823, 4.2991

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 253.4040, -6.1152,

1.3997

■ 117.8420,
-30.4881, 25.5716

■ 117.8420,
-30.4881, 25.5716

■ 113.1970,
-35.5931, 29.6452

■ 122.4870,
-25.3831, 21.4979

■ 108.6660,
-40.2613, 33.6189

■ 127.0180,
-20.7149, 17.5242

■ 103.4340,
-45.0770, 38.2074

■ 132.2500,
-15.8993, 12.9358

■ 99.7180, -49.1610,
41.4663

■ 136.8950,
-10.7942, 8.8621

■ 141.5400, -5.6892,
4.7884

■ 146.0710, -1.0210,
0.8147

■ 150.7160, 4.0840,
-3.2589

■ 155.3610, 9.1890,
-7.3326

■ 160.4790, 13.5679,
-11.8211

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



119.3850, -23.8538, 44.3894



117.8420, -30.4881, 25.5716



114.7850, -27.5020, 1.0656

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



117.8420, -30.4881, 25.5716



96.0200, 22.6681, -84.2095



123.5510, 17.9694, 23.1958

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



117.8420, -30.4881, 25.5716



85.1580, 30.4881, -25.5716

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



120.2030, 28.9869, -10.7020



117.8420, -30.4881, 25.5716



97.3370, 35.3299, -85.3645

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



117.8420, -30.4881, 25.5716



97.6400, 5.6005, -69.8443



106.6700, 37.1377, -58.4696



122.0240, 3.9322, 45.5830

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



117.8420, -30.4881, 25.5716



112.2110, -20.3170, -16.8480



106.6700, 37.1377, -58.4696



123.2230, 22.0751, 12.9594

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



117.8420, -30.4881, 25.5716



179.2650, -11.9626, 10.2916



86.9710, 1.0003, 52.6454



89.7960, -7.2944, 6.3179



224.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



97.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



117.8420, -30.4881, 25.5716



145.5760, -47.1190, 39.8368



133.0380, -37.9797, 1.7207



71.4410, -2.1894, 2.2442



93.5050, -46.0980, 39.0221



7.0990, -3.4998, 2.5442

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



85.1580, 30.4881, -25.5716



94.8370, 47.4084, -39.3220



69.9620, 37.9797, -1.7207



68.9720, 2.4788, -1.7294



43.9080, 46.3874, -38.5073



3.4880, 3.2104, -3.0590

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 117.8420, -30.4881, 25.5716 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 117.8420, -30.4881, 25.5716 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

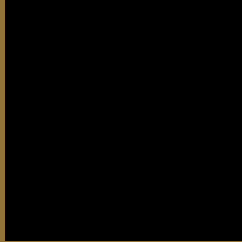
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 117.8420, -30.4881, 25.5716

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 117.8420, -30.4881, 25.5716.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 117.8420, -30.4881, 25.5716.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

117.8420, -30.4881, 25.5716

Protanopia

116.8190, -28.9978, 14.1907

Deuteranopia

117.5540, -30.3461, 26.7011



Tritanopia

122.1820, -2.5547, 26.1504

Trichromacy



Original Color

117.8420, -30.4881, 25.5716

Protanomaly

117.0260, -29.5928, 18.3942

Deuteranomaly

117.5540, -30.3461, 26.7011

Tritanomaly

120.8370, -12.7376, 25.5760

Monochromacy



Original Color

117.8420, -30.4881, 25.5716

Achromatopsia

118.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

118.0800, -11.3784, 9.5768

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 117.8420, -30.4881, 25.5716 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(147, 115, 56)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(147, 115, 56)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(147, 115, 56) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(147, 115, 56) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 117.8420, -30.4881, 25.5716 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(147, 115, 56) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(147, 115, 56) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(147, 115, 56)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(147, 115, 56); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(147, 115, 56);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(147, 115,  
56) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 117.8420, -30.4881, 25.5716 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(147, 115, 56) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(147,  
115, 56) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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