

# Converting Colors

YUV(118.4790, -13.0541,  
33.7829)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(118.4790, -13.0541, 33.7829)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(118.4790, -13.0541,  
33.7829)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	9D685C
RGB	157, 104, 92
RGB Percent	62%, 41%, 36%
CMY	0.3843, 0.5922, 0.6392
CMYK	0.00, 0.34, 0.41, 0.38
HSL	11°, 26%, 49%
HSV	11°, 41%, 62%
XYZ	20.7867, 17.8414, 12.4734
YIQ	118.4790, 35.4400, 7.5040

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

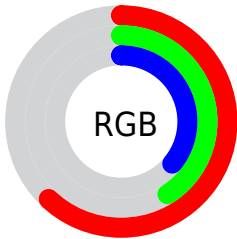
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	157, 107, 92
Decimal	10315868
CIE Lab	49.30, 19.77, 15.46
CIE LCh	49, 25.092, 38.028
Yxy	17.8414, 0.4068, 0.3491
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288505948 (0xFF9D685C)
YUV	118.4790, -13.0541, 33.7829
Hunter-Lab	42.2391, 13.9249, 12.0588

# Details

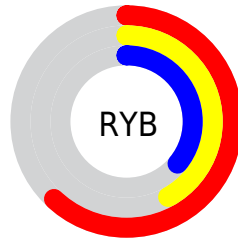
The YUV color **118.4790, -13.0541, 33.7829** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **130.5210, 13.0541, -33.7829**, and the grayscale version is **119.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **171.4470, -14.5174, 36.4420**, and **68.9130, -11.2961, 29.8943** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **109.0240, -16.2808, 42.0750**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **127.9340, -9.8275, 25.4909**.

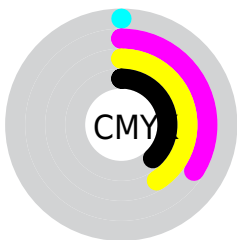
# Distribution



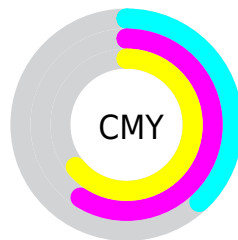
- Red (62%)
- Green (41%)
- Blue (36%)



- Red (62%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (36%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Black (38%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (59%)
- Yellow (64%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 118.4790, -13.0541, 33.7829 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 118.4790, -13.0541, 33.7829 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 118.4790,  
-13.0541, 33.7829

■ 118.4790,  
-13.0541, 33.7829

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 93.5820, -12.6119,  
31.9386

■ 171.4470,  
-14.5174, 36.4420

■ 68.9130, -11.2961,  
29.8943

■ 199.0450,  
-14.8122, 37.6715

■ 46.1300, -10.4171,  
27.9500

■ 221.8590,  
-12.7485, 29.0647

■ 23.1900, -11.4327,  
27.0204

■ 242.0740, -8.9105,  
11.3361

■ 9.0840, -3.9854,  
18.3433

254.7720, -0.8736,  
0.2000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 118.4790,  
-13.0541, 33.7829

■ 118.4790,  
-13.0541, 33.7829

■ 109.0240,  
-16.2808, 42.0750

■ 127.9340, -9.8275,  
25.4909

■ 99.6830, -19.0707,  
50.2670

■ 137.2750, -7.0376,  
17.2988

■ 90.8150, -22.5868,  
58.0442

■ 146.1430, -3.5215,  
9.5216

■ 81.3600, -25.8135,  
66.3363

■ 155.5980, -0.2948,  
1.2296

■ 71.9050, -29.0402,  
74.6283

■ 165.0530, 2.9319,  
-7.0625

■ 63.9660, -31.5352,  
81.5908

■ 174.3940, 5.7218,  
-15.2545

■ 183.8490, 8.9484,  
-23.5466

■ 192.7170, 12.4645,

-31.3238

■ 202.0580, 15.2544,  
-39.5159

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



119.5960, -3.7448, 34.5573



118.4790, -13.0541, 33.7829



116.8170, -19.1368, 24.7165

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



118.4790, -13.0541, 33.7829



109.9720, -4.4232, -28.0394



115.8080, 21.2937, -16.4946

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



118.4790, -13.0541, 33.7829



130.5210, 13.0541, -33.7829

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



109.7080, 22.8220, -40.0859



118.4790, -13.0541, 33.7829



105.4780, 8.1453, -46.0232

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



118.4790, -13.0541, 33.7829



113.0470, -14.8132, -8.8112



104.5940, 18.9342, -53.1409



119.7570, 15.4028, 6.3521



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



118.4790, -13.0541, 33.7829



115.8220, -20.1252, 15.0651



104.5940, 18.9342, -53.1409



114.2800, 22.0470, -24.8016

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



118.4790, -13.0541, 33.7829



189.5240, -4.6953, 12.6955



117.4770, 13.5688, 34.6617



93.3600, -2.6425, 7.5773



230.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



102.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



118.4790, -13.0541, 33.7829



143.6510, -20.5339, 52.9261



137.2630, -22.3147, 17.3093



74.5660, -1.7580, 3.8886



58.0190, -28.6034, 74.5283



6.2460, -3.0793, 7.6773



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



130.5210, 13.0541, -33.7829



162.3490, 20.5339, -52.9261



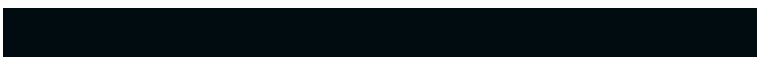
111.7370, 22.3147, -17.3093



76.0210, 1.4686, -4.4034



84.3940, 28.8928, -74.0135



8.7540, 3.0793, -7.6773



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 118.4790, -13.0541, 33.7829 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

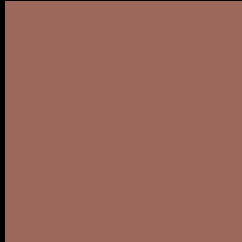
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 118.4790, -13.0541, 33.7829 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

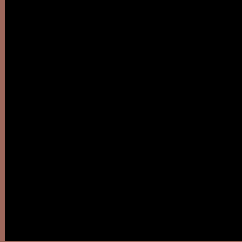
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 118.4790, -13.0541, 33.7829

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 118.4790, -13.0541, 33.7829.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 118.4790, -13.0541,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

118.4790, -13.0541, 33.7829

### Protanopia

116.9270, -9.3310, 6.2030

### Deuteranopia

117.8530, -13.7315, 17.6689



## Tritanopia

119.8410, -5.3446, 34.3424

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

118.4790, -13.0541, 33.7829

## Protanomaly

117.3520, -10.5265, 16.3543

## Deuteranomaly

118.2990, -13.4584, 23.4168

## Tritanomaly

119.4450, -8.1074, 33.8127

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

118.4790, -13.0541, 33.7829

## Achromatopsia

118.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

118.2250, -4.5479, 12.0807

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 118.4790, -13.0541, 33.7829 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(157, 104, 92)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(157, 104, 92)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(157, 104, 92) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(157, 104, 92) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 118.4790, -13.0541, 33.7829 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(157, 104, 92) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(157, 104, 92) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(157, 104, 92) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(157, 104, 92); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(157, 104, 92);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(157, 104,  
92) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 118.4790, -13.0541, 33.7829 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(157, 104, 92) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(157,  
104, 92) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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